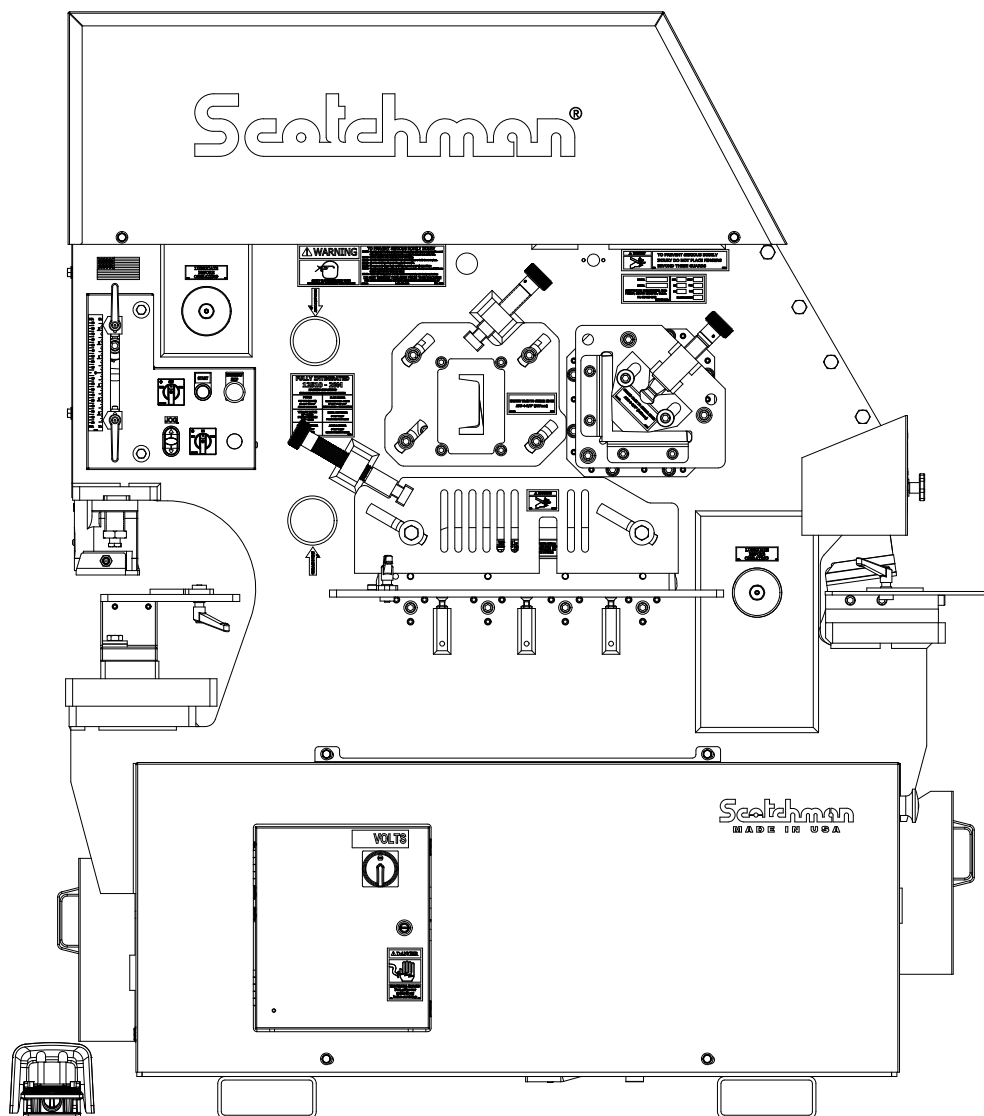


**You have downloaded a manual for our Model FI 12510-20M Ironworker. This manual does not include all of the optional tooling for this machine. If you would like a tooling manual (which includes part breakdowns), please download our #40 Tooling Manual.**

**(If printing the manual double-sided, DO NOT PRINT THIS PAGE)**





[www.scotchman.com](http://www.scotchman.com)

**MODEL**

**FI 12510-20M**

**IRONWORKER**

SERIAL # 1001M0425 - CURRENT

VERSION 1 - AUGUST 2025

# **FOREWORD**

This manual has been prepared to acquaint you with the operation, maintenance, and serviceable components of your Scotchman machine. Please refer to this manual (or online version) when contacting the factory regarding parts, schematics, or other questions related to this machine.

This manual contained up to date information at the time of publication and we urge you to read this manual before operating the machine, or if you are unfamiliar with a process. Updates to this manual will be indicated by the version number on the front cover, within the serial number range covering your machine.

Scotchman Industries strives to continually improve our products and reserves the right to change specifications or design at any time without notification.

For your information and future reference, machine relevant data may be recorded in the spaces below. This information can be located on the data tag of the machine, right below the machine specification decal. The serial number is also stamped in the rear frame, underneath the cover accessing the punch drag links.

MODEL: \_\_\_\_\_

SERIAL NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE RECEIVED: \_\_\_\_\_

VOLTAGE: \_\_\_\_\_ VAC                      PHASE: \_\_\_\_\_

HERTZ: \_\_\_\_\_ Hz      FULL LOAD AMPS: \_\_\_\_\_ A

When contacting Scotchman Industries for inquiries, tooling, or replacement parts, please make sure to provide the machine model and full serial number.

## **Scotchman Industries, Inc**

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### **Office Hours:**

7:00AM - 4:00PM MST (Monday -Thursday)

7:00AM - 3:30PM MST (Friday)

### **Summer Hours:**

7:00AM - 4:00PM MST (Monday -Thursday)

7:00AM - 1:00PM MST (Friday)

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# **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

**The Scotchman FI 12510-20M is a versatile, multi-purpose, shearing, punching, and forming machine engineered for trouble free operation. The design of the machine combines simplicity of operation with smooth, full stroke control. The ability of the operator to control the machine's direction of movement at any point in the stroke, (stop, jog, or reverse), gives the Scotchman Ironworker a tremendous advantage over mechanical ironworkers. There is no chance of the Scotchman being "accidentally tripped".**

**The hydraulic system operates at a maximum pressure of 3,000 PSI (207 BAR) and is protected from overload by a relief valve. The Scotchman FI 12510-20M is designed as a fully integrated, tooled ironworker. On this model, the tools are an integral part of the machine and are designed for the user that wants the advantage of five separate working stations without the necessity of tooling changes.**

**While this is a fully integrated machine, Scotchman still offers many optional tools that are adaptable to this model. Some of the optional tools available are an open-end brake, pipe notcher, and brake attachment, as well as a variety of special tools. If you have a special application, please contact your dealer or the factory.**

## **2.0 WARRANTY**

**Scotchman Industries, Inc. will, within three (3) years of the date of purchase, replace F.O.B. the factory or refund the purchase price for any goods which are defective in materials or workmanship; provided the buyer returns the warranty registration card within thirty (30) days of the purchase date and, at the seller's option, returns the defective goods freight and delivery prepaid to the seller, which shall be the buyer's sole and exclusive remedy for defective goods.**

**Hydraulic and electric components are subject to their respective manufacturer's warranties. Any electrical changes made to the standard machine due to local electrical code variation must be paid by purchaser.**

**This warranty does not apply to machines and/or components which have been altered, changed, or modified in any way or subjected to abuse and abnormal use, inadequate maintenance and lubrication, or subjected to use beyond the seller's recommended capacities and specifications. In no event shall the seller be liable for labor cost expended on such goods or consequential damages. The seller shall not be liable to the purchaser or any other person for loss or damage directly or indirectly arising from the use of the goods or from any other cause.**

**No officer, employee, or agent of the seller is authorized to make any oral representations or warranty of fitness or to waive any of the foregoing terms of sale and none shall be binding on the seller.**

**Scotchman Industries strives to continually improve our products and reserves the right to change specifications or design at any time without notification.**

## **3.0 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- 1. The operators of this machine must be qualified and well trained in the operation of the machine. The operators must be aware of the capacities of the machine and the proper use of the hold down devices, strippers, and guards provided with the machine.**
- 2. All of the guards, adjustable restrictions, and awareness barriers must be installed on the machine and kept in good working order. Promptly replace worn or damaged parts with authorized parts.**
- 3. Never place any part of your body into or under any of the machine's moving parts, strippers, or hold down devices.**
- 4. Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment. Safety glasses are always required, whether operating, setting up, or observing this machine in operation. Since heavy pieces of metal with sharp edges can be processed on this machine, the operator should also wear safety-toed shoes and tight-fitting leather gloves.**
- 5. Strictly comply with all warning labels and decals on the machine. Never remove any of the labels. Replace worn or damaged labels promptly.**
- 6. Always disconnect and lock out the power when performing maintenance work or setting up any tooling on the machine. Follow the procedures outlined in the operator's manual for setting up, changing, or aligning any tooling on this machine.**
- 7. Never operate this machine with dull or damaged tooling. Replace worn punches, dies, and blades promptly.**
- 8. Practice good housekeeping by keeping the area around the machine clear and well lit. Do not obstruct the operator's position by placing anything around the machine that would impede the operator's access to the machine.**
- 9. Never modify this machine in any way without the written permission of the manufacturer.**
- 10. Never leave this machine running unattended.**
- 11. Always operate the punch station facing the station from a standing position. Never operate any of the workstations from a sitting or kneeling position.**
- 12. Set up a program of routine inspections and maintenance for this machine. Make all repairs and adjustments in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.**
- 13. A safety video for this machine is available online at [www.scotchman.com](http://www.scotchman.com). Scotchman's YouTube channel also has this video, and other helpful & informative videos related to this machine.**

FI 125 SAFETY Video



Scan with Camera on Phone

**IT IS HIGHLY RECOMMENDED THAT ANYONE WHO OPERATES THIS  
MACHINE SHOULD VIEW AND UNDERSTAND THE SAFETY VIDEO**

**If this machine was purchased used, watch the safety video. It's free and can be viewed online at any time.**

## 4.0 WARNING LABELS

ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	003100	LARGE SAFETY GLASSES DECAL
2	003101	SABRE BLADE DECAL
3	003105	FINGERS BEYOND BAR GUARD DECAL
4	003106	FINGERS STICKER
5	003110	PUNCH AND DIE WARNING DECAL
6	003122	DANGER VOLTAGE STICKER
7	003140	FINGERS BEYOND TOOL SHEAR DECAL
8	003170	1/2 MAX NOTCHER CAP/STICKER
9*	003175	CAUTION CONTAMINATION DECAL
10	003200	JOG DECAL
11	004085	SCALE STROKE CONTROL STICKER
12	004349	NOTICE NOTCHER STICKER
13	010117	27" SCOTCHMAN DECAL
14	014325	WARNING HIGH PRESSURE HOSE DECAL
15	015420	5-5/8" CUTTING EDGE DECAL
16	015430	4-5/8" CUTTING EDGE DECAL
17	015580	FI-125 CAPACITY DECAL
18	019100	U.S. DATA PLATE
19*	019102	RESERVOIR CAPACITY DECAL
20	019103	LUBRICATE DECAL
21	019105	GREASE POINT DECAL
22	019119 - 26	VOLTAGE STICKER (VARIES)
23	019127	US FLAG DECAL
24†	003537	FI 125 DECAL PACKAGE

\*NOT SHOWN - LOCATED ON RESERVOIR

†DOES NOT INCLUDE ITEMS: 18, 22

BACKSIDE OF MACHINE

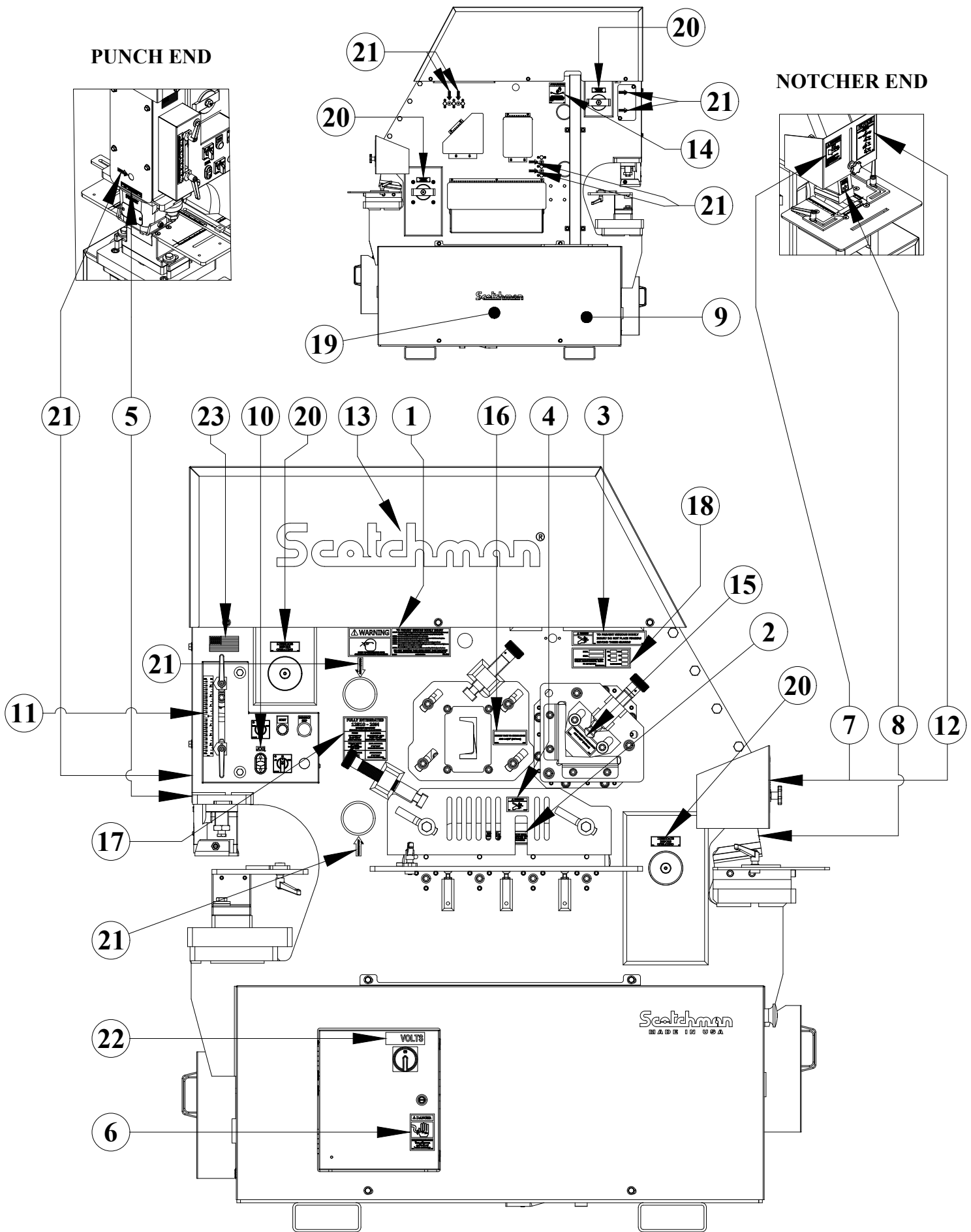


FIGURE 4.1

## **5.0 INSTALLATION & SETUP**

**CAUTION: THIS SECTION DISCUSSES INSTALLATION AND SET-UP PROCEDURES. PLEASE READ THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPERATING THIS MACHINE.**

### **5.1 Physical Inspection**

Any damage to the machine during shipment should be reported to the delivery carrier immediately. A damage report must be made so that a claim can be placed. The carrier is responsible for shipping damage, but it is the customer's responsibility to immediately report damages, external or internal. After the machine has been positioned, remove the side shrouds and inspect the interior of the machine for possible shipping damages.

**CHECK SPECIFICALLY THE FOLLOWING ITEMS:**

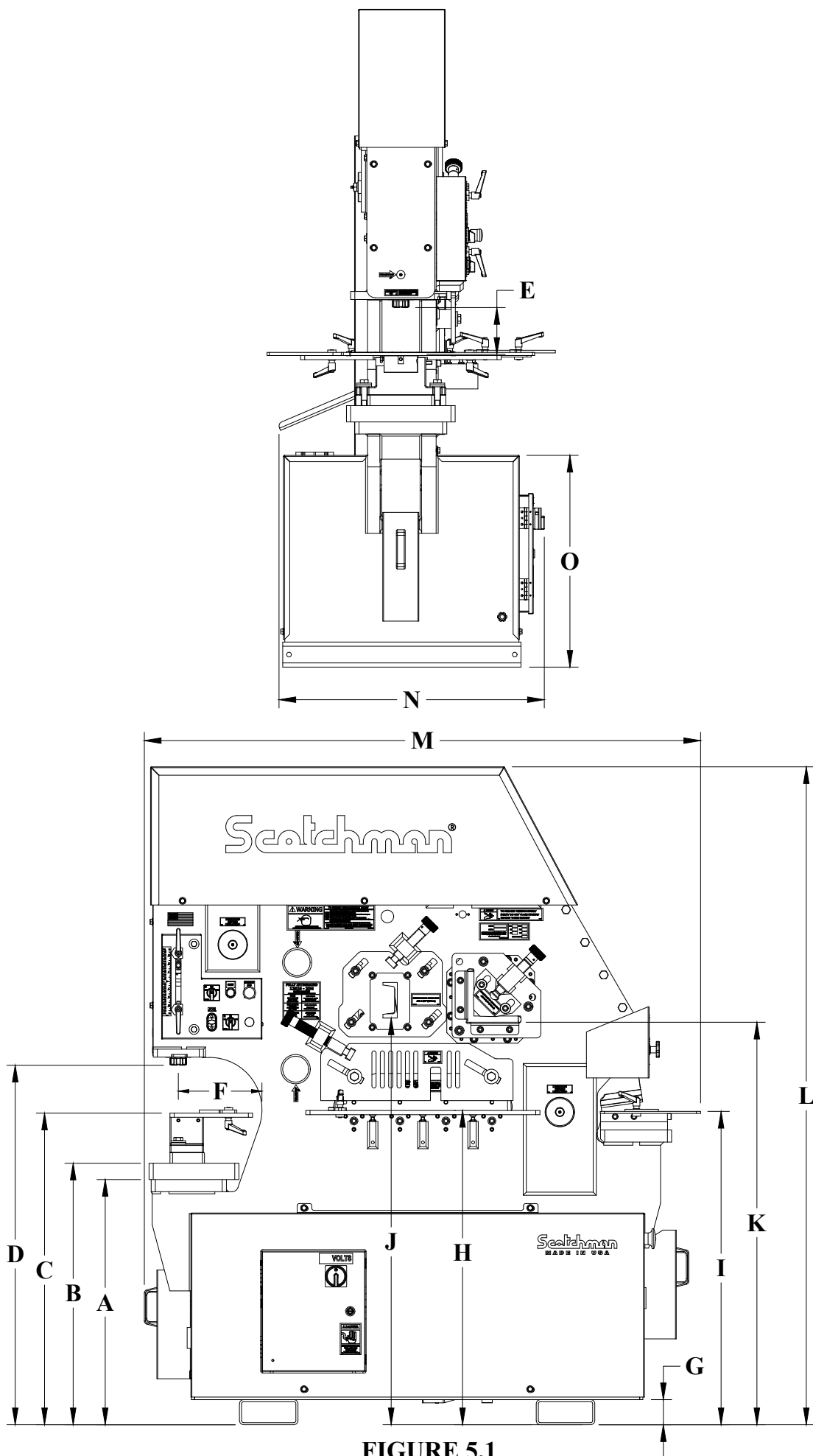
- Stroke handles and limit switches.
- Pump and motor assembly.
- Hydraulic hoses and fittings.
- Starter box and stroke box.
- Electrical connections.
- Control valve.
- A general inspection of machine shrouds, guards, and awareness barriers.
- Check the repack box for all accessory items ordered with the machine.

The reservoir is full of oil. The recommended oil is a lightweight, non-foaming, anti-wear, hydraulic oil such as Mobil DTE-25, with a minimum ISO cleanliness code of 20/18/15, or equivalent. The reservoir holds 13.5 U.S. gallons (51 liters).

**CAUTION: DO NOT OVER FILL!**

### **5.2 Physical Dimensions**

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	(IN)	(CM)
A	Floor to Bottom of Bolster	29 5/16	74.4
B	Floor to Top of Bolster	31 1/4	79.4
C	Floor to Top of Die	37 1/4	94.6
D	Floor to Punch Ram Insert	42.98	109.2
E	Punch Stroke	3.65	9.3
F	Throat Depth	10	25.4
G	Floor to Bottom of Base	3	7.6
H	Floor to Bar Shear	37 9/16	95.4
I	Floor to Notcher	37 7/16	95.1
J	Floor to Channel Shear	48 5/8	123.5
K	Floor to Angle Shear	48 1/8	122.2
L	Height	78 3/4	199.8
M	Length	66 5/8	167
N	Width	31 3/4	80.6
O	Floor to Top of Base	25 5/16	64.3
	Weight	4,750 LBS.	2,154 KG.



**FIGURE 5.1**



## 5.3 Machine Moving Procedures

**CAUTION: MAKE SURE THAT ANY LIFTING MACHINE HAS ADEQUATE CAPACITY BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO MOVE THIS MACHINE. IT IS DESIGNED TO ONLY BE MOVED BY A FORKLIFT. THIS MODEL WEIGHS 4,750 LB. (2,154 KG). THERE ARE FORKLIFT SLOTS DESIGNED INTO THE BASE OF THE MACHINE FOR THIS PURPOSE.**

**SEE FIGURE 5.2 BELOW:**

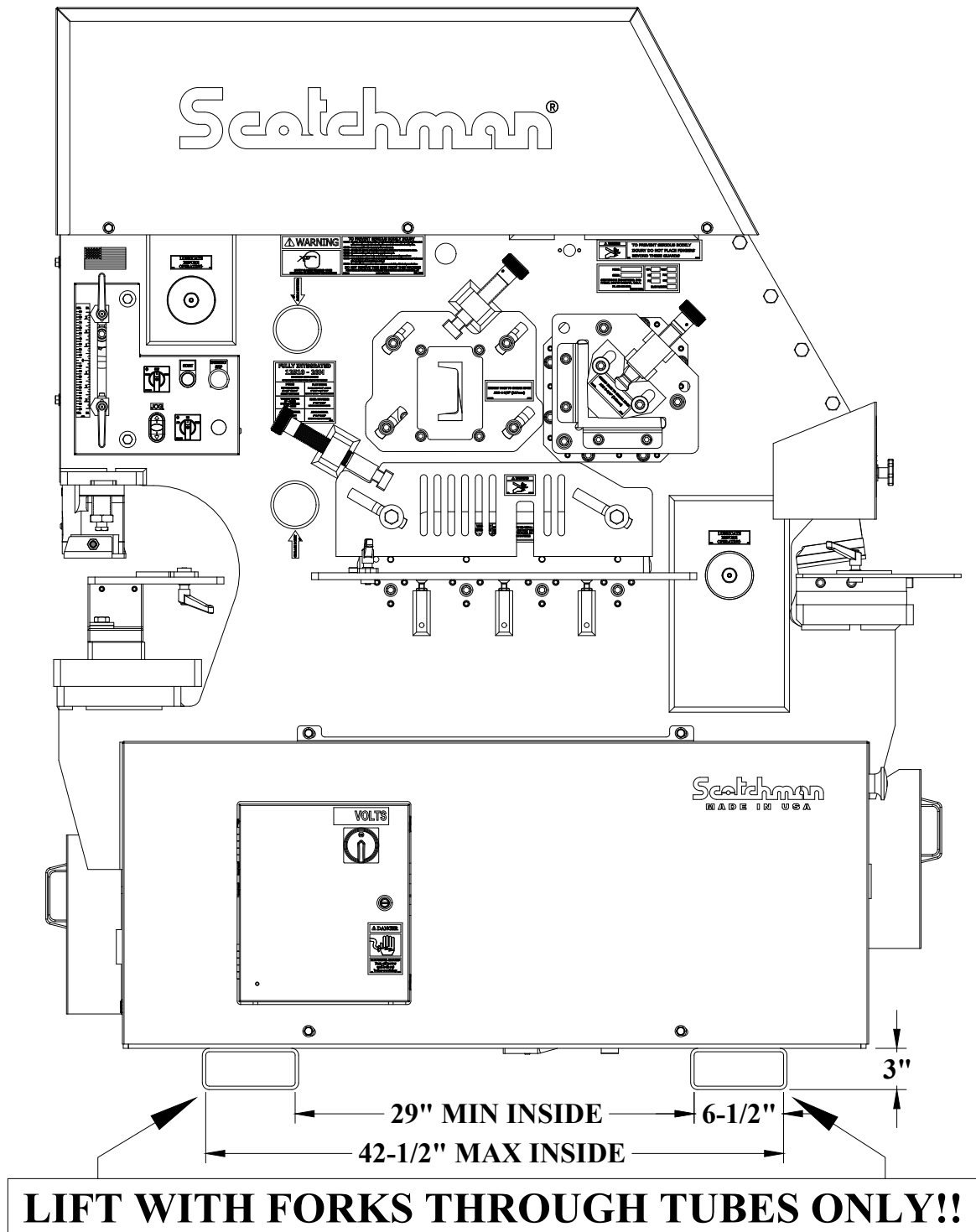


FIGURE 5.2

## 5.4 Electrical Requirements

**CAUTION: TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR, COMPONENTS, AND DANGER TO THE OPERATOR, ALL ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS SHOULD BE MADE BY A LICENSED ELECTRICIAN.**

All machines are wired for three-phase electrical power unless otherwise specified by customer. The supply voltage should be (+/-) 10% of the motor voltage rating, to ensure satisfactory machine performance. Check the motor data tag for full load current requirements.

The electrical diagram for the machine is inside the cover of the control box.

SEE DIAGRAMS IN FIGURES 5.3 THRU 5.7

For electrical supply lines 10 feet (3 m) or shorter, we recommend at least 12-gauge (AWG) and preferably 10 AWG wire. For longer supply lines, use at least 10 AWG and preferably, 8 AWG. We do not recommend supply lines longer than 25 feet (7.5 m).

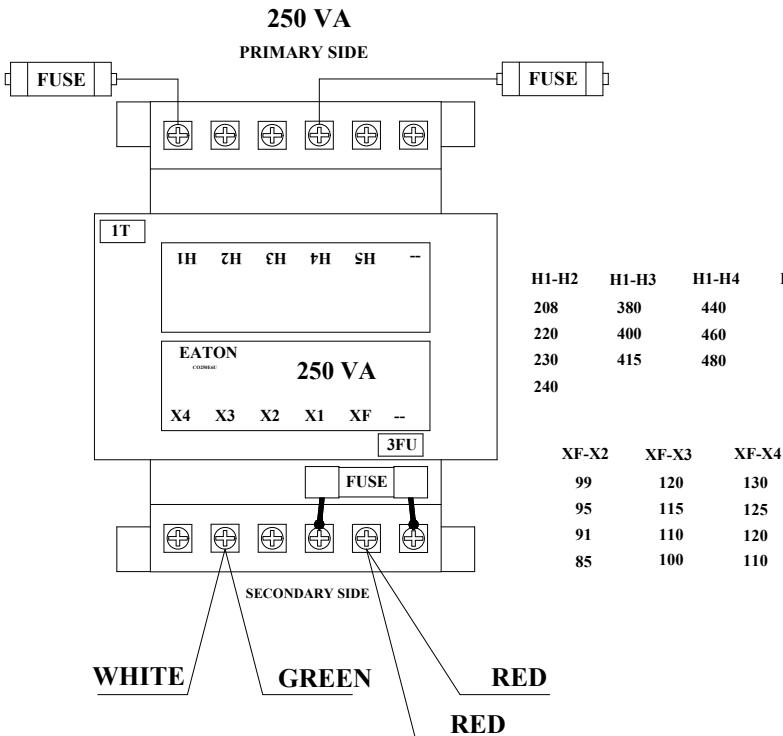
### POWER REQUIREMENTS

Motor frame	3PH=182T	1PH=184T
MOTOR VOLTAGE	FULL LOAD CURRENT	
<u>VAC</u>	<u>AMPS (OVERLOAD)</u>	
208	14 (ZB32-24)	
230	12.6 (ZB32-24)	
380	7.7 (ZB32-10)	
460	6.3 (ZB32-10)	
575	5.1 (ZB32-10)	
230 (1-ph)	24.5 (ZB32-24)	
Motor power rating:	5 HP Speed 1,725 RPM	
KVA power rating:	5.6 KVA @ 60 HZ	
Starting Current:	210% Full Load	

FIGURE 5.3

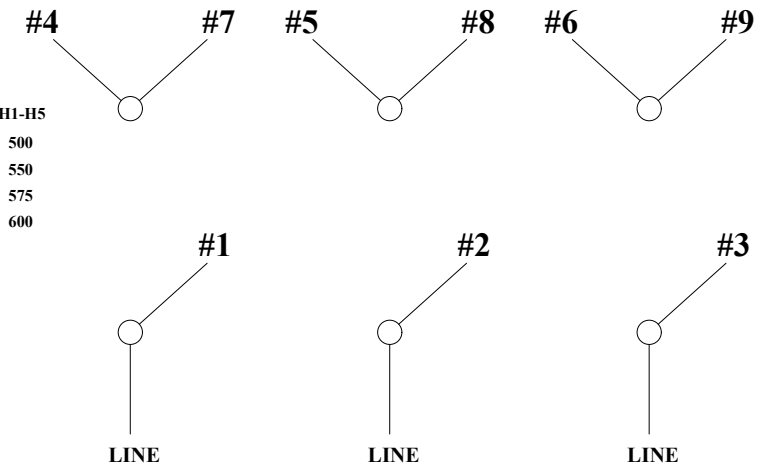
All machines have a 250 VA Transformer as standard equipment.

230/460 VAC TRANSFORMER



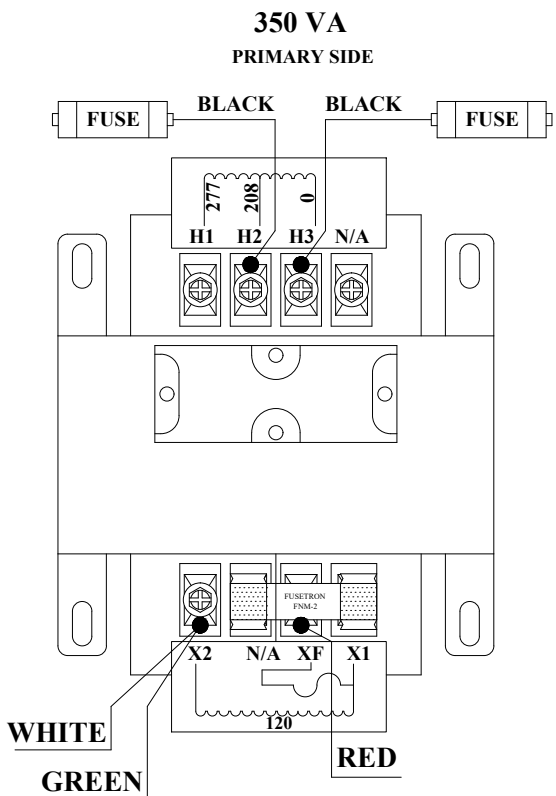
MOTOR WIRING BELOW

**HIGH VOLTAGE CONNECTION**  
**( 460 VOLT 3PH )**

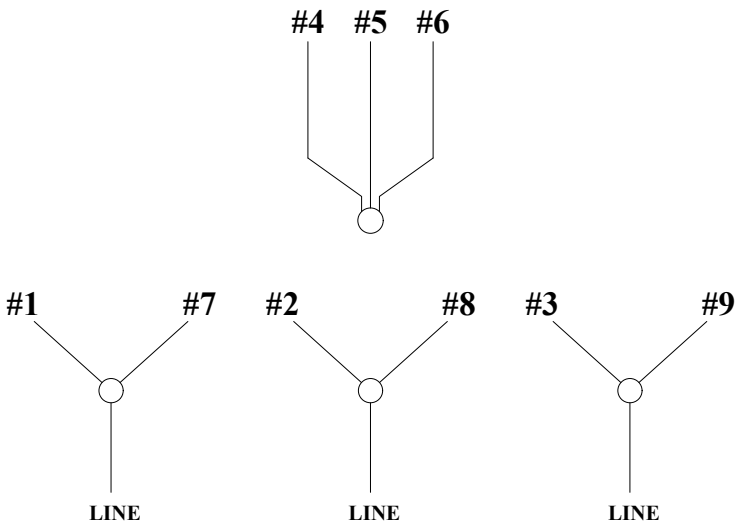


**#1 - #9 are Wires**  
**From the Motor**

208/277 VAC TRANSFORMER



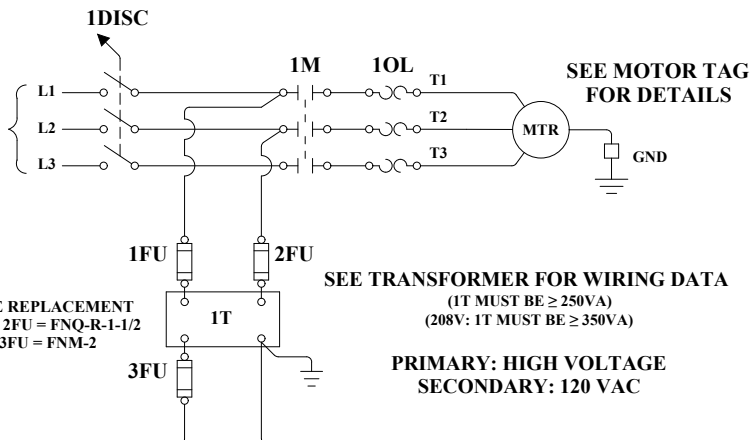
**LOW VOLTAGE CONNECTION**  
**(230 VOLT 3PH ) +1PH**



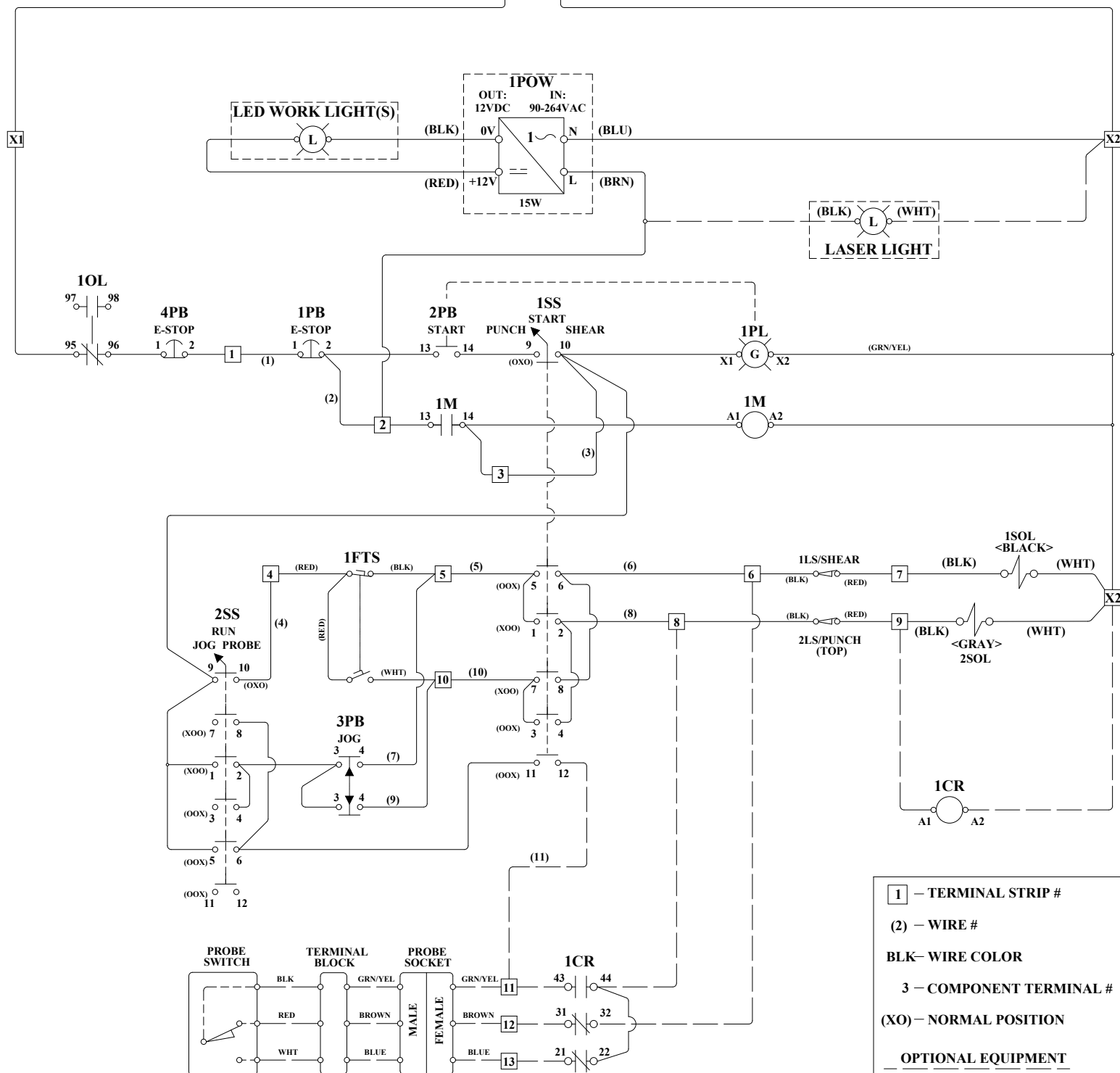
**FIGURE 5.4**

## 3-PHASE POWER

**INCOMING SUPPLY  
(BY CUSTOMER)  
PROVIDE MAXIMUM  
UPSTREAM PROTECTION  
PER N.E.C. CODE 430-52  
AND TABLE 430-152.**



CR - CONTROL RELAY  
SOL - SOLENOID COIL  
DISC - DISCONNECT  
FTS - FOOT SWITCH  
FU - FUSE  
LS - LIMIT SWITCH  
M - MOTOR START RELAY  
OL - OVERLOAD (THERMAL)  
PB - PUSH BUTTON  
PL - PILOT LIGHT  
SS - SELECTOR SWITCH  
T - TRANSFORMER



**FIGURE 5.5**

# 1-PHASE POWER

INCOMING SUPPLY  
(BY CUSTOMER)  
PROVIDE MAXIMUM  
UPSTREAM PROTECTION  
PER N.E.C. CODE 430-52  
AND TABLE 430-152.

1DISC

FUSE REPLACEMENT  
1FU & 2FU = FNO-R-1-1/2  
3FU = FNM-2

SEE TRANSFORMER FOR WIRING DATA  
(1T MUST BE ≥ 250VA)

PRIMARY: HIGH VOLTAGE  
SECONDARY: 120 VAC

SEE MOTOR TAG  
FOR DETAILS

CR - CONTROL RELAY  
SOL - SOLENOID COIL  
DISC - DISCONNECT  
FTS - FOOT SWITCH  
FU - FUSE  
LS - LIMIT SWITCH  
M - MOTOR START RELAY  
OL - OVERLOAD (THERMAL)  
PB - PUSH BUTTON  
PL - PILOT LIGHT  
SS - SELECTOR SWITCH  
T - TRANSFORMER

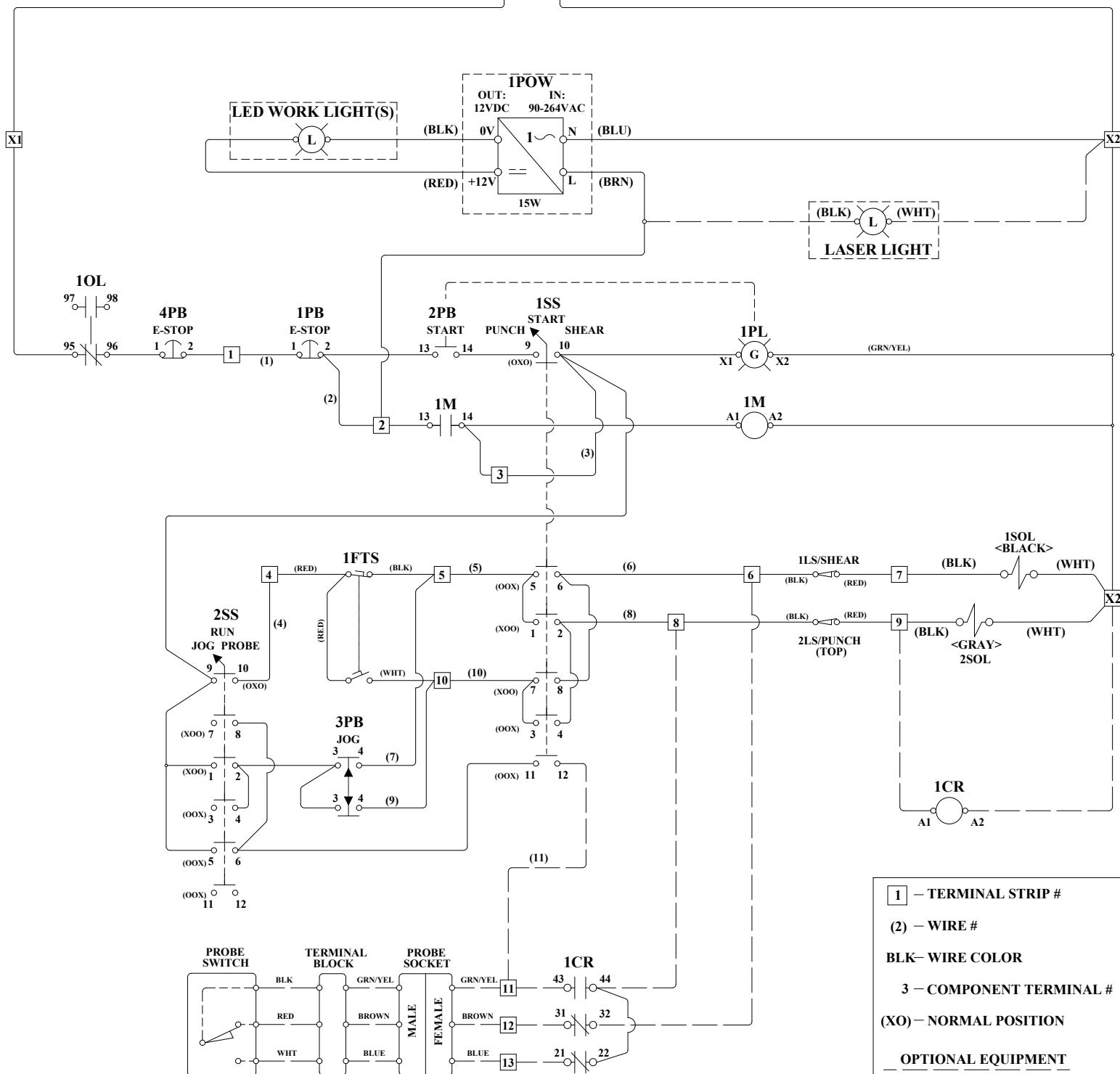
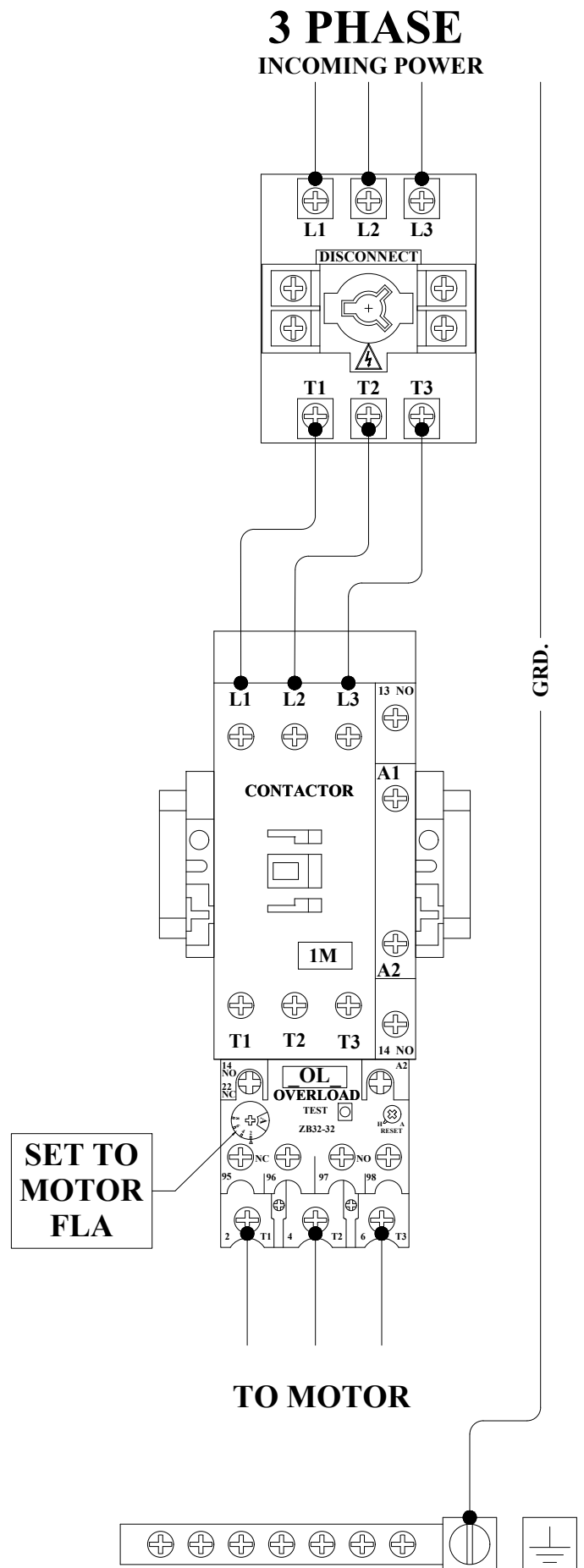
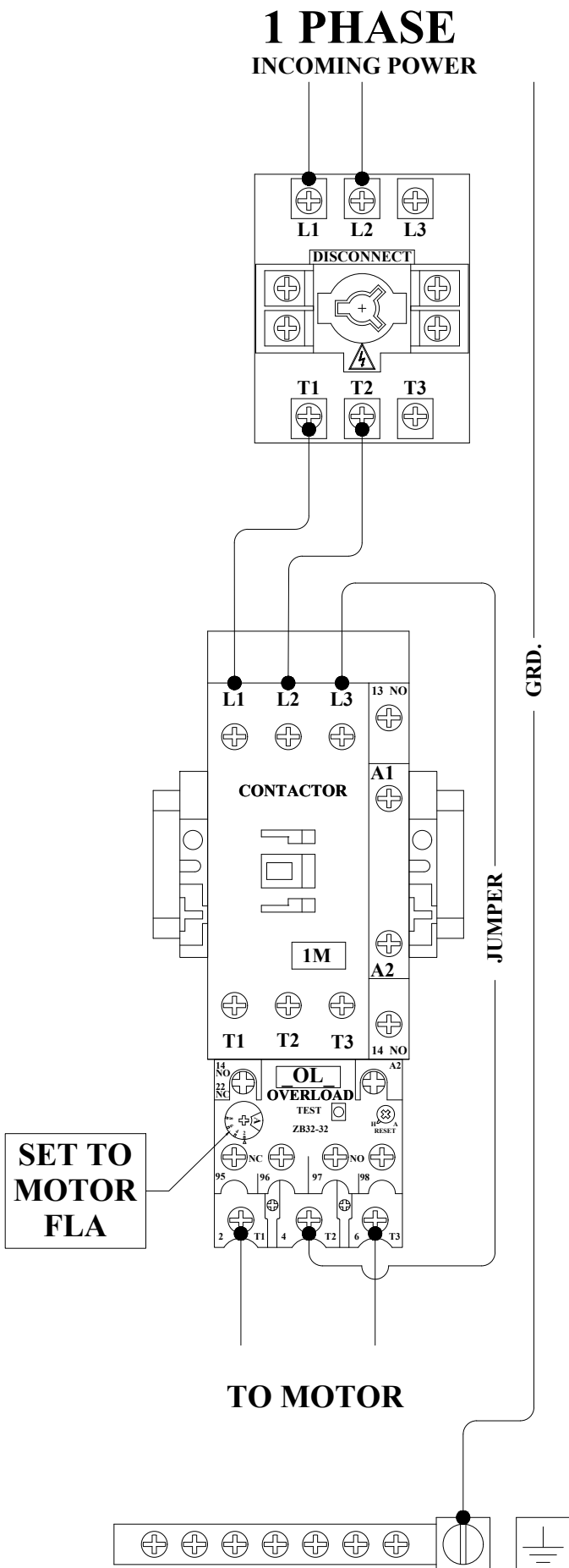


FIGURE 5.6



**FIGURE 5.7**

## **5.5 Machine Startup**

**BEFORE STARTING THIS MACHINE, TAKE TIME TO THOROUGHLY REVIEW THE ONLINE SAFETY VIDEO (AT WWW.SCOTCHMAN.COM OR ON SCOTCHMAN'S YOUTUBE CHANNEL) AND THE OPERATOR'S MANUAL.**

This machine is equipped with a Lockout/Tagout (LOTO) disconnect switch as standard equipment. We strongly urge you to follow the OSHA directive CFR-1910.147 (effective 09-01-90) regarding lockout/tagout procedures.

**BEFORE POWERING THE MACHINE:** Be sure that all packing materials and tools have been removed from the machine and that all work stations are clear.

### **TO POWER THE MACHINE:**

1. Place the disconnect switch (1) in the ON position and the selector switch (2) in the START position. Make sure the Emergency Stop buttons (3) are pulled out.
2. Power the machine on by pushing the green START button (4). Once the machine has been powered, it will not move until the selector switch (2) has been placed in either the PUNCH or SHEAR position.
  - Placing the switch in the PUNCH position causes the shear beam to close and the punch to raise.
  - Placing the switch in the SHEAR position causes the shear beam to open and the punch to lower.
  - If the machine does not move when the selector switch is moved, the motor rotation is not correct. The electrician will have to switch two of the line wires to change the direction of rotation.
3. Any time that the power to the machine has been turned off, the selector switch (2) must be placed in the START position to restart the machine.

## **5.6 Machine Stroke Inspection & Adjustment**

The stroke setting is important for the proper operation of the machine. If this setting has changed, the machine may over-travel and cause the cylinder to "bottom out". Allowing the machine to remain in this condition will eventually cause the starter overload to open. It can also cause the hydraulic oil to overheat and damage hydraulic system components. A slight change in the stroke setting can result in inadequate stroke to operate the tooling. A check of the machine's stroke setting is made at the punch end of the machine.

### **SEE FIGURE 5.8 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE**

1. Set the stroke control handles (5) out to their furthest position.
2. Place the disconnect switch (1) in the ON position and the selector switch (2) in the START position. Make sure the Emergency Stop buttons (3) are pulled out.
3. Turn the run/jog switch (6) to the JOG position.
4. The die holder must be removed and the stripper swung back, out of the way.
5. Power the machine by pushing the green START button (4). Turn the selector switch (2) to PUNCH.
6. Jog the ram down until it measures 8-1/16 inches (205 mm) from the bolster to the bottom of the ram.
7. Turn the machine's power off.
8. Check to see if the metering boss has contacted the lower limit switch. If it has not, loosen the two mounting plate screws (7) and move the mounting plate (8) up until contact is made.
9. Tighten the screws and re-check the dimensions. Repeat, if needed.
10. When finished with the bottom measurement, jog the punch ram up and see if the top limit switch engages before the cylinder bottoms out. Both punch ram heights should be achievable before limit switches engage.

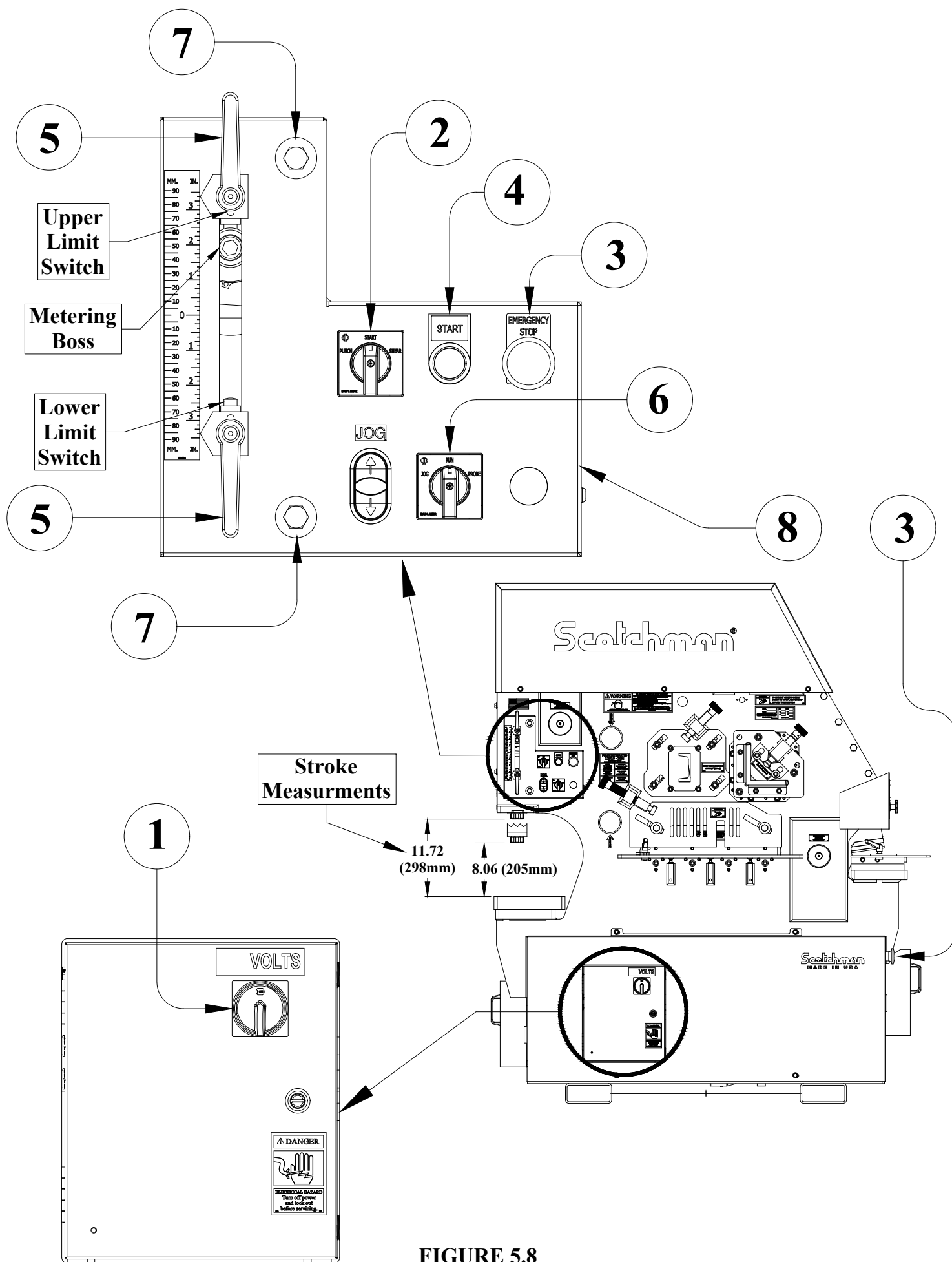


FIGURE 5.8



## 6.0 MAINTENANCE

The Scotchman Ironworker is an exceptionally rugged machine designed for long life with a minimum amount of maintenance. A regular program of servicing will extend the life of the machine and prevent costly down time.

### 6.1 Lubrication

**IMPORTANT:** Before operating the FI 12510-20M, apply oil to the angle shear blades, channel shear blades and the punch and die. Re-oil punches and dies every 5 to 10 holes and blades every 10 to 15 cuts. The oil will allow the machine to shear, punch and strip more easily and increase tool life considerably. We recommend cutting oil or fluid applied with a brush, aerosol can, or spray bottle.

(SEE FIGURE 6.1 BELOW)

**Daily:** Grease the main pins (4 & 11) and the punch ram bushing (12). Mobil Grease XHP 222 Special is recommended.

**Twice a week:** Grease all other fittings not done daily (1-3, 5-10).

**Monthly:** Check the oil level in the reservoir. It should be approximately 1-2 inches (25-50mm) below the top of the reservoir. The recommended hydraulic oil is a lightweight, non-foaming, hydraulic oil such as Mobil DTE-25, with a minimum ISO cleanliness code of 20/18/15, or equivalent. The reservoir capacity is 13.5 U.S. gallons (51 liters)

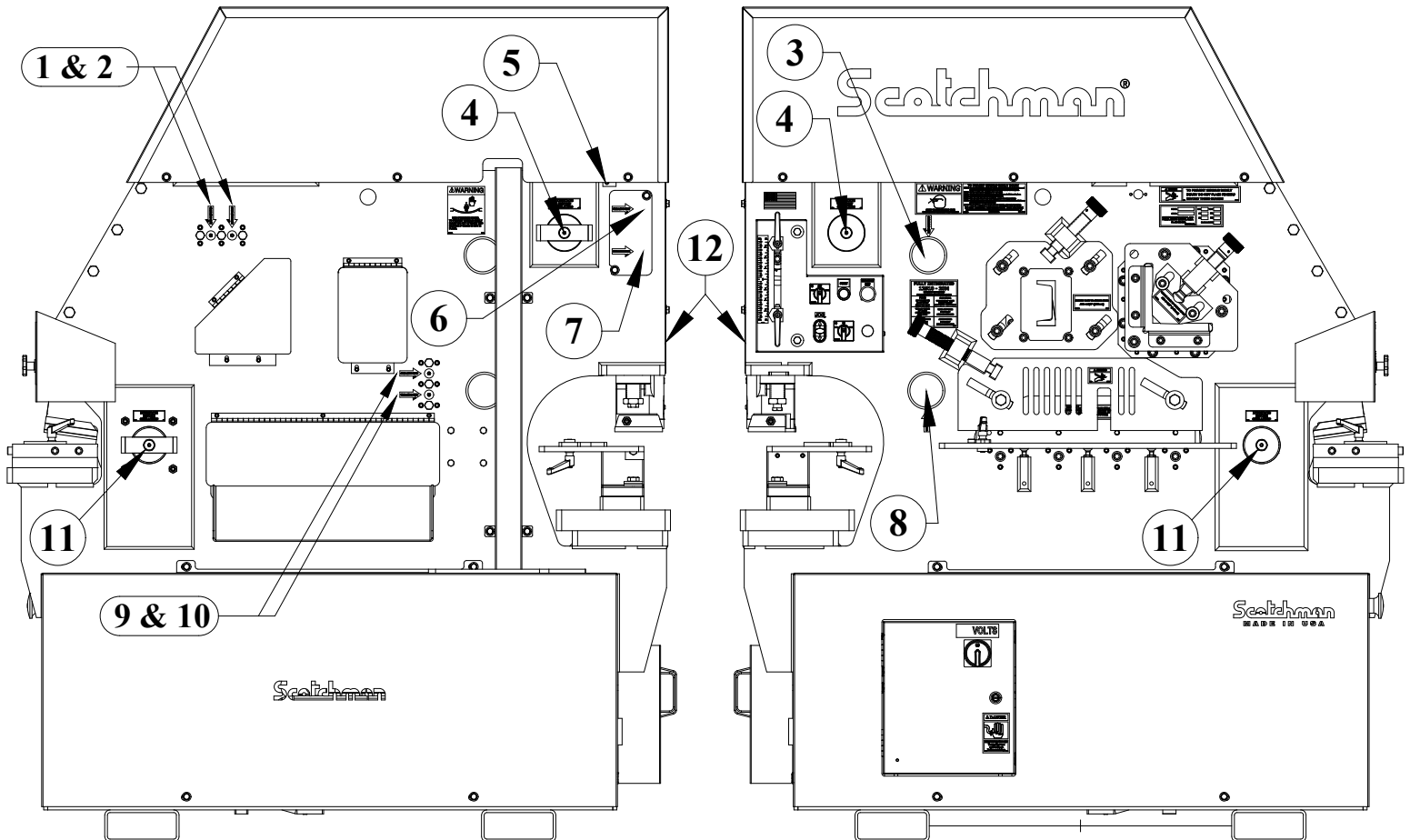


FIGURE 6.1

## 6.2 Hydraulic Cylinder Seals/O-Rings Replacement

For parts identification, REFER TO FIGURE 6.2 BELOW.

1. After removing the cylinder from the machine, lay it on its side, with the ports down, and allow the hydraulic fluid to drain.
2. After the fluid drains, clamp the cylinder in a vise or similar holding device.
3. The cylinder head (1) is threaded into the cylinder tube. There are pin holes (3) in the top of the head for a pin wrench. There may be a locking screw on the side of the cylinder body to remove.
4. To remove the head, place a pin wrench in the pin holes on the head and rotate the head counterclockwise.
5. After the head has been removed, anchor the cylinder to a floor anchor, or something similar, and hook a pulling device (chain, hoist, or cable puller) to the cylinder clevis and pull the shaft (2) and piston (4) out of the tube.
6. Remove the locking nut (5) from the cylinder shaft and slide the piston and head off of the shaft and remove all seals.
7. Clean all of the parts and inspect the inside of the tube, the piston, the shaft and the inside of the head for scoring or nicks.
8. Referring to SECTION 10.12, install the new seals and lubricate them before reassembling the parts.
9. Place the head and piston on the shaft and torque the locking nut on the shaft to 3,000 ft-lbs.
10. Stand the cylinder tube upright in a vise and place the shaft assembly in the tube.
11. Turn the head back into the tube with the pin wrench. Replace locking screw

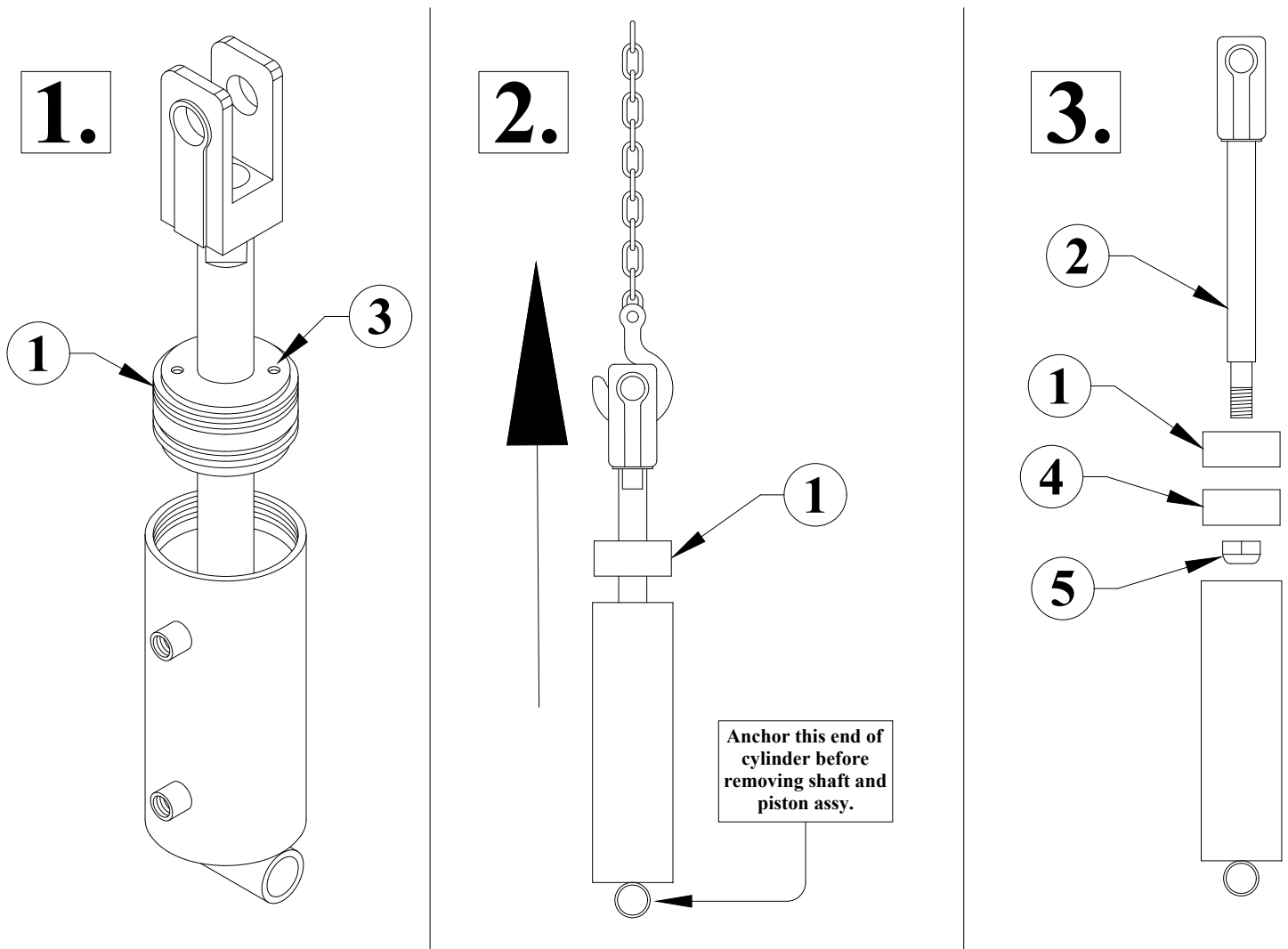


FIGURE 6.2

## **6.3 Scheduled Maintenance**

A program of scheduled maintenance should be set up and documented according to your application and the frequency you use this machine. The following is a list of some important items that should be included in a scheduled maintenance program.

Since the FI 12510-20M can be used for a wide variety of applications with many optional tools, every user must design and implement a scheduled maintenance program that fits their needs.

### **EVERY 500 HOURS OR SIX MONTHS:**

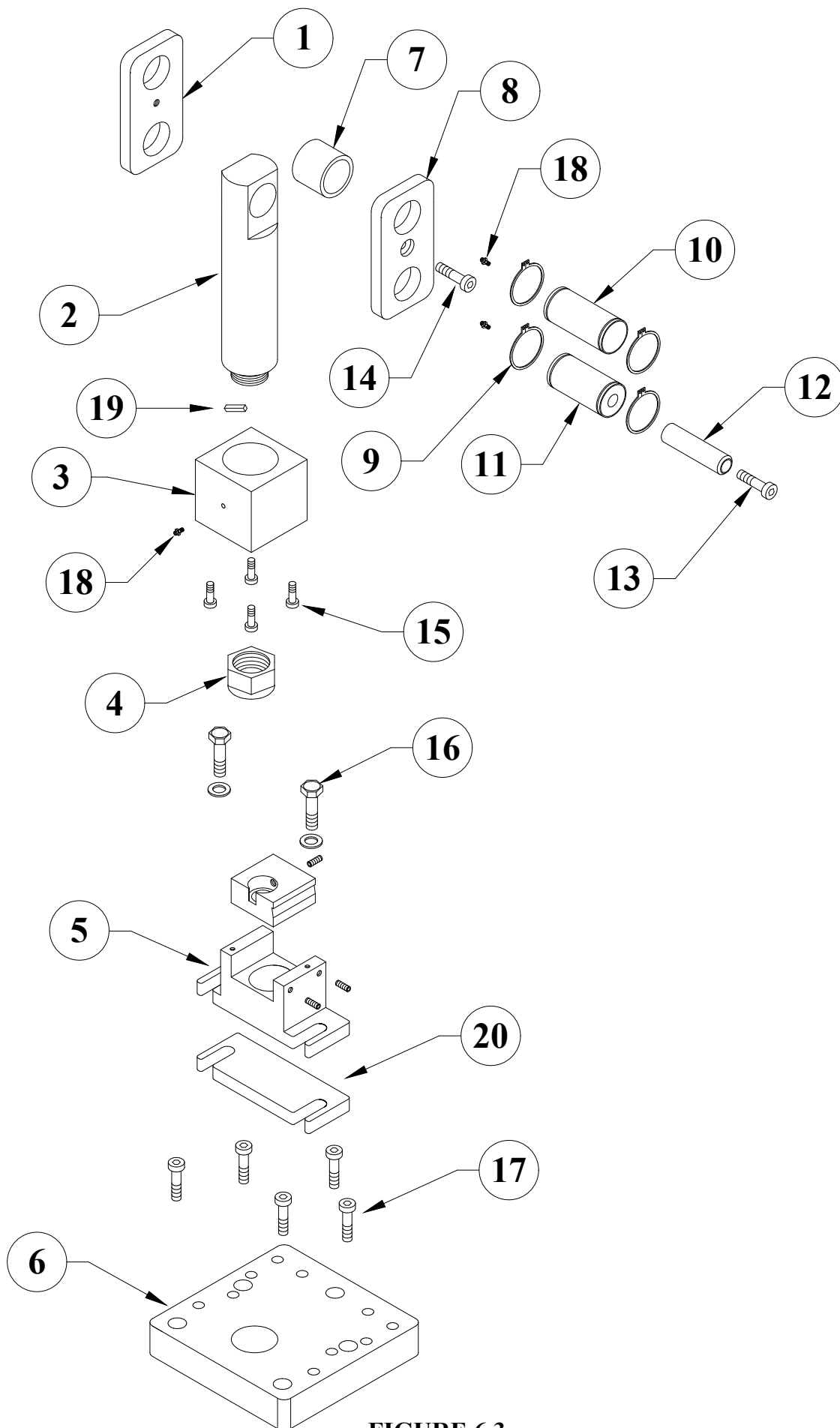
1. Check the tolerance between the punch ram and the punch ram bushing. For parts identification, **SEE FIGURE 6.3 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

#### **TO CHECK THE CLEARANCE BETWEEN THE RAM AND THE BUSHING:**

- 1.1. Install a punch and die following the method outlined in SECTION 7.1. Place the run/jog switch in the JOG position.
  - 1.2. With the punch in the die, jog the machine up and down several times, watching for any lateral movement of the punch in the die.
  - 1.3. If any movement is noted, check the mounting bolts (15) in the punch ram bushing. Make sure that they are tight. Also, check the bolt (14) through the punch ram straps to make sure that it is snug, but not so tight that the straps are binding on the arm or the punch ram.
  - 1.4. If there is still lateral movement of the punch in the die, remove the punch ram and the bushing and check the clearance between the two parts.
  - 1.5. If the clearance between the two parts is more than five thousandths (.005) of an inch (.12mm), replace both parts.
2. Check the condition of all cutting blades on the machine and any optional tools.
  3. Check the condition of the bushings in the drive beam and the upper beam.
    - 3.1. This can be done visually by watching the beams for vertical movement while the machine is in operation.
    - 3.2. The cylinder shroud on the top of the machine must be removed to view the drive beam.
    - 3.3. If vertical movement is noted, block or support the beam with a lifting device and remove the main pin and check the clearance.
    - 3.4. If the clearance exceeds twelve thousandths (.012) of an inch (.3mm), replace the bushing.

### **EVERY 1,500 HOURS OR 1 YEAR:**

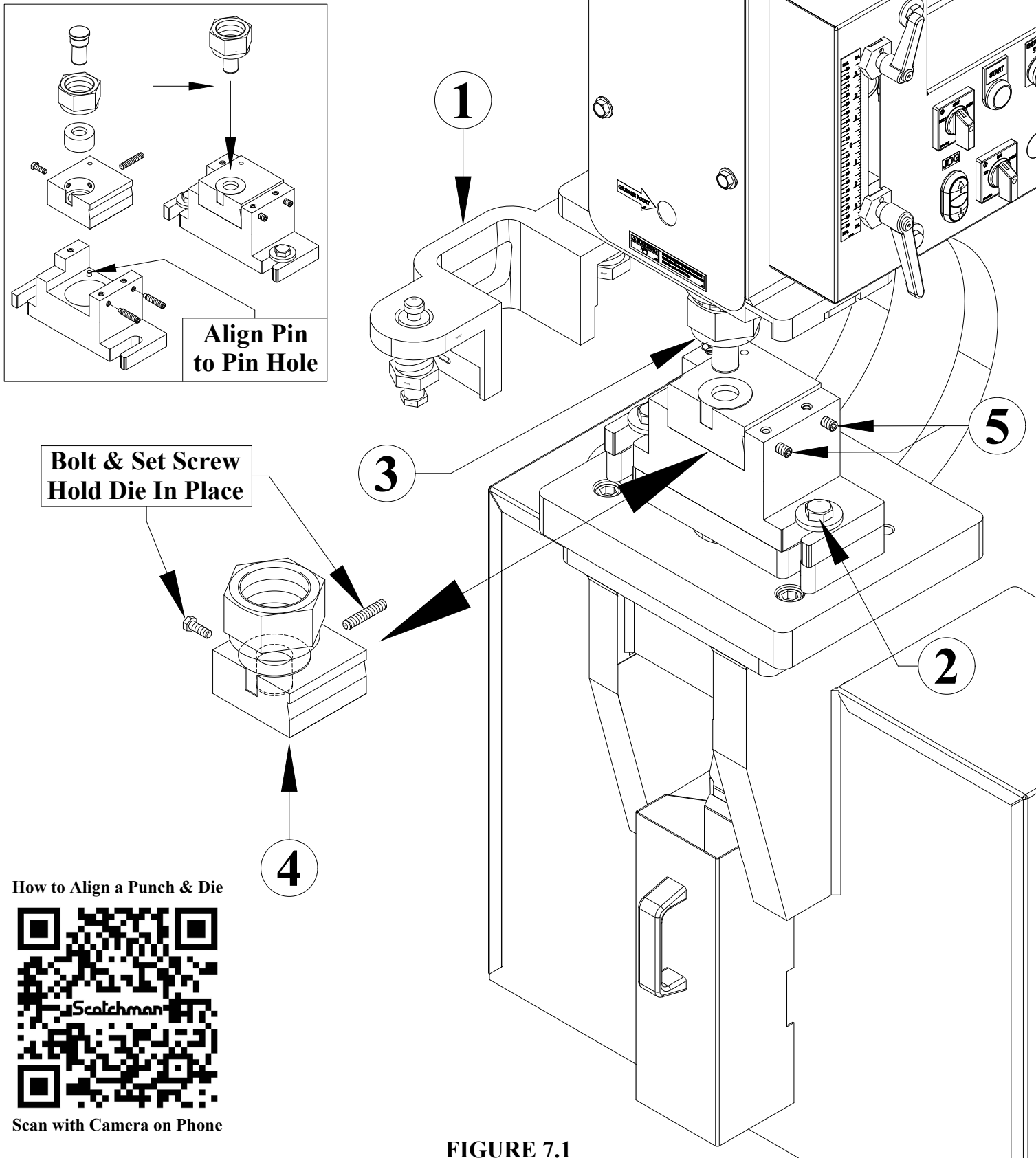
1. Change the hydraulic fluid in the reservoir and replace the filter. For recommended fluids, **SEE SECTION 6.1.**



**FIGURE 6.3**

# 7.0 MACHINE OPERATION

## 7.1 Punch Operation



**SEE FIGURE 7.1 ON THE PREVIOUS PAGE**

**A. ALIGNMENT AND REMOVAL OF PUNCHES AND DIES:**



**WARNING:** Failure to properly align punches and dies can cause serious bodily injury to personnel and/or damage to equipment. Please read carefully and understand the following method. It would also be helpful to refer to the safety video on [www.scotchman.com](http://www.scotchman.com) for a visual reference. Also, our YouTube channel has the safety video as well as many other helpful and informative videos related to this machine.

1. With the machine in the PUNCH position and the ram retracted, turn the machines electrical power off at the disconnect switch.
2. Release the stripper (1) by pushing up on the right hand bolt, swinging it out of the way of the punch ram and retaining nut.
3. Loosen the die holder bolts (2).
4. Remove the punch retaining nut (3) and set the punch retaining nut and punch aside.
5. Loosen the two set screws (5) holding the die insert in the die holder. Remove the die insert and loosen the bolt holding the die and remove the die.



**NOTE:** The die insert has an alignment pin in it and it must be lifted up to remove it.

6. Place the disconnect in the ON position and the selector switch in the START position. Power the machine by pressing the green START button.



**CAUTION:** IF YOU ARE USING THE OFFSET DIE HOLDER FOR FLANGED PUNCHING, PLEASE SEE SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS IN SECTION 8.7.1 BEFORE CONTINUING.

7. Check to make sure that there are no objects (such as tools) under or on any of the moving parts.
8. Place the selector switch in the SHEAR position and allow the ram to fully extend.
9. Turn the machine's power OFF.
10. Clean the die insert cavity of any foreign material.
11. Select the proper punch and die. Make sure that there is proper clearance between the punch and die. For recommended clearances, SEE PARAGRAPH I ON PAGE 28.
12. Clean both the punch and the die of any foreign material.
13. Insert the proper die in the die insert (4). (If the die has a flat spot in it, align this with the bolt in the die insert.) Tighten the bolt firmly with a wrench.
14. Insert the punch into the punch retaining nut (3). Make sure that it seats properly. Place the punch retaining nut assembly on the die insert, with the punch inserted in the die. Place the insert back in the die holder and tighten the two set screws (5). Make sure that the alignment pin in the insert seats in the hole in the die holder.

15. **Raise the punch retaining nut (3) and turn it on to the punch ram. (The die holder may have to be moved slightly to align the punch retaining nut to the punch ram.)**
16. **If you are using a keyed punch, manually rotate the punch until the key seats in the ram, before tightening the punch retaining nut.**
17. **Use a wrench to tighten the punch retaining nut (3). Make sure that there is equal clearance on all sides of the punch in the die.**
18. **Re-tighten the bolts (2) in the die holder.**
19. **Check to be sure of proper alignment. Realign, if necessary.**
20. **Return the stripper to the FORWARD position. (For stripper adjustment procedures, SEE FIGURE 7.2 ON PAGE 27.)**
21. **Place the disconnect switch in the ON position and the selector switch in the START position. Power the machine by pressing the green START button.**
22. **Place the selector switch in the SHEAR position. Jog the machine several times with the foot switch, without letting the punch come out of the die, to be sure that the alignment is correct.**
23. **Place the selector switch in the PUNCH position.**
24. **Oil the punch and die every five to ten holes.**

#### **B. KEYED PUNCHES:**

**This machine is equipped with a 1/4 inch (6.3mm) keyed punch ram. When punching holes other than rounds, we recommend using keyed punches. All Scotchman shaped punches are supplied with the keyway as standard equipment.**

- **NOTE: If you do not use keyed punches, it may be helpful to hold the body of the punch with a wrench while tightening the punch retaining nut. This will help to keep the punch from rotating with the nut as it is being tightened.**

#### **C. CHECK ALL PUNCHING TOOLS FOR TIGHTNESS.**

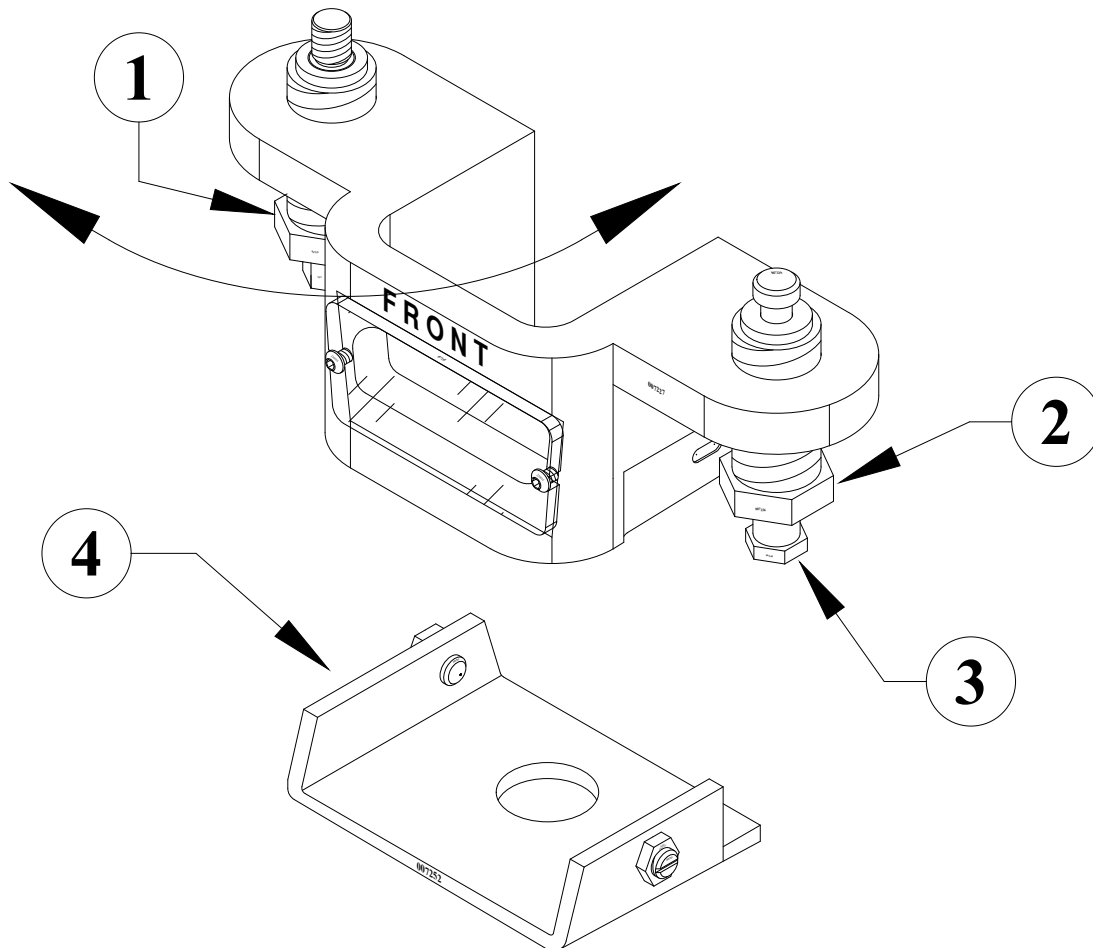
**The punch and die alignment should be checked intermittently during punching operations. To do this, bring the punch down so that it enters the die. Turn the machine off. Check and tighten the punch retaining nut, the set screws holding the die and die insert and the bolts holding the die and the die holder. Check for equal clearance between the punch and die. Place the selector switch in the START position and the run/jog switch in the JOG position and power the machine. Place the selector switch in the SHEAR position and jog the machine several times, to be sure of proper alignment. Place the selector switch in the PUNCH position and the run/jog switch in the RUN position.**

**D. PROPER ADJUSTMENT OF THE STRIPPER. (SEE FIGURE 7.2 BELOW)**

1. The height of the stripper is adjusted using the adjustment bolts (1 & 2).
2. The stripper is opened by pushing up on item (3) and swinging it out toward the front of the machine.
3. If you are punching light material or pieces too small to contact both sides of the stripper, install the plate (4) on the bottom of the stripper.
4. For maximum visibility and safety, always adjust the stripper down as close to the material as possible.
5. If the stripper is not adjusted down or the down stroke of the machine is not adjusted, the punch retaining nut will contact the stripper, causing damage to the stripper.
6. The down stroke of the machine should be adjusted so that there is a maximum penetration of the punch into the die of 1/8 of an inch (3mm).



**CAUTION: TO PREVENT PUNCH BREAKAGE ON THE RETURN STROKE, THE STRIPPER MUST BE ADJUSTED SO THAT THE BOTTOM OF THE STRIPPER IS PARALLEL WITH THE MATERIAL BEING PUNCHED.**



**FIGURE 7.2**



**E. DO NOT PUNCH ANYTHING THICKER THAN THE PUNCH DIAMETER.**

This "rule of thumb" can be extended, but the punch supplier or Scotchman should be consulted first, i.e. (Do not punch plate thicker than 1/2 inch with a 1/2 inch diameter punch.)

This rule of thumb applies to mild steel only and must be reduced when punching alloy steels. Contact the factory or your local dealer before attempting to punch any type of alloy steel.

**F. LUBRICATE THE PUNCH AND DIE.**

This will hold stripping forces to a minimum and greatly extend punch life. Lubrication must be applied after every 5 to 10 holes.

**G. PUNCH FULL AND COMPLETE HOLES. DO NOT PUNCH PARTIAL HOLES.**

The side thrust encountered in punching a partial hole can force the punch over against the die and result in punch or die breakage and possible injury to the operator.

**H. MAINTAIN SUFFICIENT MATERIAL BETWEEN THE PUNCHED HOLE AND THE EDGE OF THE WORKPIECE.**

The edge of the punch should clear the edge of the workpiece by a distance equal to the thickness of the material being punched. Any edge distance of less than this amount will result in a deformed workpiece.

**I. STAY WITHIN RATED PUNCHING CAPACITIES.**

The FI 12510-20M Ironworker is designed to operate in mild steel.

Within conservative limits, it can also operate in medium carbon annealed steel and some forms of abrasion resistant steels.

Conditions of high shock can be encountered when punching alloyed steels. The machine rating must be reduced accordingly. Punch to die clearance depends on the material thickness.

In mild steels, material thicknesses of 1/4 through 5/8 inch (6 to 16mm) should have a total punch to die clearance of 1/32 inch. (Punch diameter + 1/32" = Die diameter.) 3/4 through 1 inch (19 thru 25mm) mild steel should have a minimum of 1/16 inch clearance. (Punch diameter + 1/16" = Die diameter.)

In thin materials, the recommended punch to die clearance is 1/10 of the material thickness.

We do not recommend less than 1/64 of an inch (.4mm) total clearance due to working clearances necessary in the punch ram and punch bushing.

The maximum material thickness this machine is designed to punch is 1 inch (25mm) mild steel. For capacities, SEE THE PUNCH TONNAGE CHART IN FIGURE 7.3 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

► **NOTE:** When punching larger diameter holes or alloy steels, set the down stroke of the machine

so that the punch stops just above the plane of the die, approximately fifteen thousandths of an inch (.38mm). This will reduce the punching shock encountered in these applications.

**MAXIMUM MATERIAL THICKNESS IS 1 INCH (25MM).**

**Rated on mild steel having 65,000 psi tensile.**

TONS REQUIRED PER HOLE TO PUNCH MILD STEEL HAVING 65,000 PSI TENSILE STRENGTH																
HOLE DIAMETER		1/8 .125	3/16 .1875	1/4 .250	5/16 .3125	3/8 .375	7/16 .4375	1/2 .500	9/16 .5625	5/8 .625	11/16 .6875	3/4 .750	13/16 .8125	7/8 .875	15/16 .9375	1 1.00
METAL GAUGE	THICKNESS INCHES	P R E S S U R E I N T O N S														
28	.015	.2	.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	.6	.7	.7	.8	.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
26	.018	.2	.3	.4	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8	.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4
24	.024	.2	.4	.5	.6	.7	.8	.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9
22	.030	.3	.4	.6	.7	.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.4
20	.036	.4	.5	.7	.9	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.8
18	.048	.5	.7	.9	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.4	2.6	2.8	3.1	3.3	3.5	3.8
16	.060	.6	.9	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.5	3.8	4.1	4.4	4.7
14	.075	.7	1.1	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.0	4.4	4.8	5.1	5.5	5.9
12	.105	1.0	1.5	2.1	2.6	3.1	3.6	4.1	4.6	5.1	5.7	6.2	6.7	7.2	7.7	8.2
10	.135	1.3	2.0	2.6	3.3	4.0	4.6	5.3	5.9	6.6	7.3	7.9	8.6	9.2	9.9	10.6
5/32	.157	–	2.3	3.1	3.8	4.6	5.4	6.1	6.9	7.7	8.4	9.2	10.0	10.7	11.5	12.3
3/16	.188	–	2.8	3.7	4.6	5.5	6.4	7.4	8.3	9.2	10.1	11.0	12.0	12.9	13.8	14.8
1/4	.250	–	–	4.9	6.1	7.4	8.6	9.8	11.1	12.3	13.5	14.7	16.0	17.2	18.4	19.7
3/8	.375	–	–	–	–	11.1	12.8	14.8	16.5	18.5	20.2	22.1	23.8	25.8	27.5	29.5
1/2	.500	–	–	–	–	–	–	19.7	22.0	24.6	26.9	29.5	31.8	34.4	36.8	39.4
5/8	.625	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	30.8	33.7	36.9	39.9	43.0	46.0	49.2
3/4	.750	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	44.3	47.7	51.7	55.2	59.0
1	1.00	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	80.0

**FIGURE 7.3**

## **7.2 Tool Beam Adjustment**

For parts identification, SEE FIGURE 7.4 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

Adjustment of the tooling arm is maintained by a pressure plate at the pivot point, two rub plates backing up the arm and the two rub plates at the notcher station.

⊗ **CAUTION:** BEFORE MAKING ANY ADJUSTMENTS ON THE TOOLING ARM, THE BAR SHEAR BLADES, ANGLE SHEAR BLADES AND ROD SHEAR BLADES MUST BE BACKED OFF TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE BLADES. THE LOWER NOTCHER BLADES MUST BE REMOVED TO PREVENT POSSIBLE INJURY TO THE OPERATOR AND DAMAGE TO THE BLADES. AFTER THE TOOLING ARM HAS BEEN ADJUSTED, THE BLADES FOR EACH TOOL SHOULD BE READJUSTED FOLLOWING THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR EACH RESPECTIVE TOOL.

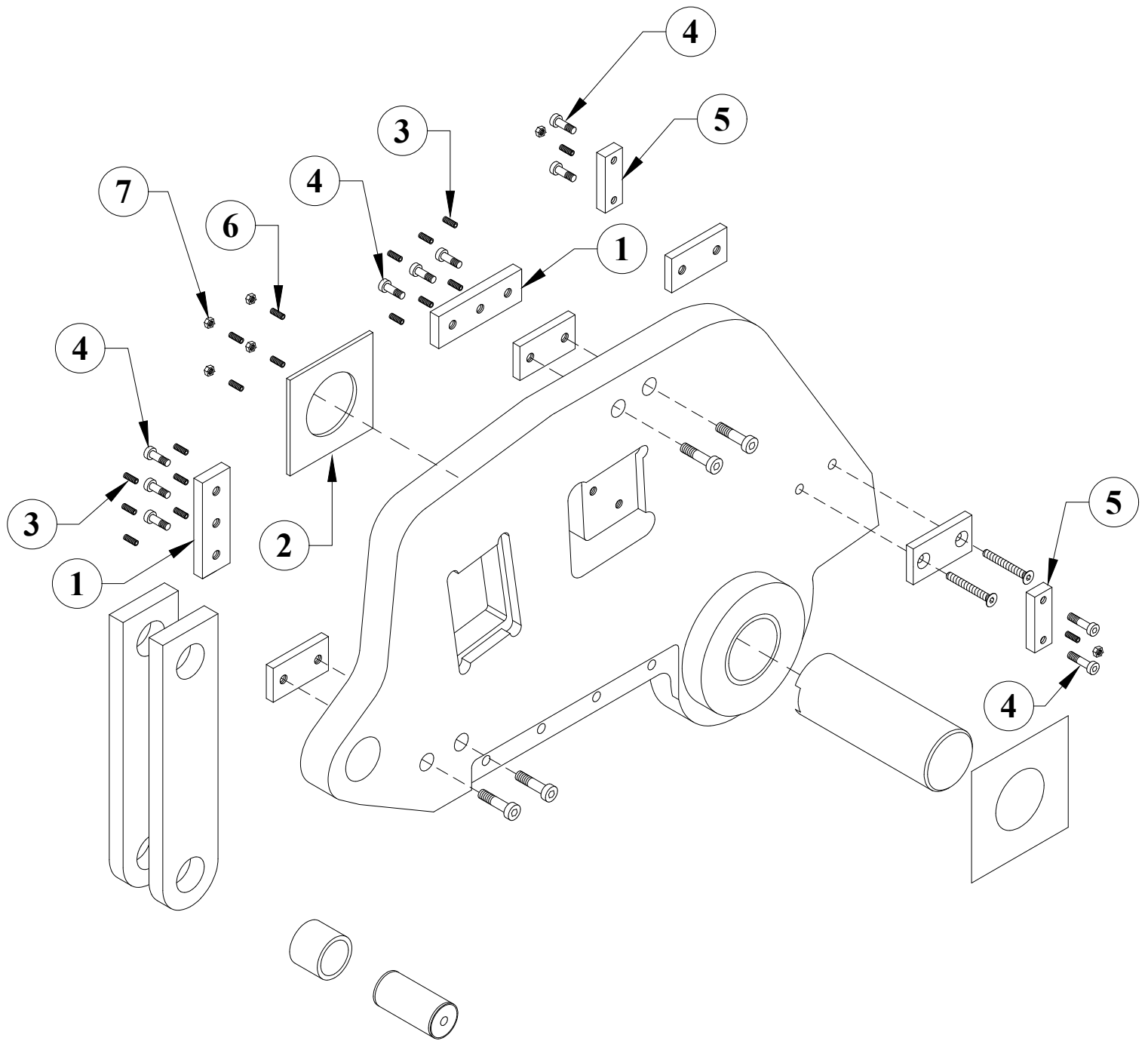
1. After backing off or removing all of the tooling blades, the tooling arm back-up rub plates (1) and the notcher rub plates (5) should be backed off and checked for wear. If the rub plates are worn, they should be rotated or replaced. DO NOT adjust the rub plates back up to the arm yet.
2. First, adjust the pressure plate (2) at the pivot point. This is adjusted by loosening the locking nuts (7) on the adjustment screws (6). Tighten the screws in a diagonal order. Adjust the screws up snug. Tighten the adjusting screws to 30 ft-lbs (41 Nm).

Excessive tightening of these screws will only increase wear

3. Adjust the rub plates (5) on the notcher, adjusting one side up until the rub plates make contact. Then, adjust the other side up the same way. Tighten the locking bolts (4).
4. Adjust the two tooling arm rub plates (1).

⊗ **NOTE:** TO GAIN VISUAL ACCESS, IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO REMOVE THE CYLINDER SHROUD AND THE DROP-OFF COVER ON THE BAR SHEAR.

5. Place the selector switch in the START position and the run/jog switch in the JOG position. Power the machine. Place the selector switch in the SHEAR position. Jog the tooling arm to a point where the rub plates will meet in the center position. Adjust the center adjustment screws (3) in until the rub plates contact each other. Then, adjust the rest of the adjustment screws until they contact the rub plate.
6. Tighten the mounting bolts (4) in the rub plates (1).
7. The tooling arm is now adjusted and the blades on each respective tool can be readjusted following the instructions in their respective sections.



**FIGURE 7.4**

## **7.3 Bar Shear Operation**



**CAUTION: WHEN THE BAR SHEAR STATION IS NOT IN USE, ALWAYS CRANK THE HOLD DOWN DEVICE TO ITS DOWN POSITION.**

The maximum capacity of the bar shear is 20" (508mm) wide. Increased material thickness and/or higher tensile strength will reduce the allowable width of material.

When using the bar shear on your Scotchman Ironworker, always use the hold down device. Never put any part of your body between the hold-down and the material to be sheared. A maximum clearance of 1/8" (3mm) between the hold down and the material to be sheared is acceptable.

The maximum tonnage available on the bar shear is to the right, or closest to the pivot point. For applications that do not require the maximum tonnage, move the material to the left, for minimal distortion of the drop off piece. Do not attempt to shear pieces that are too short for the hold down to grip as this will cause the material to "kick-up" and probably result in damage to the machine.

It is also important that the hold down is correctly adjusted to avoid possible damage to the machine and injury to the operator. The hold down is adjustable to cover all thicknesses of material within the rated capacity of the machine. A shear support table with adjustable guide is fitted to allow the accurate feeding of material at any angle. By feeding angle iron through the angle slot, it is possible to miter the leg of angle, having already cut the angle to the desired length in the angle shear. The maximum material that can be sheared is 1 x 18 inch (25 x 457mm), 3/4 x 20" (19 x 5058mm) mild steel.

The standard shear blades fitted to the machine comprise of an upper shaped moving blade and a bottom rectangular fixed blade. The combination of these two blades offers absolute minimum distortion through all thicknesses of material within the rated capacity of the machine. After a period of time and subsequent dulling of the blades, the blades can be removed and turned. The lower fixed blade can be turned offering four cutting edges and the upper moving blade can be turned offering two cutting edges. Alternatively, the machine can have a pair of 'rectangular blades' fitted, which offers multi-edged economy shearing with only a small margin of distortion on wide bars.

After turning or grinding worn blades, they must be refitted and adjusted to clearances listed in this section. The upper "moving blade" is not adjustable and the 'fixed blade' must be adjusted to suit. The "fixed blade" securing and adjusting screws are more accessible when the shear table and the hold down have been removed. An even clearance between the 'moving' and 'fixed blade' along their entire length is important and attention should be given to ensuring that the 'fixed blade' is in a vertical plane.

**REFER TO SECTION 7.3.2.**

**THE BASIC METHOD OF OPERATING THE BAR SHEAR CONSISTS OF FIVE STEPS:**

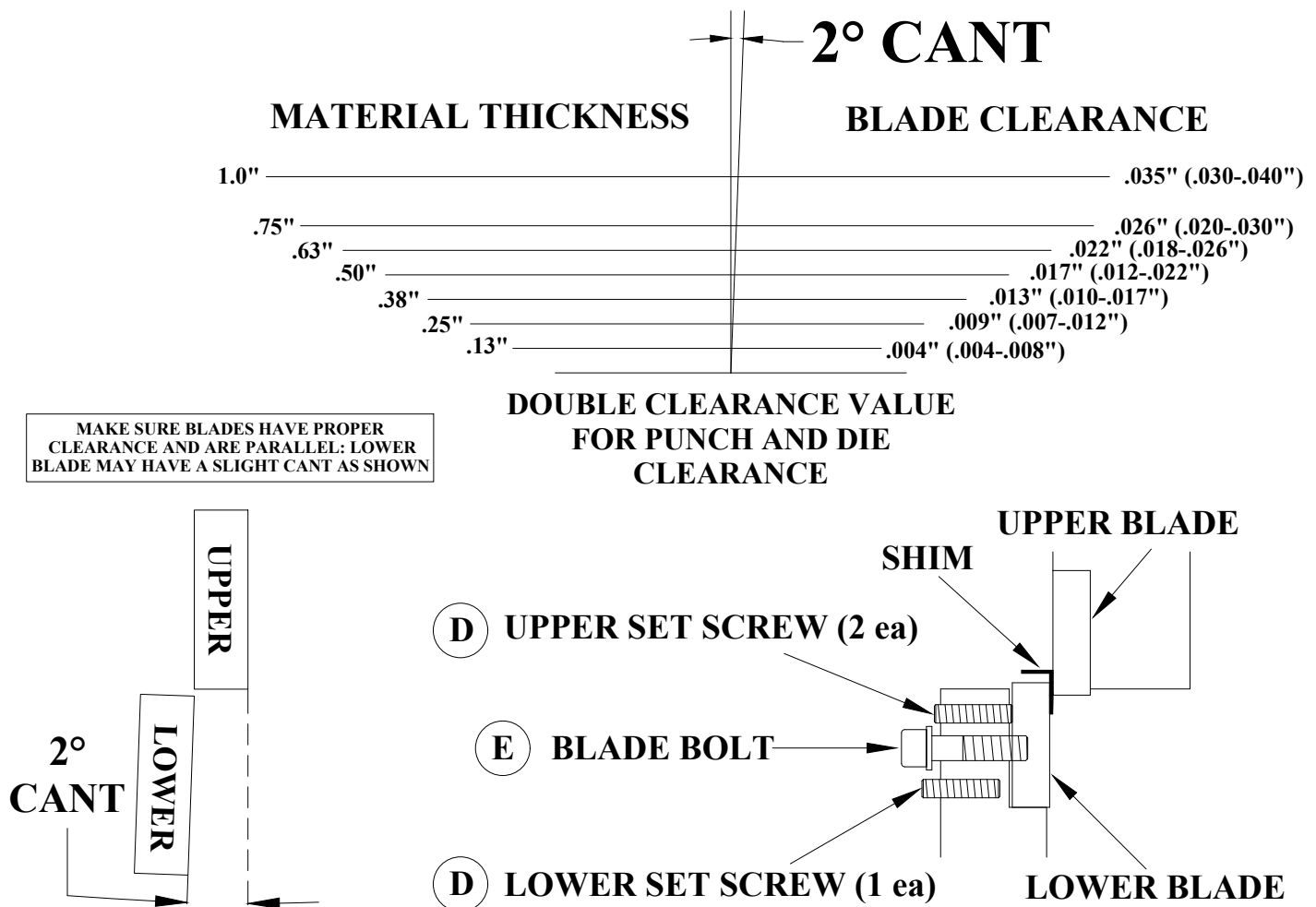
- 1. Place the selector switch in the ON position and both selector switches in the START position and power the machine.**

2. Place the selector switch in the SHEAR position.
3. Place the material to be sheared between the shear blades.
4. Adjust the hold down device down until it contacts the material to be sheared and tighten both hold down bolts. REFER TO SECTION 7.3.1. This prevents "kick-up" of the workpiece and possible damage to the machine.
5. **DEPRESS THE FOOT PEDAL.**  
Lubricating oil should be applied to the blades every 10 to 15 cuts.

**IN ADDITION TO THE FIVE BASIC STEPS OF OPERATION, THE OPERATOR SHOULD ALSO BE FAMILIAR WITH THE FOLLOWING:**

**MAINTAIN PROPER BLADE CLEARANCE.**

The quality of the cut is an immediate indication of the condition of the shear blades or the amount of clearance between the blades. For adjustment procedures, REFER TO SECTION 7.3.2.



Based on mild steel of 65,000 tensile strength.  
REFER TO SECTION 7.3.2, FOR SHEAR BLADE ADJUSTMENT.

**FIGURE 7.5**

## 7.3.1 Hold Down Adjustment

- Ensure that the hold down is correctly adjusted for the relevant material.
- ➡ **NEVER** allow the ends of the material to pass beyond the hold down when shearing. This may cause serious damage to the machine. Always feed material from the hold down side.
- Keep the blade area clean. Do not allow buildup of mill-scale.
- Stay within the rated capacity of the machine.
- The quality of the cut is usually an indication of the condition of the blades or their setting.

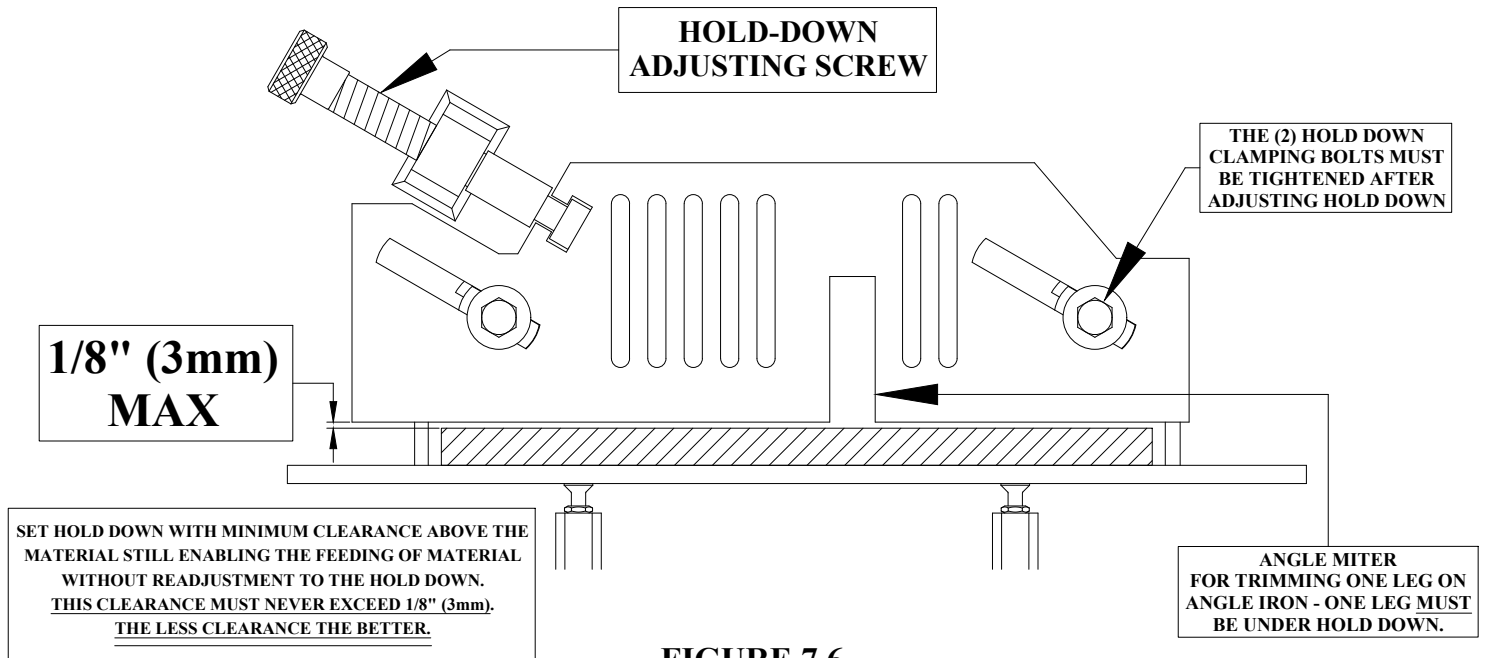
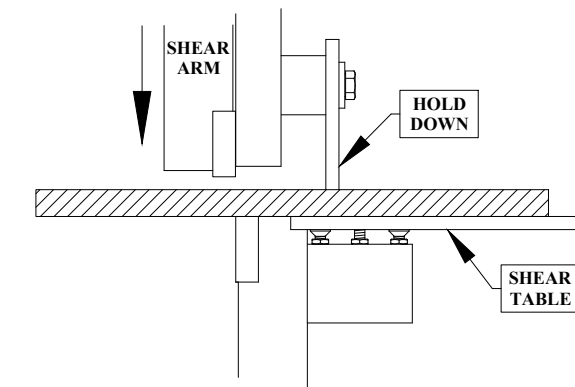


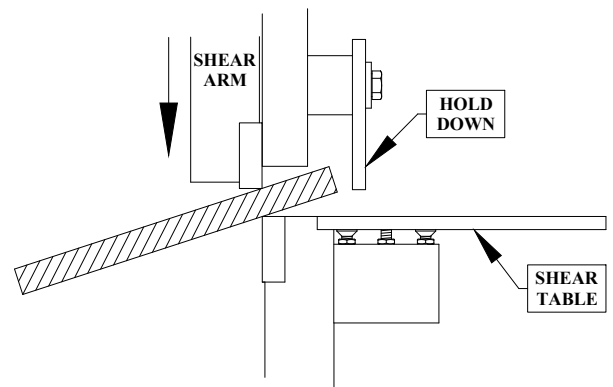
FIGURE 7.6

### CORRECT USE OF HOLD DOWN



### CORRECTLY SET HOLD DOWN

### NOT CORRECT!!

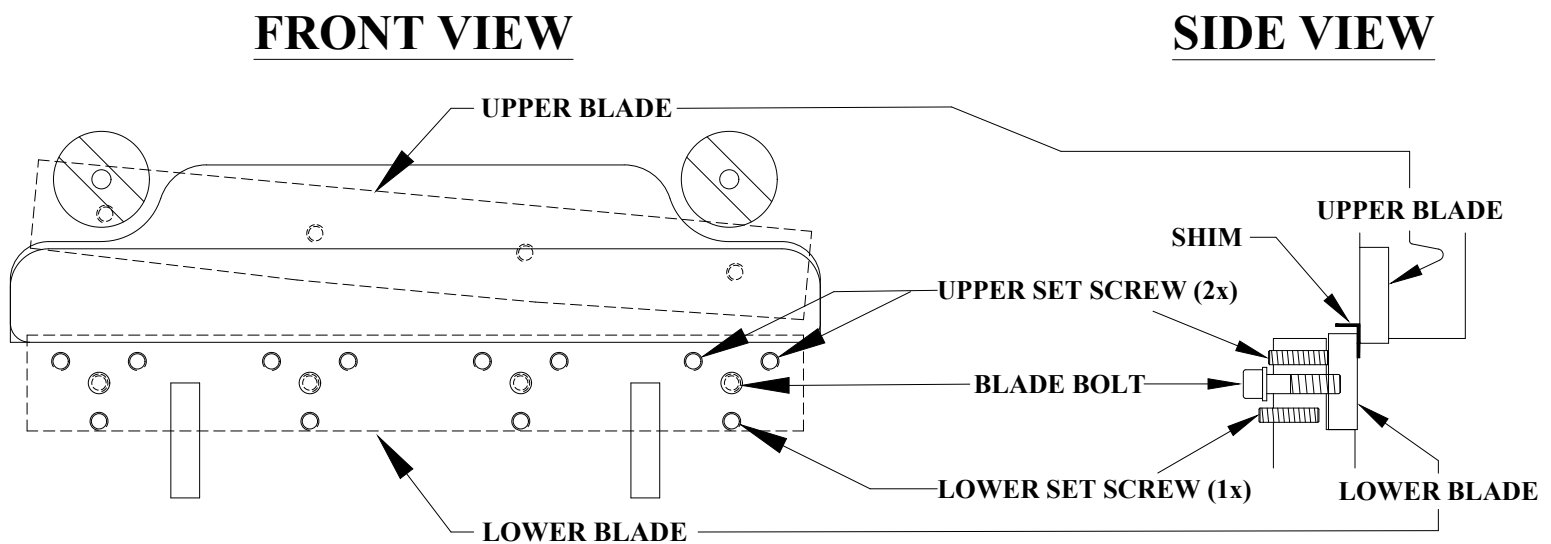


**NEVER FEED THE MATERIAL BEYOND THE HOLD DOWN AND OPERATE THE MACHINE. THIS MAY CAUSE INJURY TO THE OPERATOR AND SERIOUS MACHINE DAMAGE.**

FIGURE 7.7

## 7.3.2 Shear Blade Adjustment

- To set the blades, lower the arm so that the upper blade crosses the lower blade. (If fitting new or re-ground blades, ensure that the lower blade is fully adjusted away from the upper blade before lowering the arm.)
- Switch off the machine.
- Remove the shear hold down and the shear support table.
- Adjust the lower blade to the upper blade to achieve desired clearance. SEE FIGURE 7.8 BELOW. Ensure that the lower blade is adjusted with a slight cant, or tilt of a few thousandths of an inch, so that the cutting edge of the blade is closer to the top blade.
- Lock the upper blade in position by tightening the upper blade securing screws.
- Check and readjust the blade setting, if necessary.
- Re-fit the hold down and the shear support table to the machine.
- The upper blade has two cutting edges, whereby the lower blade has four. It is possible to replace the shaped upper blade with a rectangular lower blade, therefore offering multi-edged economy shearing with only a very small amount of distortion on wide bars.



**FIGURE 7.8**



## **7.4 Angle Shear Operation**

The angle shear on this model is a crop-off design that parts the material without a slug. The maximum capacity of the angle shear is 6 x 6 x 1/2 inch (157 x 157 x 12mm) mild steel. To prevent kick-up of the material, adjust the hold down device to within 1/16 of an inch (1.5mm) of the material.

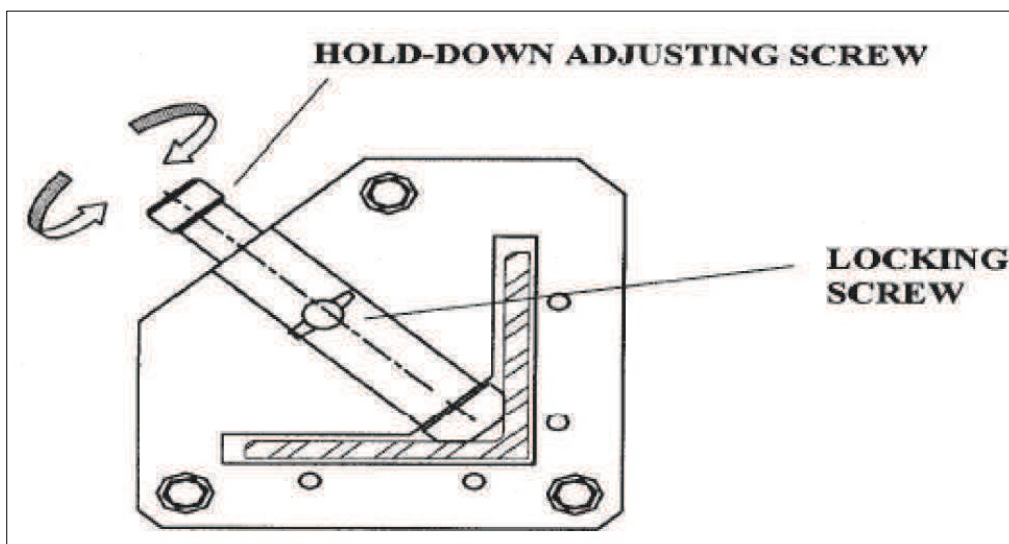
The standard angle shear blades fitted to the machine comprise of an upper moving blade and two bottom fixed rectangular blades. The approach angle of the moving blade offers minimum distortion through all thicknesses of material within the rated capacity of the machine.

- ➡ **NEVER ALLOW ANY PORTION OF YOUR BODY TO EXTEND BEYOND ANY OF THE GUARDS OR HOLD DOWN DEVICES ON THIS IRONWORKER.**
- ➡ **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SHEAR PIECES THAT ARE TOO SHORT FOR THE HOLD DOWN TO GRIP, AS THIS WILL CAUSE THE MATERIAL TO "KICK UP" AND CAN RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE MACHINE**

For best results, always feed the material at a true horizontal plane to the shear. The angle shear is operated with the selector switch in the SHEAR position. Lubricate the blades every 10 to 15 cuts.

### **7.4.1 Hold Down Adjustment**

- To set the hold down, feed the angle to be sheared through the hold down and angle shear, as shown in Figure 7.9. Feed the angle horizontally and square to the machine.
- Loosen the locking screw and adjust the hold down screw to the apex of the angle
- Tighten the locking screw.
- Ensure the hold down is correctly adjusted and secure.
- Always feed material from the hold down side of the machine (Infeed).
- Operate the machine while holding the angle firmly against the hold down screw.
- Keep the blade area clean. Do not allow buildup of mill scale
- Stay within the rated capacity of the machine.
- The quality of the cut is usually an indication of the condition of the blades, clearance, or hold down setting.



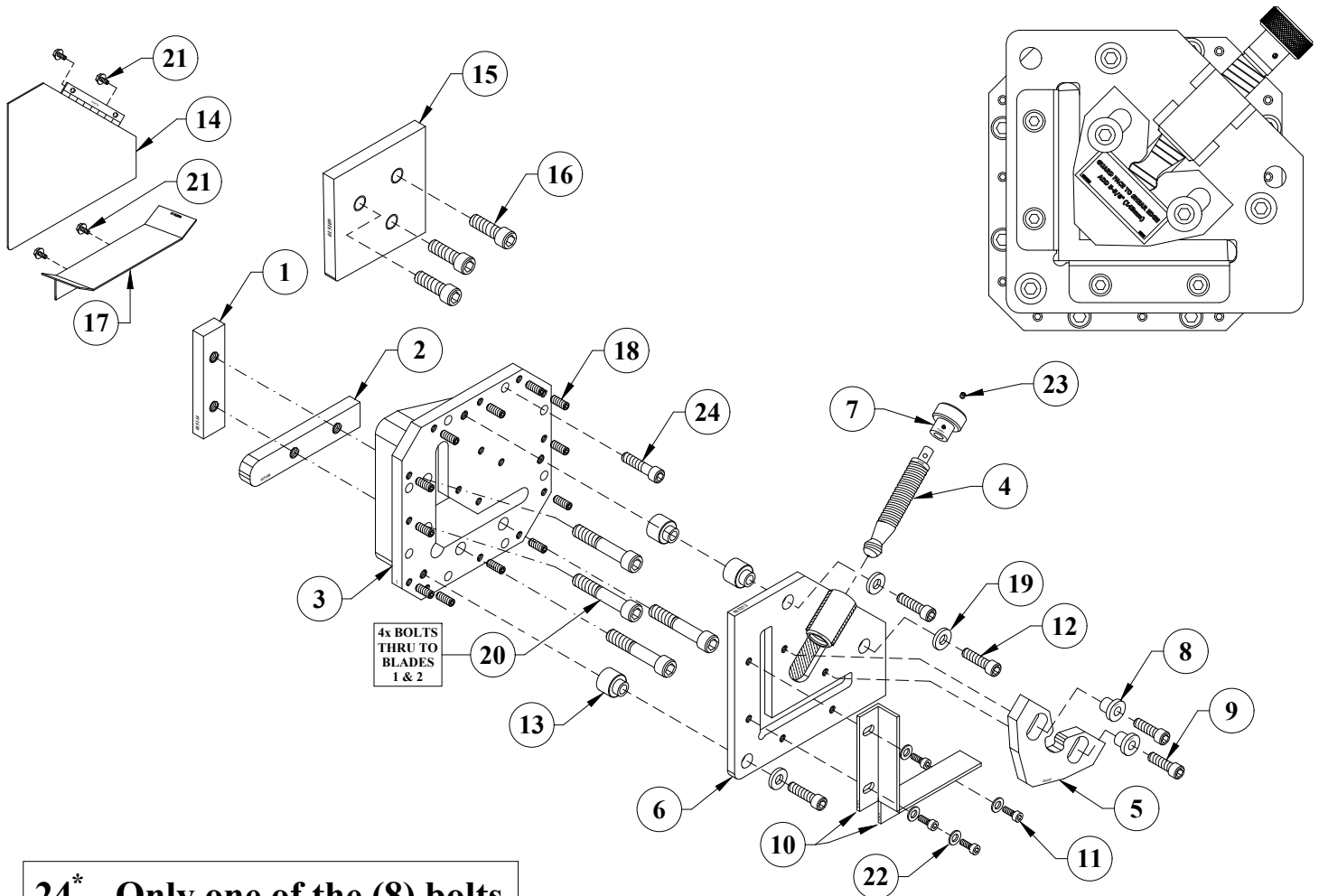
**FIGURE 7.9**

## 7.4.2 Blade Adjustment/Replacement

For parts identification, SEE FIGURE 7.10 BELOW.

1. With the machine in the SHEAR position, **TURN THE POWER OFF.**
2. Remove the hold-down assembly via three bolts (12) and washers (19).
3. The angle shear blade block (3) is bolted to the frame with eight bolts (24\*) - two on each side & two top and bottom. Remove them and carefully remove angle shear block - It is heavy!!
4. Back the adjusting screws (18) out until they retract into the back of the holder.
5. Remove the four bolts (20) from the lower blades and remove the lower blades (1 & 2).
6. After the lower blades (1 & 2) are removed, place the selector switch in the START position and the run/jog switch in the JOG position.
7. Power the machine and place the selector switch in the SHEAR position.
8. Jog the tooling arm down to a point where the upper blade (15) can be removed.
9. Turn the machine's power off and remove the upper blade (15) via three bolts (16).
10. Reverse the process to install new blades. The angle shear blades can be sharpened.  
If the lower blades have been sharpened, they may have to be shimmed. A clearance of .015 to .020 thousandths of an inch (.38 to .51mm) between the upper and lower blades is recommended.

► **NOTE:** Blade (1) has four cutting edges and can be flipped or rotated. Blade (2) has two cutting edges and can be rotated. Blade (15) has just one cutting edge and must be sharpened or replaced. ALWAYS CHECK CLEARANCE when blades are changed.



24\* - Only one of the (8) bolts is shown for clarity

FIGURE 7.10

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## **7.5 Channel Shear Operation (Rod Shear Blades Available)**

**NOTE: ROD SHEAR BLADES ARE AVAILABLE FOR USE IN THE CHANNEL SHEAR CAVITY. The blade setting procedure is the same for rod shear and channel shear blades, as outlined in SECTION 7.5.2. See also SECTION 10.8 for optional blades.**

A variety of material profiles can be sheared at this work station (round/square bar, angle, channel, & I-Beam, etc...). Channel and rod profiles are standard offerings, while other shapes are custom. Please contact our Special Tooling department with inquiries.

➡ **NEVER allow any portion of your body to extend beyond any of the guards or hold down devices on this ironworker.**

This machine comes standard with 4"x 5.4 AISC channel blades. If using multi-hole blades, always use the smallest opening that will accept the material. This creates the cleanest cut possible. The channel shear operates with the selector switch in the "SHEAR" position. Lubricate the blades every 10-15 cuts.

These blades are supplied in pairs, with the beam blade referred to as the "Moving Blade" and the stationary blade in the frame referred to as the "Fixed Blade". These blades cannot be installed in the wrong position as the Fixed Blade is larger than the Moving Blade cavity and will not fit. The shear beam also has a screw in the upper corner that corresponds with a notch in the Moving Blade. The Fixed Blade also has a notch that needs to be aligned with the Moving Blade.

After a period of time and subsequent dulling of the cutting edges, it will be necessary to sharpen the blades. A grinding allowance of 1/16" (1.6mm) per blade is allowed. Only the contact surfaces of each blade can be ground (one side only). Due to the construction and style of these blades, while a blade clearance may be set, they may have a slight magnetism effect that causes them to stick together. Always wear gloves when removing the blades and handle with care. Gentle tapping from the outfeed side of the machine with a rubber mallet or non-marring hammer will free the blades (SEE SECTION 7.5.2 FOR BLADE ADJUSTMENT).

### **7.5.1 Hold Down Adjustment**

➡ **ALWAYS CHECK THAT THE HOLD DOWN IS CORRECTLY SET AND SECURE BEFORE CUTTING A SECTION. NEVER FEED MATERIAL BEYOND THE HOLD DOWN.**

1. Establish that the blades are installed correctly and adjusted. REFER TO SECTION 7.5.2 & FIGURE 7.12
  2. Attach the correct hold down insert is installed on the outside carrier. Make sure that it can align with the blade openings.
  3. Start the machine and place the selector switch in the "SHEAR" position.
  4. Feed the material through the hold down and the blades to the designated length.
  5. Ensure that the hold down is correctly adjusted and secured. Make sure the material is square to the machine and held firmly against the hold down. SEE FIGURE 7.11 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.
  6. Depress the foot pedal until the material has been fully sheared.
- Keep the blade area clean. Do not allow the buildup of mill scale.
  - Stay within the rated capacity of the system.
  - Always feed material from the hold down side of the machine (Infeed)

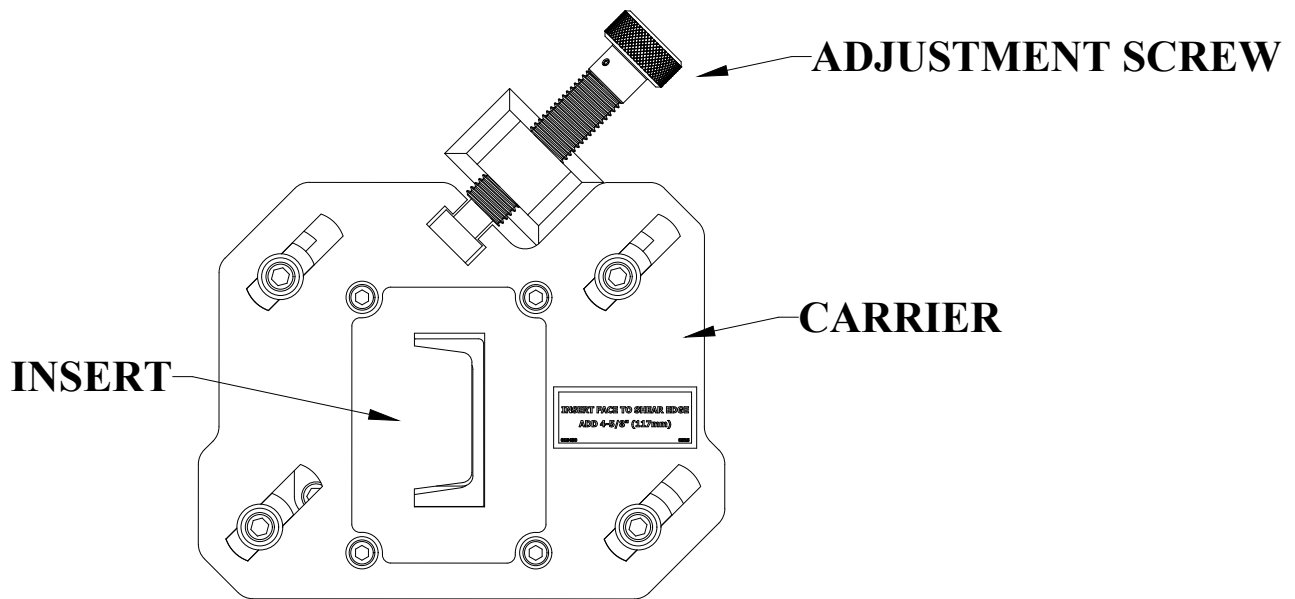
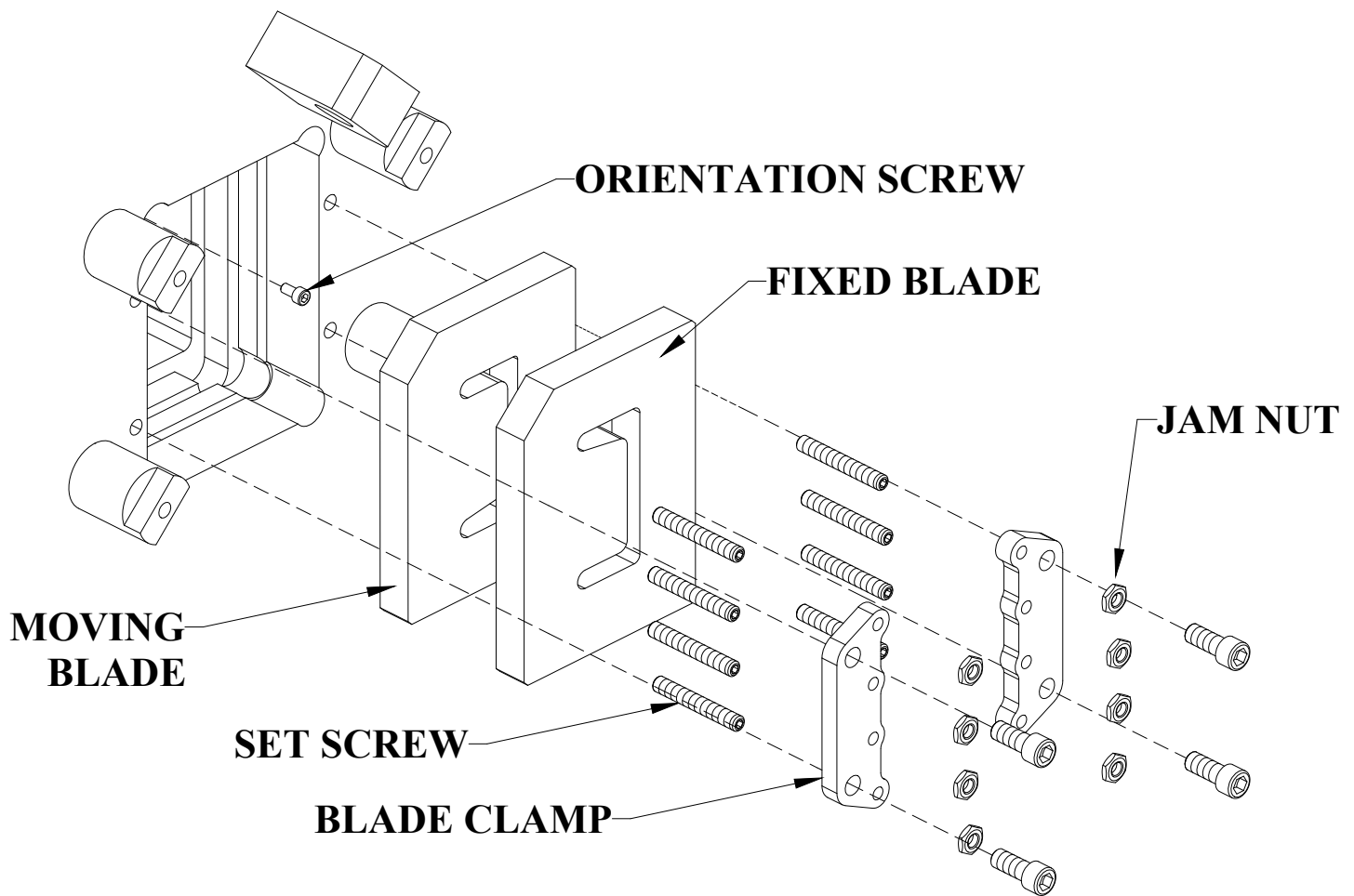


FIGURE 7.11

## **7.5.2 Blade Adjustment/Replacement**

**REMOVAL (REFER TO FIGURE 7.12 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE):**

1. Remove the hold down carrier from the machine.
  2. Move the selector switch to "PUNCH" and position the shear beam at the top of it's stroke, ensuring the channel blades are inline with each other (the Moving Blade outside edges should not be visible around the Fixed Blade)
  3. Switch the machine off.
  4. Remove the pair of blade clamps (four bolts)
  5. Remove the Fixed Blade followed by the Moving Blade.
- Due to the construction and style of these blades, while a blade clearance may be set, they may have a slight magnetism effect that causes them to stick together. Always wear gloves when removing the blades and handle with care. Gentle tapping from the outfeed side of the machine with a rubber mallet or non-marring hammer will free the blades.
6. Thoroughly clean the blade pocket of the beam and the cutout in the front frame.



**FIGURE 7.12**

**INSTALLATION/ADJUSTMENT (REFER TO FIGURE 7.12 ABOVE):**

- 1. Ensure that the blades, beam blade pocket, and front frame cutout are clean and free of debris. Lightly oil the blades.**
- 2. Insert the Moving Blade (smaller) into the shear beam, aligning the blade's notched corner with the orientation screw in the shear beam (top left corner). Ensure that the blade is properly seated in the beam.**
- 3. Insert the Fixed Blade (larger) into the front frame cutout. Make sure the blade profiles between both blades match. The corner notches should also match.**
- 4. Loosen the jam nuts and back off the set screws on the blade clamps. Secure the blade clamps to the machine, making sure the set screws are not contacting the blades.**
- 5. Hand tighten all of the set screws to the Fixed Blade. Then, back off each set screw by one fifth of a turn.**
- 6. Tighten the jam nuts while hold the set screws steady with an Allen wrench. Check for a clearance of approximately .005"-.010" between the set screws and the Fixed Blade. Repeat adjustments as necessary.**
- 7. Secure the appropriate insert into the carrier, ensuring that it's opening matches the blade profiles.**
- 8. Reattach the hold down carrier to the machine. Adjust the hold down so that feed material is square to the machine and in contact with the hold down insert.**

## **7.6 Rectangle Notcher Operation**

This tool is operated with the selector switch in the PUNCH position.

⊗ **CAUTION:** WHEN THE NOTCHER STATION IS NOT IN USE, BE SURE THAT THE GUARD IS IN THE FULL DOWN POSITION, TO PREVENT ANYONE FROM STORING TOOLS OR MATERIAL ON THE TABLE OR IN THE BLADE CAVITY.

Notching applications up to 3 x 5 inch (76 x 127mm) rectangular and 3 x 3 inch (76 x 76mm) 90 degree vee notch in 1/2 inch (12mm) material is the maximum capacity of this section of the machine.

**TO OPERATE THE NOTCHER, USE THE FOLLOWING STEPS:**

1. Always maintain 1/4 of an inch (6.3mm) clearance between the material and the guard.
2. Place the workpiece between the blades. Cycle the machine until the blades have sheared through the material. Continue to hold your foot on the pedal while you remove the material toward you on a horizontal plane.
3. Once the material is away from the blades, remove your foot from the pedal. The machine will return to a neutral position, ready for the next cut.
4. **DO NOT USE THE SAFETY GUARD AS A STRIPPER!**  
The safety guard will not support the load. Lubricate the blades every 10 to 15 cuts.

### **7.6.1 Blade Adjustment/Replacement**

For parts identification, SEE FIGURE 7.13 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

1. Place the machine in the PUNCH position and allow the machine to retract to the end of the stroke. **TURN THE POWER TO THE MACHINE OFF!**
2. Raise the notcher guard (1) to its highest position.
3. Remove the notcher table (8).
4. Remove the bolts (14) holding the lower blade holder (17) and remove it.
5. The lower blades (12 & 13) can now be replaced or rotated, to expose a new cutting edge.
6. Remove the top blade (10). The top blade cannot be rotated and must be replaced, if damaged. Before installing a new top blade, check the arm for possible wear. If there is no wear, install the new blade on the arm.
7. Place the selector switch in the START position and the run/jog switch in the JOG position. Power the machine.
8. Place the selector switch in the PUNCH position. Jog the arm down to a point where the top blade is parallel with the bolster. **TURN THE POWER OFF.**
9. Replace lower blade holder (17) with the blades (12 & 13) installed. Start the mounting bolts (14). **DO NOT TIGHTEN.**
10. Manually align the lower blades to the upper blades with equal clearance all the way around. A clearance of twenty five thousandths (.025) of an inch (.6mm) is recommended. The lower blades may require shimming to achieve the proper clearance. Tighten the blade holder bolts to approximately 85 foot pounds of torque. Recheck the alignment.

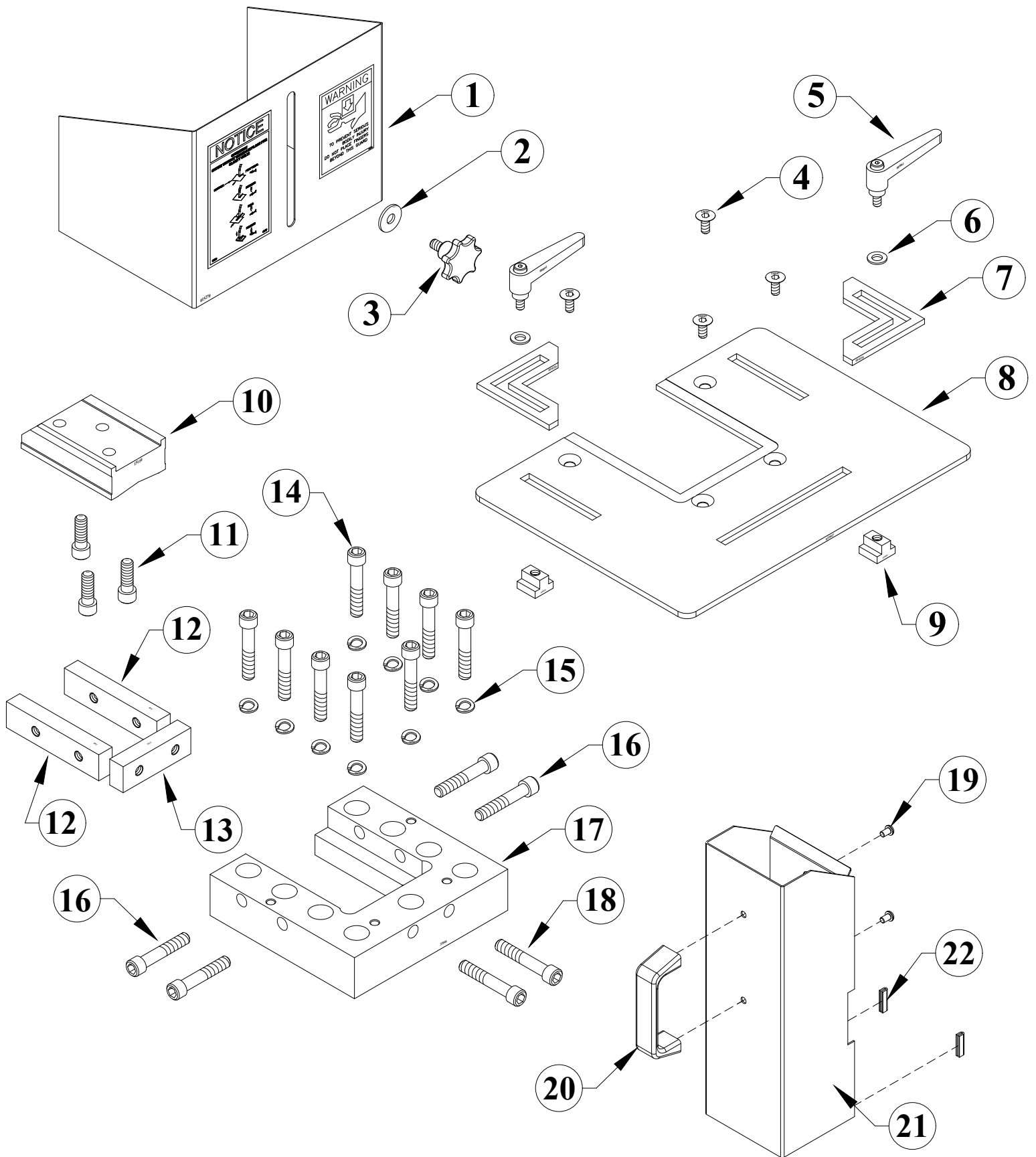


FIGURE 7.13



## **7.7 Jog Control**

On the FI 12510-20M Ironworker, a jog control is standard equipment. To utilize this feature, place the run/jog switch in the JOG position. When the switch is in the JOG position, the foot pedal is inoperable. When the switch is in the RUN position, the jog control is inoperable. This feature is very helpful for setting the stroke controls precisely, to eliminate excessive travel to the workpiece and setting up the optional tooling that is available for the punch station. The jog control is also used for many of the maintenance and repair functions discussed in this manual.

⊗ **CAUTION:** WHEN THE JOG FEATURE IS USED, THE MACHINE WILL REMAIN AT WHATEVER POINT THE JOG CONTROL IS RELEASED. WHEN THE RUN/JOG SWITCH IS CHANGED TO THE "RUN" POSITION, THE MACHINE WILL MOVE TO WHATEVER POSITION THE SELECTOR SWITCH IS SET IN.

## **8.0 OPTIONAL TOOLS**

This segment will cover the optional tools that can be purchased for the FI 12510-20M, along with the proper and safe methods to install and operate them. As with all functions of this machine, safety glasses are required when using any of these tools.

### **8.1 Pipe Notcher**

The pipe notcher is a component tool designed to saddle cut pipe and tubing for applications such as railings. There are notchers available to notch angles in pipe and tubing, also. For prices and availability, contact your local dealer or the factory. Two inch (2") schedule 80 is the maximum thickness of pipe that can be cut. Lighter weight tubing may be cut, but will require different dies for best cutting results. Separate dies are required for each size pipe being notched.

#### **8.1.1 Installation**

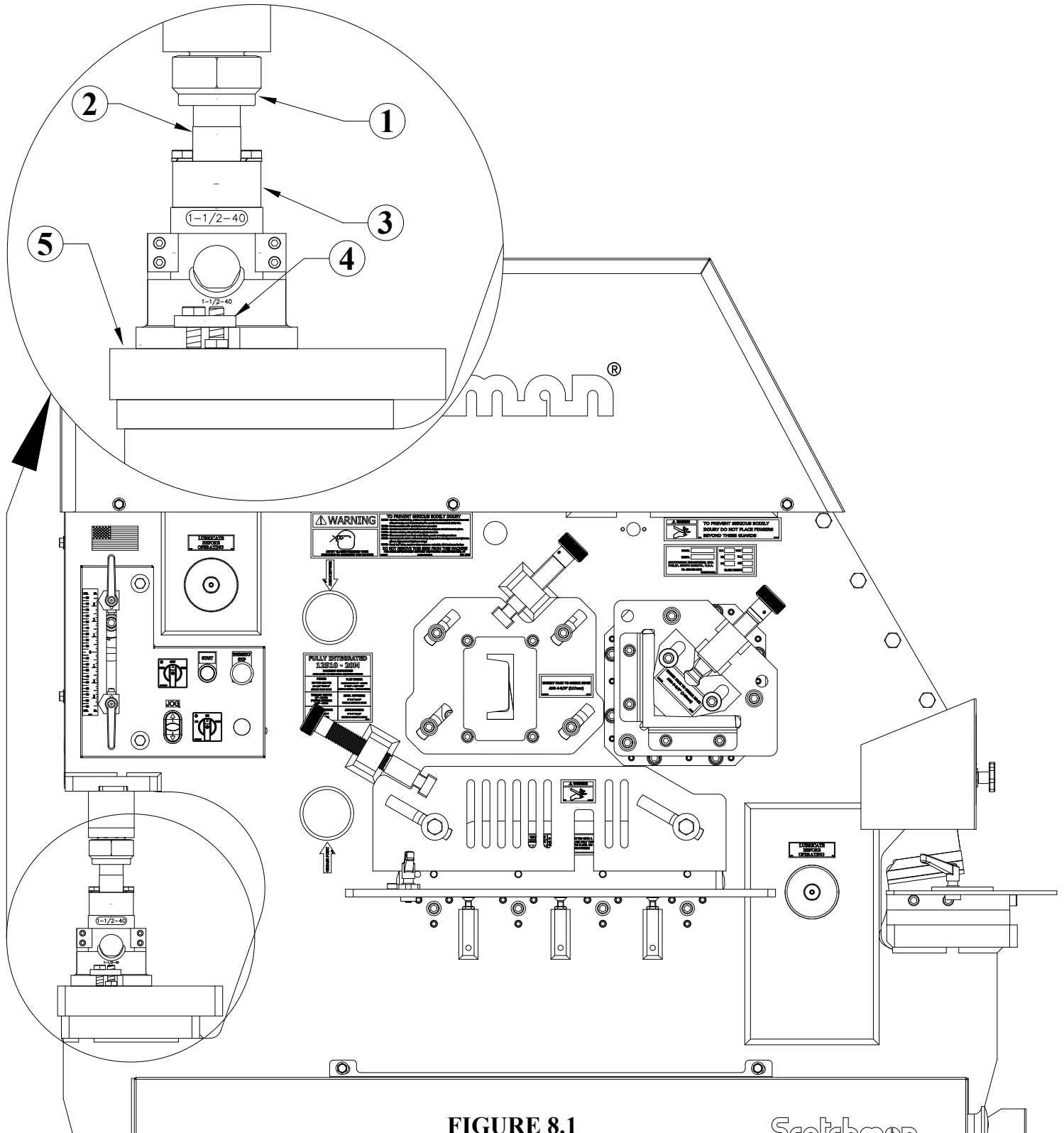
**SEE FIGURE 8.1 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

The pipe notcher installs in the punch station on this model. To install the pipe notcher, remove the punch stripper and die holder.

1. Before installing the pipe notcher, place the selector switch in the PUNCH position and allow the ram to retract fully. Turn off the power to the machine.
2. Install the punch pusher (2) and the #45 punch retaining nut (1) on the punch ram.
3. Install the upper and lower dies and the return springs in the notcher.
4. Bolt the riser (3) to the top notcher die.
5. Place the notcher on the bolster (5) and line the riser (3) up to the punch pusher (2).
6. Anchor the notcher to the bolster with the finger clamps (4) provided with the tool.



**CAUTION:** WITH THE PIPE NOTCHER MOUNTED IN THE MACHINE, THE DOWN STROKE OF THE MACHINE MUST BE ADJUSTED TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE TOOL AND POSSIBLE INJURY TO THE OPERATOR. THE UPPER DIE SHOULD NOT PASS THE LOWER DIE BY MORE THAN 1/32 OF AN INCH (.8MM).



**FIGURE 8.1**

Scotchman

## **8.1.2 Operation**

The following is Scotchman Industries. recommendation for maintenance and alignment of this tool.

 **PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE USE.**

**TO ACHIEVE THE BEST RESULTS FROM YOUR UNIT,  
PLEASE OBSERVE THESE SIMPLE RULES:**

1. **Keep the unit clean. Whenever dirt or metal chips accumulate, remove the 8mm limit screw located in the center, at the rear of the punch. Lift out the punch holder and the two springs (1/2 x 3 inch). Clean the unit with solvent.**
2. **CAUTION: Do not remove the M-10 dowel pin from the upper punch.**
3. **Check the alignment of the unit. After cleaning the unit, always check the alignment of the punch And die section. To check the alignment, insert the punch and holder, without the springs, into the housing and check the gap. SEE FIGURE 8.2 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**
4. **If proven correct, tighten the two 10mm socket head cap screws holding the die section in place. Apply some high pressure lube all around the inside of the housing. Then, reassemble the unit, reversing the above procedures.**

 **CAUTION: ALWAYS WEAR SAFETY GLASSES WHEN USING THIS TOOL.**

5. **With the tool properly located and secured, place the selector switch in the START position and the run/jog switch in the JOG position.**
6. **Power the machine and place the selector switch in the PUNCH position.**
7. **Jog the ram down to 1/8 of an inch (3mm) above the riser on the tool and set the upper stroke control. Jog the machine on down until the upper die just passes the lower die (DO NOT EXCEED 1/32 of an inch (0.8mm) and set the lower stroke control).**
8. **Place the run/jog switch in the RUN position.**
9. **Before operating, lubricate the sides and back of the upper die with way oil. Repeat this lubrication daily. Cutting blades should be lubricated with a cutting oil or motor oil before making the first cut and after every 10 to 15 cuts.**

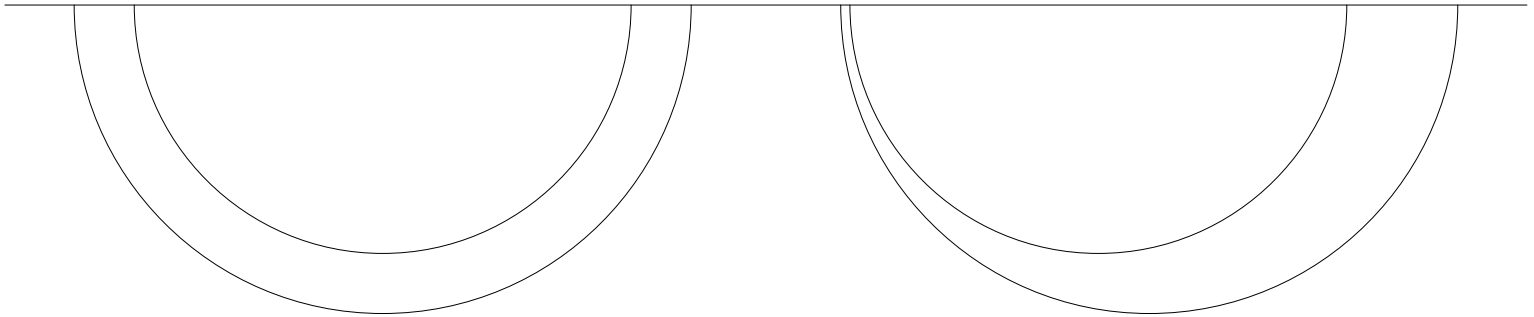
**NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE  
MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**

 **CAUTION: TO PREVENT POSSIBLE INJURY TO PERSONNEL AND DAMAGE TO THE  
TOOL, THIS TOOL MUST BE REMOVED WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**

# **PIPE NOTCHER DIE ALIGNMENT**

**CORRECT**

**INCORRECT**



**FIGURE 8.2**

## **8.2 6" x 6" 90 Degree V-Notcher**

The 6" x 6" 90 degree V-Notcher is a component tool designed to cut 90 degree V-notches in angle and flat stock. It has a maximum capacity of 5/16 inch (8mm) thick mild steel.

### **8.2.1 Installation**

**SEE FIGURE 8.3 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

The 6 x 6 ninety degree notcher mounts in the punch station. When the notcher is in the punch station, the selector switch must be in the PUNCH position.

⊠ **CAUTION: CARE MUST BE TAKEN TO SET THE UPPER AND LOWER STROKE CONTROLS ON THE MACHINE. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE TOOL AND POSSIBLE INJURY TO THE OPERATOR.**

The upper stroke should be set so that the pusher assembly is held in place by the spring tension of the tool. the lower stroke must be set so that the upper blade just passes the lower blades at the point of the vee by no more than 1/16 of an inch (1.5mm). To mount the notcher in the punch station, remove the die holder and stripper. Mount the notcher to the bolster (1), using the two bolts (2). Install the pressure block (3) and the punch pusher (4) and the retaining nut (5). After the notcher is mounted, install the neoprene slug pad.

### **8.2.2 Operation**

- Lubricate the blades before starting and every 10 to 15 cuts, thereafter.
- The slug must be removed with a magnetic probe or tongs after every cut.
- **DO NOT** attempt to shear material thicker than 5/16 of an inch (8mm).
- **NEVER** side-load the notcher.

➞ **DO NOT REMOVE THE SLUGS BY HAND.**

**NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**

➞ **ALWAYS REMOVE THE NOTCHER WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**

## 6 X 6 NINETY DEGREE NOTCHER

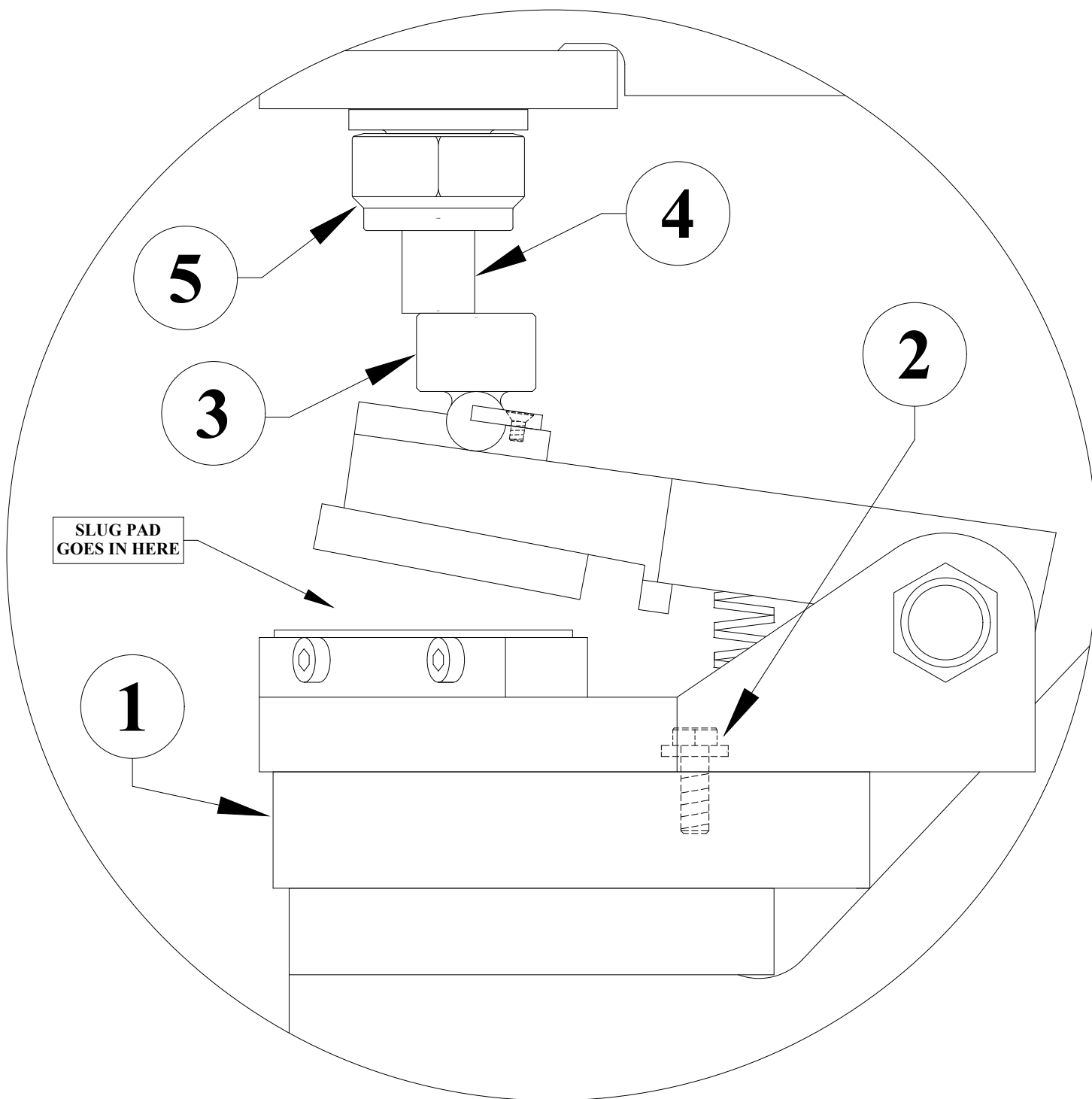


FIGURE 8.3

## **8.3 12" & 24" Brakes**

Brakes are component tools designed to bend and form mild steel. They are shipped standard with 2" dies to accommodate material up to 1/4 of an inch (6.3mm) thickness.

### **8.3.1 Installation**

**SEE FIGURE 8.4 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

- ➡ **PRIOR TO INSTALLING A BRAKE ON THIS MACHINE, THE SELECTOR SWITCH MUST BE IN THE "PUNCH" POSITION TO OPERATE THIS TOOL.**

The brake is installed in the punch station and secured to the punch bolster (1) with finger clamps (2).

1. Place the selector switch in the PUNCH position and allow the ram to retract. Turn the power to the machine off.
2. Install the brake on the punch bolster (1), using the finger clamps (2) provided.

- ▶ **NOTE: THE 12 INCH BRAKE AND 24 INCH BRAKE ARE MOUNTED IN THE PUNCH STATION ON THE FI 125. THE 24 INCH BRAKE NEEDS TO BE MOUNTED AS SHOWN IN FIGURE 8.4 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE. THE 12 INCH BRAKE CAN BE MOUNTED IN EITHER CONFIGURATION.**

3. After the tool is secured to the machine, make sure that the punch ram is aligned directly over the center of the brake (3).
4. Place the selector switch in the START position and the run/jog switch in the JOG position.
5. Power the machine and place the selector switch in the PUNCH position.
6. Jog the ram down to the brake, allowing 1/8 of an inch (3mm) between the ram and the tool. Set the upper stroke control.
7. Place the run/jog switch in the RUN position.

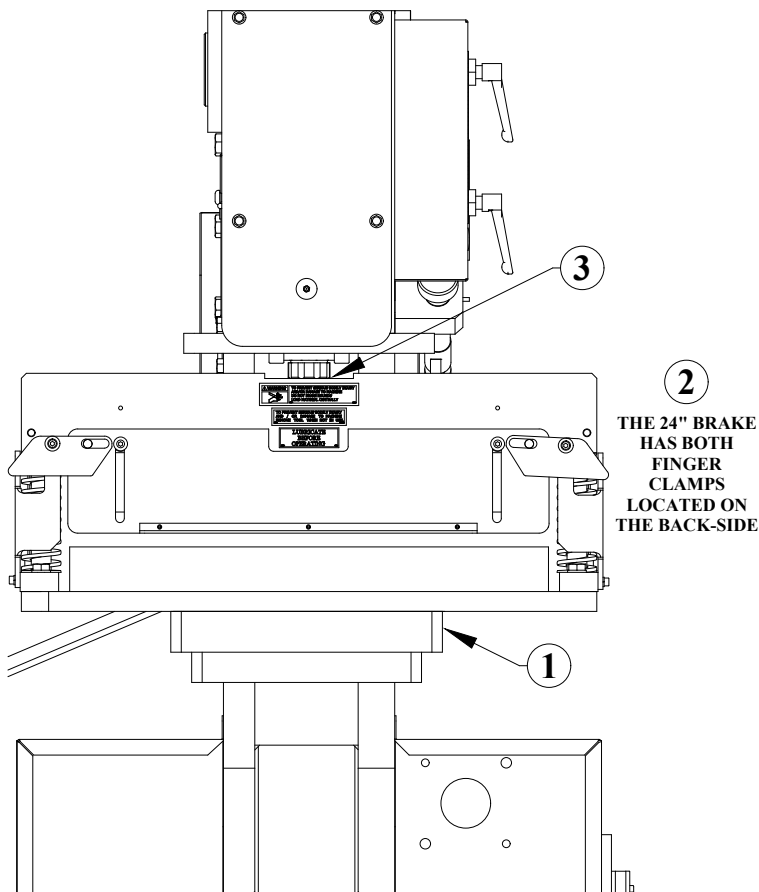
#### **THREE VERY IMPORTANT POINTS TO REMEMBER:**

1. Never allow any part of your body to get between the upper and lower dies of a brake.
2. Brakes must be center loaded. NEVER side load a brake; it will put undue pressure on the guide parts, causing damage to the tool and an unsatisfactory bend.
3. Never hold the workpiece while performing a bending operation.

## 12" & 24" BRAKE MOUNTING

An FI 12510 machine is shown below with a 12" brake (right) and a 24" brake (left) mounted in the punch station. The 24" brake can only be mounted as shown (facing the end of machine) as there is not enough throat depth to mount it the other way. This does limit how far the material can extend out from the back side of the brake.

FI 12510 WITH 24" BRAKE  
SHOWN BELOW



FI 12510 WITH 12" BRAKE  
SHOWN BELOW

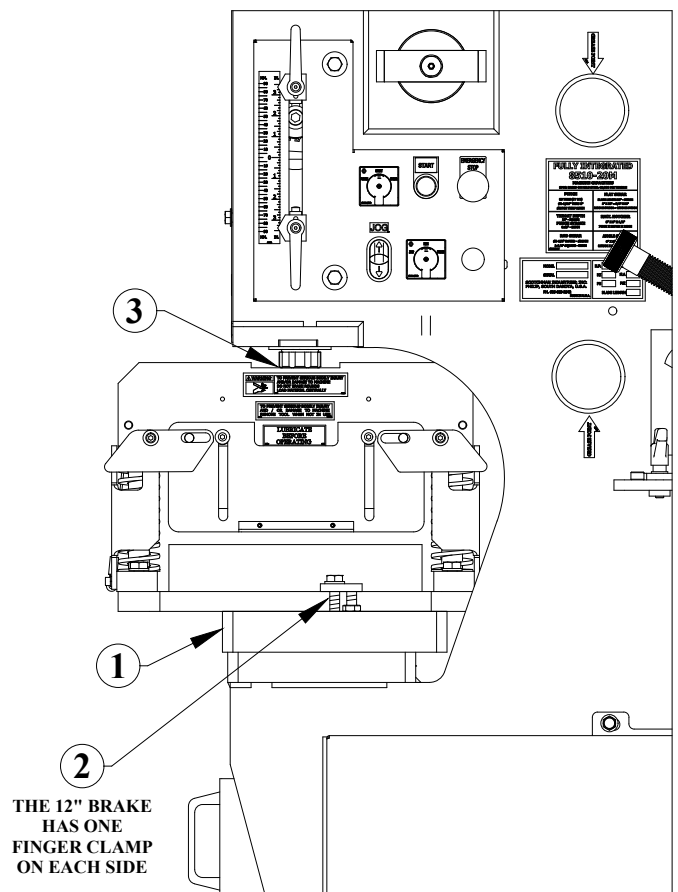


FIGURE 8.4



## **8.3.2 Operation**

### **➞ NEVER PUT YOUR HANDS INTO OR AROUND A BRAKE WHILE IT IS IN OPERATION.**

Hold short pieces with tongs or a similar device.

In using the brake, it is necessary to load the brake centrally. (Visual centering is sufficient.)

If the work is performed off-center, the guide pins could be damaged.

The brake lift is provided by the springs.

If sticking occurs at the bottom of the stroke and the upper die does not return, usually a slight tap on the upper die is sufficient to free the guides.

**NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**

### **➞ DO NOT ATTEMPT TO FREE THE BRAKE BY HAND.**

Sticking can be caused by lack of lubrication, complexity of the part being bent or bent guide pins.

Keep the guides well lubricated and replace them if they are damaged.

It is common practice to have the bottom die opening 8 times the thickness of the material being bent.

For tonnage requirements, SEE FIGURE 8.5 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

If parts require bends of less than 90 degrees, adjust the stroke until the desired bend is obtained.

A great variety of standard brake dies can be used with this unit.

Dies are available from Scotchman Industries or your local dealer.

All brakes are shipped with 2 inch (50mm) vee opening dies, unless otherwise specified.

The brakes on this machine have 125 tons of force available.

**⊠ CAUTION: TO PREVENT POSSIBLE INJURY TO PERSONNEL AND DAMAGE TO THE TOOL, THIS TOOL MUST BE REMOVED WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**

# BRAKE TONNAGE CHART

PRESSURE IN TONS PER LINEAR FOOT REQUIRED TO MAKE 90 DEGREE AIR BEND IN MILD STEEL

THICKNESS OF METAL		WIDTH OF V-DIE OPENING																						
GAUGE	INCHES	1/4	5/16	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	7/8	1	1-1/8	1-1/4	1-1/2	2	2-1/2	3	3-1/2	4	5	6	7	8	10	12	
20	.036	2.9	2.2	1.7	1.2	1.0																		
18	.048		4.0	2.9	1.6	1.3																		
16	.060			5.6	3.6	2.7	2.2	1.7																
14	.075				6.0	4.5	3.4	3.0	2.5	2.1														
13	.090					6.8	5.4	4.3	3.7	3.3	2.9													
12	.105					10.1	7.4	6.3	5.4	4.4	4.0	3.2												
11	.120						10.5	8.8	7.2	6.2	5.4	4.3	3.2											
10	.135							11.3	9.6	8.4	5.6	4.1												
9	.150								13.1	11.9	9.0	6.7	5.2	3.5										
7	.188								16.4	14.0	11.2	7.6	5.8	4.5										
1/4	.250										28.8	22.0	15.3	11.5	9.1	7.5	6.2							
5/16	.313											38.0	26.0	19.2	16.0	12.5	10.6	7.6						
3/8	.375												41.0	29.9	24.0	19.4	16.0	12.3	9.3					
7/16	.438													45.2	35.0	28.0	24.0	17.0	14.6	11.1				
1/2	.500														47.9	39.0	33.1	24.0	19.0	15.6	12.7			
5/8	.625															69.5	58.0	42.2	32.4	26.0	23.0	16.5		
3/4	.750																92.0	69.0	52.2	42.2	36.0	27.0	21.0	
7/8	.875																	104	80.0	63.0	52.5	39.4	31.2	
1.0	1.00																		112	90.0	76.0	56.2	44.0	

PRESSURES HIGHLIGHTED IN **BOLD** ARE FOR DIES WITH FEMALE DIE OPENINGS APPROX. 8 TIMES METAL THICKNESS, WITH RADIUS ON MALE DIE EQUAL TO METAL THICKNESS, AND ARE CONSIDERED IDEAL FOR RIGHT ANGLE BENDING.

BENDING PRESSURES REQUIRED FOR OTHER METALS AS SOFT BRASS ----- 50% OF PRESSURE LISTED  
 COMPARED TO 65,000 P.S.I. TENSILE MILD STEEL ON CHART: SOFT ALUMINUM ----- 50% OF PRESSURE LISTED  
 ALUMINUM ALLOYS (HEAT TREATED) - SAME AS STEEL  
 STAINLESS STEEL ----- 50% MORE THAN STEEL  
 CHROME MOLYBDENUM ----- 100% MORE THAN STEEL

FIGURE 8.5

## 8.4 Open-End Brake

This brake is designed to form box frames out of angle iron. It has a maximum capacity of 1/4" (6mm).

### 8.4.1 Installation

SEE FIGURE 8.6 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

This brake mounts in the punch station and the selector switch must be in the PUNCH position to operate this tool. The die holder, punch retaining nut and the stripper must be removed to install this tool. Mount the tool so that it lines up directly under the punch ram (1) and anchor it to the punch bed with the clamp (2) provided.

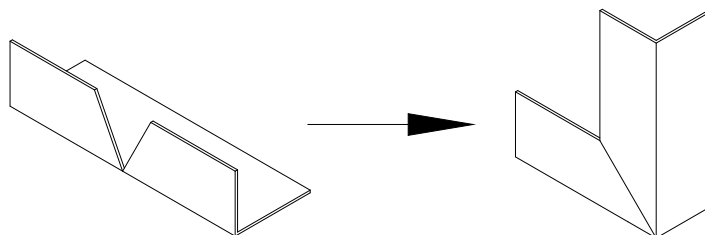
### 8.4.2 Operation

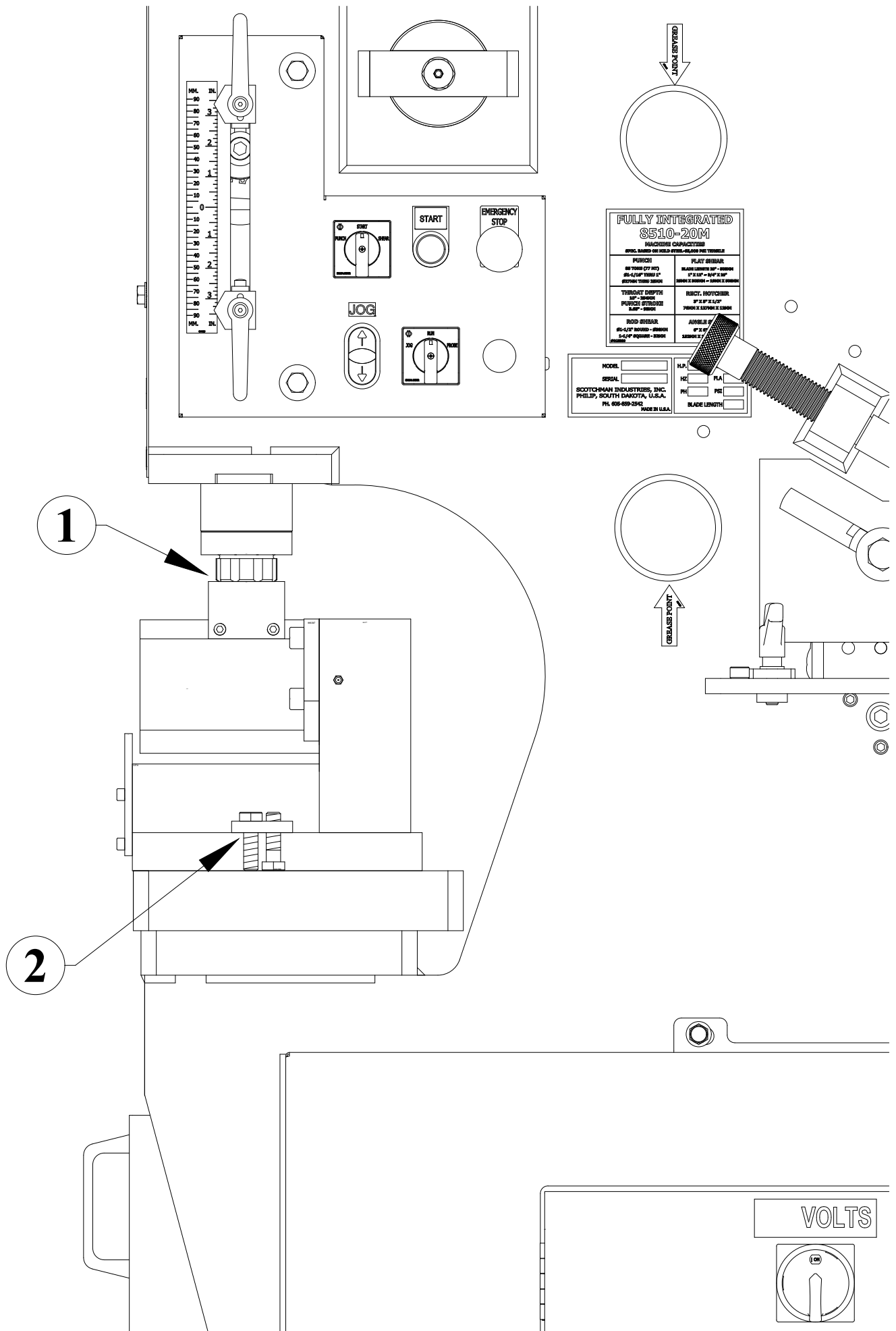
The down-stroke of the machine must be set, to prevent damage to the tool. Grease the brake guides every two hours of operation.

**NOTE:** If tool ever jams or gets stuck - **REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**

➡ **ALWAYS REMOVE THIS TOOL WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**

Tool is designed to bend notched angle iron to a 90° angle as shown below.





**FIGURE 8.6**

## **8.5 Picket Tool**

The picket fence tool is designed to put picket fence points on square tubing from 1/2 to 1 inch (12 to 25 mm). This tool is mounted in the punch station and operated with the selector switch in the PUNCH position.

### **8.5.1 Installation**

**SEE FIGURE 8.7 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

1. Remove the die holder, stripper and the punch retaining nut.
2. Install the punch pusher (5) with the #45 punch retaining nut (4).
3. Install the tool on the bolster so that the punch pusher aligns with the ram on the tool.
4. Anchor the tool to the punch bed with the finger clamps (3) provided.

### **8.5.2 Operation**

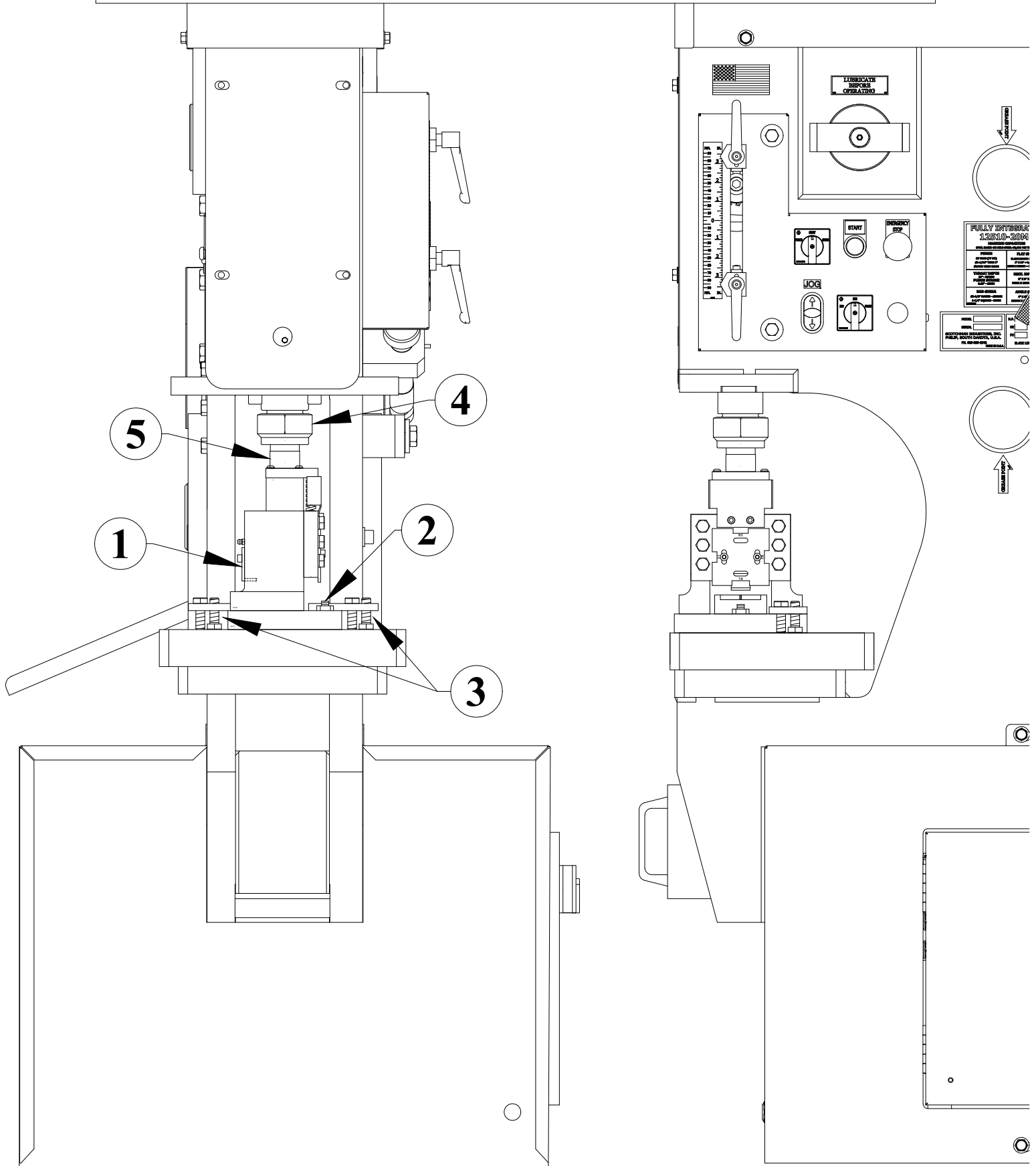
**CAUTION: THE DOWNSTROKE OF THE MACHINE MUST BE SET BEFORE OPERATING THIS TOOL. FAILURE TO SET THE DOWNSTROKE OF THE MACHINE WILL RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE TOOL AND POSSIBLE INJURY TO PERSONNEL.**

1. Set the down stroke of the machine so that the upper die clears the lower die by twice the wall thickness of the tube, plus 1/32 of an inch (.8mm).
2. Rotate the tube guide on the front of the tool to the proper size. If you are cutting 1 inch tube, remove the tube guide.
3. Adjust the tube stop (1) just low enough to contact the upper edge of the tube.
4. Adjust the rest stop (2) so that it is approximately half of the tube size below the lower die.
5. Feed the tube into the tool until it contacts the stop (1). Depress the foot pedal.
6. Make sure that the slugs eject from the tool as the next piece is fed into the tool.
7. Lubricate the dies every 10 to 15 cuts and grease the ram daily.



**CAUTION: TO PREVENT POSSIBLE INJURY TO PERSONNEL AND DAMAGE TO THE TOOL, THIS TOOL MUST BE REMOVED WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**

**NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**



**FIGURE 8.7**

## 8.6 Square Tube Shear

The square tube shear is designed to shear square tubing from 1/4" to 2" (6mm to 51mm). 12 gauge (.105 or 2.7mm) is the maximum material thickness.

### 8.6.1 Installation

SEE FIGURE 8.8 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.

Make sure blade cap is bolted to upper blade and springs installed as shown in upper left of Figure 8.8.

Tool mounts in the punch station. The punch bolster must be removed as tool mounts on punch bed (1).

Place machine in PUNCH mode and adjust the stroke so the punch ram goes to its highest position.

1. Mount the tool over the slug release slot in the punch bed (1) and squarely under punch ram (3).
2. Anchor the tool with the finger clamps (2) provided - One finger clamp on each side.

### 8.6.2 Operation

1. The selector switch must be in the PUNCH position to operate this tool.
2. Set the up-stroke of the machine so that the size of tube you want to shear will feed through the tool. Make sure that the up-stroke is set so that there is spring tension on the pressure block at all times.
3. Set the down stroke of the machine so that the upper blade passes the lower blade by approximately 1/8 of an inch (3mm).

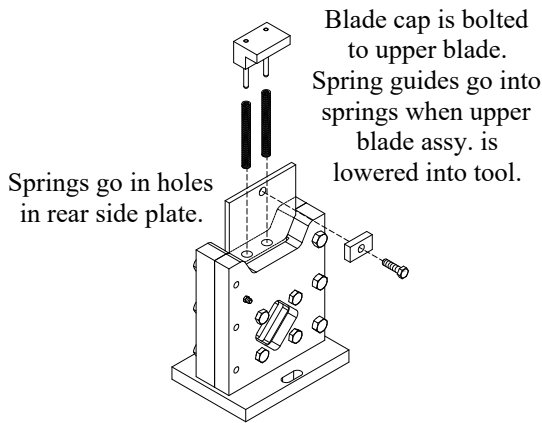
⊗ CAUTION: DO NOT OVER STROKE OR "BOTTOM OUT" SQUARE TUBE SHEAR AS IT COULD CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE TOOL.

4. Feed the tubing through the shear to the desired length and depress the foot pedal.
5. Lubricate the blades every ten to fifteen cuts as this will increase blade life.

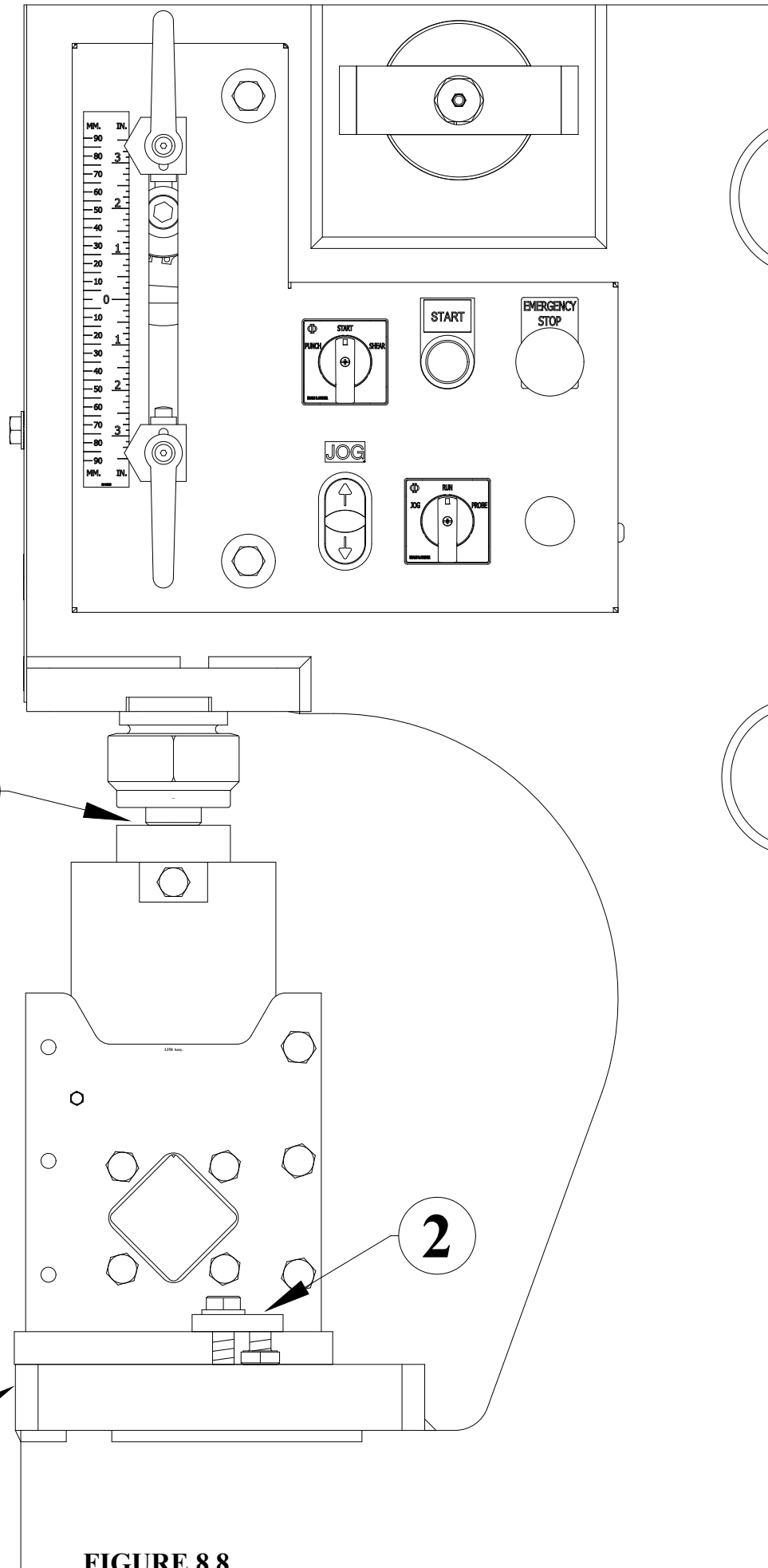
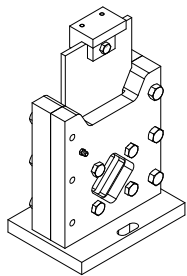
NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.

⊗ CAUTION: ALWAYS REMOVE THIS TOOL WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.

**TUBE SHEAR**



**ASSEMBLED VIEW**



**FIGURE 8.8**



## **8.7 Optional Die Holders & Punch Retaining Nuts**

SEE FIGURE 8.9 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR 8.7.1 - 8.7.5

### **8.7.1 Offset Die Holder**

The offset die holder is used for punching holes in the flange of structural shapes such as channel, I-beam and H-beam. The offset die holder is installed in place of the standard die holder and requires four bolts to anchor it to the bolster. Use the two bolts provided with the die holder. Use the same method of installing and aligning punches and dies as outlined in SECTION 7.1, with a few exceptions. The down stroke of the machine must be set. Use the instruction sheet that came with the die holder.

**CAUTION:** FAILURE TO SET THE STROKE WILL ALLOW THE PUNCH RETAINING NUT TO STRIKE THE DIE HOLDER, CAUSING DAMAGE TO THE MACHINE AND POSSIBLE INJURY TO THE OPERATOR. BECAUSE OF ITS DESIGN, THE OFFSET DIE HOLDER HAS A MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF 40 TONS. EXCEEDING 40 TONS WILL DAMAGE THE TOOL AND MAY CAUSE INJURY TO THE OPERATOR. FOR PUNCH TONNAGE REQUIREMENTS, REFER TO FIGURE 7.3 ON PAGE 29.



**CAUTION:** THE OFFSET DIE HOLDER MUST BE REMOVED WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.

### **8.7.2 Die Inserts (2-1/2" & 3")**

Always follow the preferred method of aligning punches and dies. SEE SECTION 7.1.

The 2-1/2 inch and 3 inch die inserts are used in place of the standard die inserts.

These die inserts are for oversized punching.

For sizes and applications, see the Punches & Dies Section of the #40 TOOLING PARTS MANUAL.

### **8.7.3 6" x 6" Die Holder**

Always follow the preferred method of aligning punches and dies. SEE SECTION 7.1.

The 6 x 6 die holder is used in place of the standard die holder.

This 6 x 6 die holder is provided with a riser plate that must be used with this model and mounted with the bolts provided. Capacities for oversize punching with this tool go up to 4 inches (100mm).

For sizes and application, see the Punches & Dies Section of the #40 TOOLING PARTS MANUAL.

### **8.7.4 #45 Punch Retaining Nut**

The #45 punch retaining nut is of the same design as the #40 and is used in oversize punching applications. FOR REQUIREMENTS, see the Punches & Dies Section of the #40 TOOLING PARTS MANUAL.

# 8.7.5 Heavy Duty Retaining Nut (Split-Ring)

The heavy duty split-ring retaining nut is used in oversize punching applications that require a punch with a 2 inch (50mm) shank diameter (5). Follow the instructions in SECTION 7.1 for proper punch and die alignment. This retaining nut requires the heavy duty nut wrench (6) which should be ordered when ordering the nut. To use the heavy duty split-ring retaining nut, remove the six socket head cap screws (4). Slide the retaining ring (3) over the punch shank. Place the split-rings (2) into the groove in the punch. Place the ring nut (1) on the punch and replace the six socket head cap screws (4).

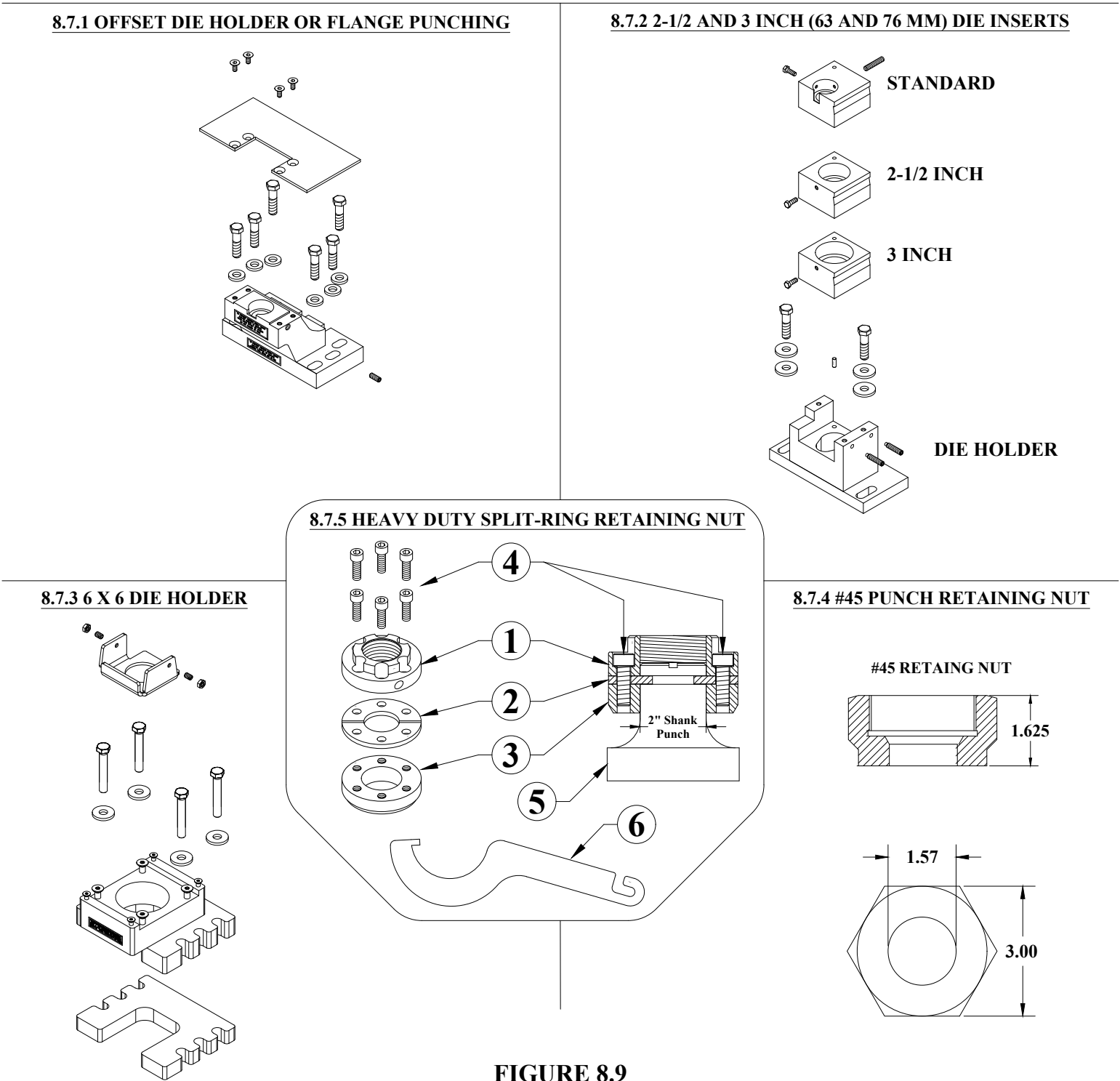


FIGURE 8.9

## **8.8 Urethane Stripper Assembly**

Scotchman does not recommend this unit for all general punching applications. However, using this specially designed "Non Deform" stripper unit does offer a significant advantage over a standard stripper arrangement in reducing distortion when punching a confined pattern or series of holes in flat bars or plates.

- **NOTE: THIS STRIPPER ONLY WORKS WITH #40 TOOLING. THE MAXIMUM HOLE SIZE THAT CAN BE PUNCHED ARE 1-1/4 (31mm) ROUND AND OVAL AND 3/4 (19mm) SQUARE.**

The action of this unit will minimize distortion in the work piece and in many cases eliminate costly correction and straightening processes. Of course, there is a limit to how much material can be removed in a confined area without causing some deformation. Contact your local Scotchman dealer for advice. Combining this unit with a linear feed repetitive stop system for punching a series of holes in flat bar will significantly increase productivity. Because of the action of this type of unit, particular attention must be paid when setting the stroke length. The stripper unit moves in conjunction with the punch and extra care must be taken by the operator. (Refer to the setting and operating instructions in this section.)

The maximum thickness which can be punched using this unit is 3/4" (19mm) in steel with a rated tensile strength of 65,000 psi.

### **8.8.1 Installation**

1. Raise the top limit switch to its highest position. Power the machine and let the punch ram retract to its full UP position.
2. Open the standard stripper and remove it from the machine by removing the left hand mounting bolt.
3. If there is a punch and die installed in the machine, remove them. Remove table from die holder (1).
4. Loosen the two bolts (2) holding the die holder and replace the die holder.
5. Remove the punch ram adapter (3) from the end of the punch ram.
6. Disassemble the urethane stripper by removing the two M12 bolts (4) and large washers (5).
7. Install the stripper mounting plate (6) and the punch ram adapter to the punch ram with the bolts provided.

8. Select the proper punch and die. Make sure that there is proper clearance between the punch and die. For recommended clearances:  
SEE SECTION 7.1 "PUNCH OPERATION" - Letter "I"
9. Clean both the punch and die of any foreign material.
10. Insert the proper die in the die insert (7). If the die has a flat spot in it, and the flat spot needs to be on the side instead of the back; remove the die insert by loosening the two set screws (8) from the side of the die holder, and insert the die by aligning the flat spot with the side set screw (9). Then tighten the set screw firmly with a wrench and re-install the die insert. Mount table on the die holder.
11. Insert the punch into the punch retaining nut. Make sure that it seats properly. Place the punch retaining nut assembly on the die insert, with the punch inserted in the die.

► **NOTE: IF YOU ARE USING PUNCHES THAT REQUIRE A KEY, INSERT THE KEY IN THE PUNCH AT THIS POINT.**

12. Place the selector switch in the ON position and the selector in the start position. Power the machine by pressing the green START button.
13. Check to make sure that there are no objects (such as tools) under or on any of the moving parts.
14. Place the selector switch in the jog position and carefully inch the punch ram to its set DOWN position.
15. Turn machine's power OFF.
16. Lift the punch retaining nut and start threading it onto the punch ram adapter.
17. Use a wrench to tighten the punch retaining nut. Make sure that there is equal clearance on all sides of the punch in the die.
18. Re-tighten the bolts in the die holder.
19. Check to be sure of proper alignment. Realign, if necessary.
20. Power the machine on and place the selector switch in the JOG position. Carefully inch the punch ram down until there is just enough space to slide the lower assembly (10) underneath the stripper mounting plate and power off the machine.  
(See "Gap" IN FIGURE 8.10).

► **NOTE: LINE UP THE POSTS (11) OF THE LOWER ASSEMBLY WITH THE BUSHING HOLES IN THE STRIPER MOUNTING PLATE.  
FAILURE TO DO THIS MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE BUSHINGS!**

21. Using the M12 hex bolts and large washers, insert the bolts through the large bushing holes of the of the stripper mounting plate, and thread the bolts into the posts. Tighten the bolts all the way, making sure the posts are guided into the bushings correctly. The bolts should be tightened until they bottom out on the top of the posts.

## **8.8.2 Changing the Urethane Springs**

### **SEE FIGURE 8.10**

If the unit is constantly over stroked or over a period of time, it may be necessary to renew the urethane springs. REFER TO FIGURE 8.10. The springs should be checked periodically. (A sure sign of over stroking is cracking or splitting of the springs.)

1. Remove both M12 hex bolts (4) and large washers (5) from the stripper assembly.
2. Remove the lower assembly (10) of the stripper by lifting the stripper mounting plate (6) with equal force on each end (to avoid binding).

► **NOTE: IF THE STRIPPER IS ATTACHED TO THE MACHINE, RAISE THE PUNCH RAM SO THAT THE LOWER ASSEMBLY OF THE STRIPPER CAN BE REMOVED.**

3. If the posts gets stuck in the bushings (12) of the stripper mounting plate, it may be necessary to remove the set screws (13) so the stripper plate (14) will be able to be removed.

► **CAUTION: KEEP HANDS CLEAR: WHEN THE SET SCREWS ARE REMOVED, THE STRIPPER PLATE WILL LIKELY FALL DOWN TO THE TABLE & INJURE ANY BODY PARTS THAT ARE UNDERNEATH IT.**

4. If the posts have become loose in the stripper plate, remove the appropriate set screws, (or if the set screws have already been removed), apply a thread locking solution such as Blue Loctite® and reinsert the set screws, making sure they are inserted into the dimples on the bottom of the posts (**SEE "DIMPLE TOWARDS FRONT" IN FIGURE 8.10).**
5. While the lower assembly is removed it is recommended to check the conditions of the bushings in the stripper mounting plate for excessive wear, if they need to be replaced, the stripper mounting plate must be removed from the punch ram, then the bushings can be removed using a hammer and a large diameter punch. Use a rubber mallet or a block of wood when installing new bushings so no damage is caused to the bushings.

6. Using the M12 hex bolts and large washers, insert the bolts through the large bushing holes of the stripper mounting plate, and thread the bolts into the posts. Tighten the bolts all the way, making sure the posts are guided into the bushings correctly. The bolts should be tightened until they bottom out on the top of the posts.

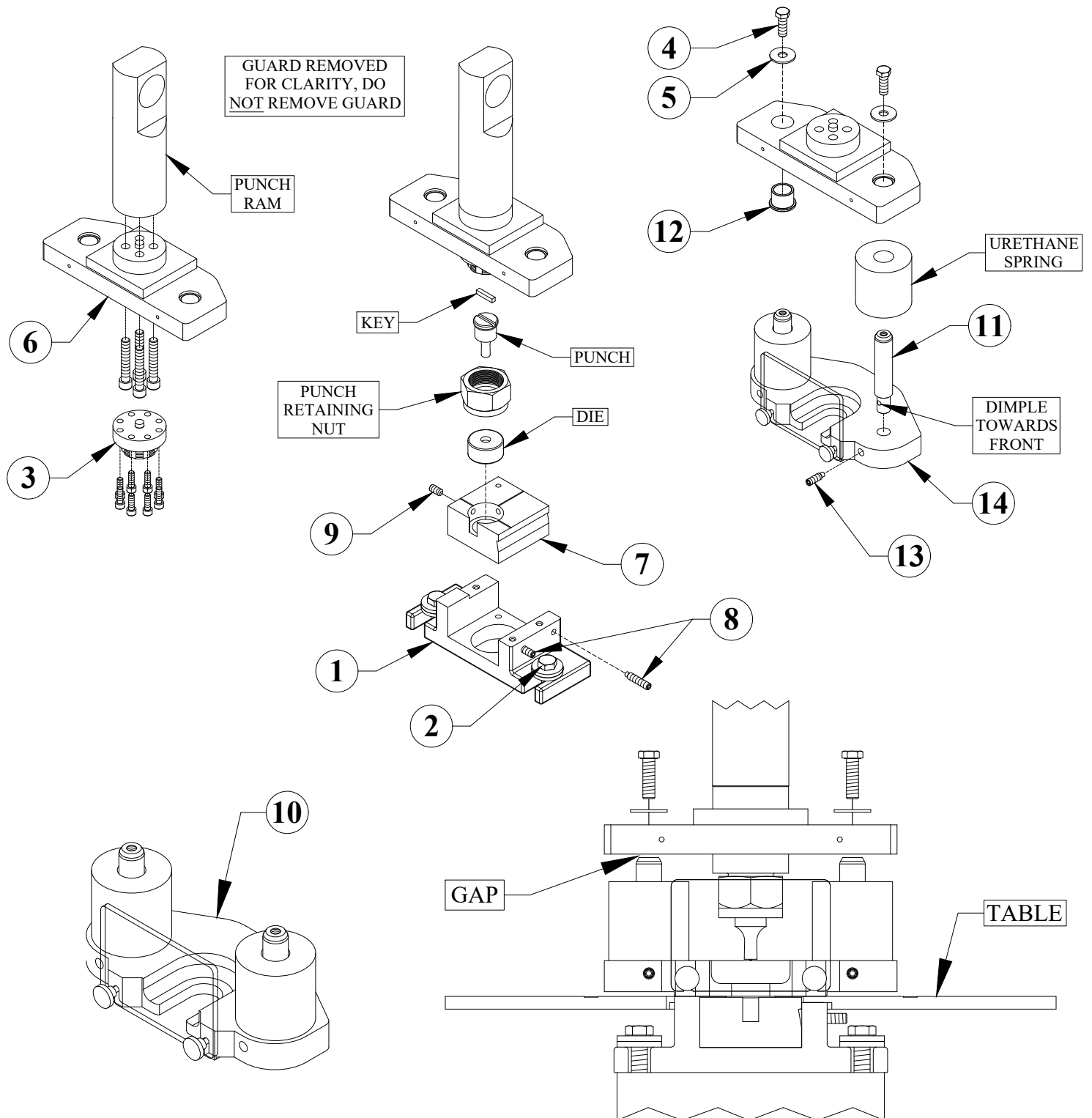


FIGURE 8.10

## **8.9 48" Backgauge**

**The Back Gauge is an option that mounts to the drop-off (back) side of the machine.**

**You can make consistent & repeatable cuts using our Back Gauge tool and save time doing so as well.**

**It is available in either a manual (deluxe) version or an electric version.**

**The Back Gauge is adjustable so it can be used with the various stations on the machine.**

**It is also adjustable for length. A ruler is affixed to help adjust the length quickly and accurately.**

**The machine comes from the factory with (4) drilled and tapped holes for mounting the Back Gauge.**

### **8.9.1 Deluxe (Manual) Backgauge**

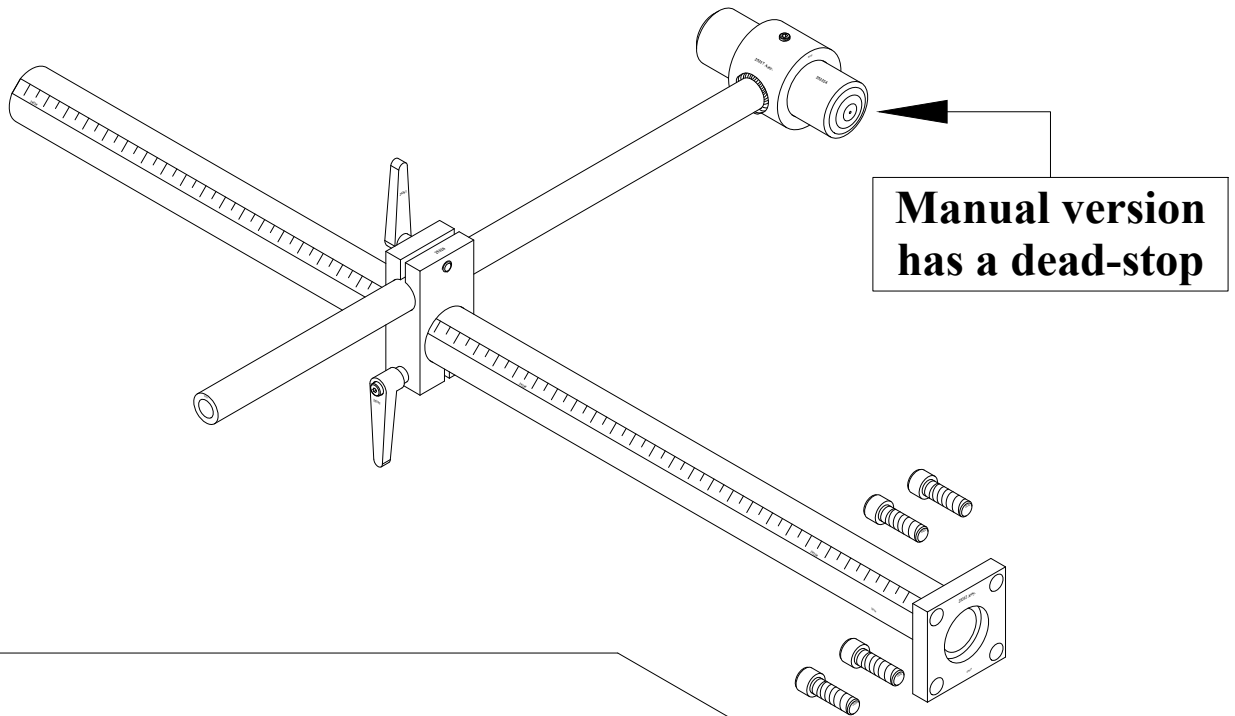
**Once the Deluxe Back Gauge is mounted to the machine and adjusted correctly, the operator moves the material thru the machine until it contacts the stop on the Backgauge. Then the foot pedal is used to activate the machine.**

### **8.9.2 Electric Backgauge**

**The electric backgauge can either be installed at the factory or installed by the customer.**

**Once mounted to the machine and adjusted correctly, the operator moves the material thru the machine and when it contacts the switch in the Electric Back Gauge, the machine will activate and cut the material.**

## Deluxe (Manual) Back Gauge 48"



## 48" Electric Back Gauge

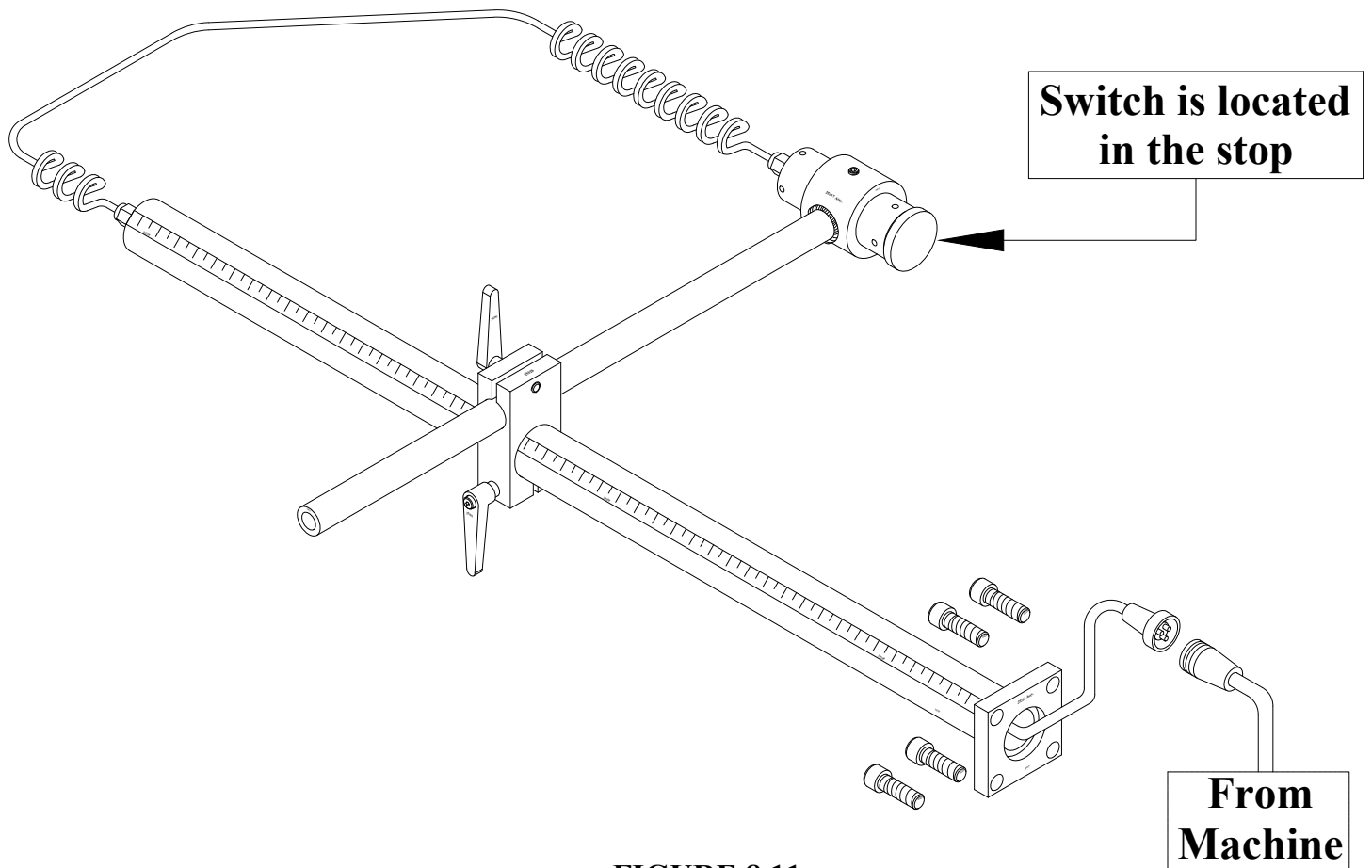


FIGURE 8.11



## **8.10 Multi-Shear Tool**

The Multi-Shear tool is designed to shear standard Unistrut profiles, specialty profiles, and structural profiles, such as small, light gauge channel and angle iron.

### **8.10.1 Installation**

**SEE FIGURE 8.12 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

1. Remove the punch, die, and die holder and install the short pusher as shown in upper left.
2. Turn the machine on and put it in the PUNCH position. Run the punch ram up to its highest setting.
3. Place the tool in the punch station under the punch ram as shown in Figure 8.12.
4. Use two bolts and thick washers (1 & 2) to mount the tool to the punch bolster. The base has a two mounting holes: (1) has a slot in the base of the tool and (2) is a centered mounting hole on the other end of the base. For clarity, the base is shown with the mounting locations left-center Fig. 8.12
5. Make sure the pusher is aligned with the pusher riser top of the moving blade and not contacting the pusher riser bolts before tightening mounting bolts. The pusher may be slightly off to one side or the other - This is fine.
6. The strut guide (3) may be like the one shown, or it may be adjustable. It depends on what the profile being sheared is like.

► **NOTE: A TECHNICAL DRAWING OR SAMPLES OF THE SHAPE YOU WANT TO SHEAR IS REQUIRED TO PURCHASE THIS TOOL.**

7. Make sure that the upstroke is set so that there is spring tension on the pressure block at all times.
8. Set the down stroke of the machine so that the moving blade travels only far enough to shear the material and no further.

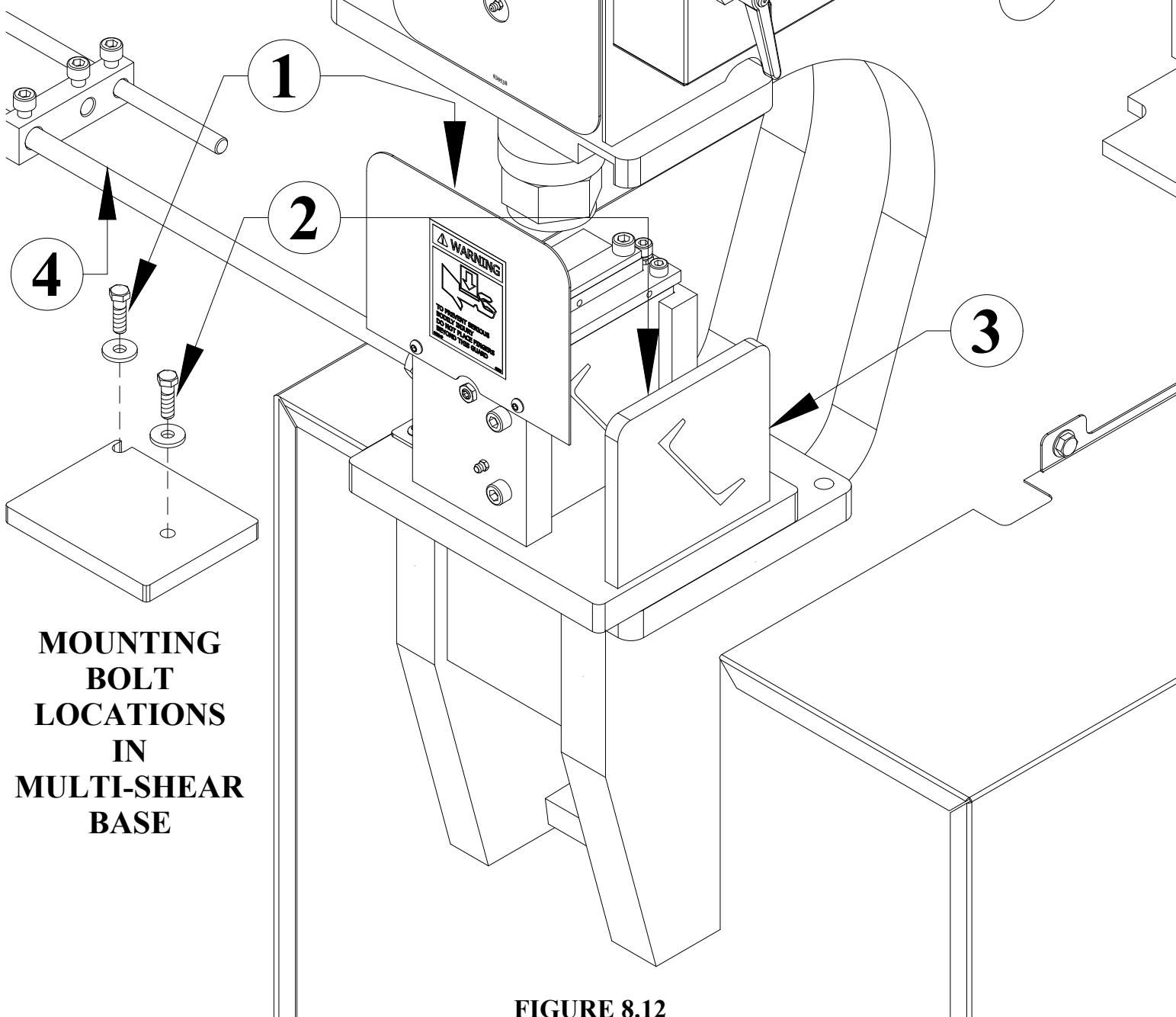
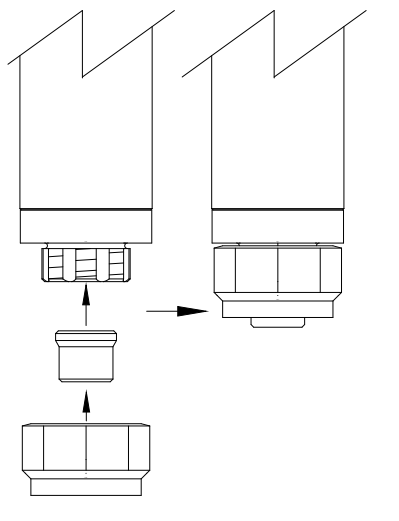
### **8.10.2 Operation**

1. The selector switch must be in the PUNCH position to operate this tool.
2. Set the down stroke of the machine so that the moving blade travels only far enough to shear the material and no further. "Bottoming out" this tool may ruin it!!
3. Feed the material through the shear to the desired length and depress the foot pedal. The Material Length Stop (4) screws into the back of the tool, if needed.
4. The tool has two (2) grease zerks; one on each side. Grease before using and every two hours after.
5. Lubricate the blades every ten to fifteen cuts.

**NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**

⊠ **CAUTION: ALWAYS REMOVE THIS TOOL WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**

**A short Pusher is used for this tool.**



**MOUNTING  
BOLT  
LOCATIONS  
IN  
MULTI-SHEAR  
BASE**

**FIGURE 8.12**

## **8.11 Weld Coupon Bender**

The Weld Coupon Bender Tool is designed to bend welded test coupons into "U" shapes for the purpose of testing soundness and ductility of welds. The maximum size of a test clip is 7" long x 2" wide x 3/8" (178 x 51 x 10mm) thick. Rollers are 4" apart (102mm).

### **8.11.1 Installation**

**SEE FIGURE 8.13 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.**

The Weld Coupon Bender Tool mounts in the punch station and is held in place with a finger clamp (1) as shown.

1. Remove the jam nut, punch, die, and die holder. Turn the machine on and put the switch in the PUNCH position and run the punch ram up to its highest setting. Turn off machine.
2. Set tool on punch bolster and make sure that the rocker cap (2) is squarely under the punch ram and that the stationary back of the coupon bender will clear the punch ram as it moves down.
3. On the left side of the tool, under the roller, there is a line machined in the tools back support. That line is for the "U" die stroke. Stroke is to be set by aligning the bottom of the ram with the line machined in the back support. Please see the the lower part of FIGURE 8.13 under "Setting the Stroke".

► **NOTE: THE DOWN STROKE MUST BE SET PROPERLY WITH THIS TOOL.**

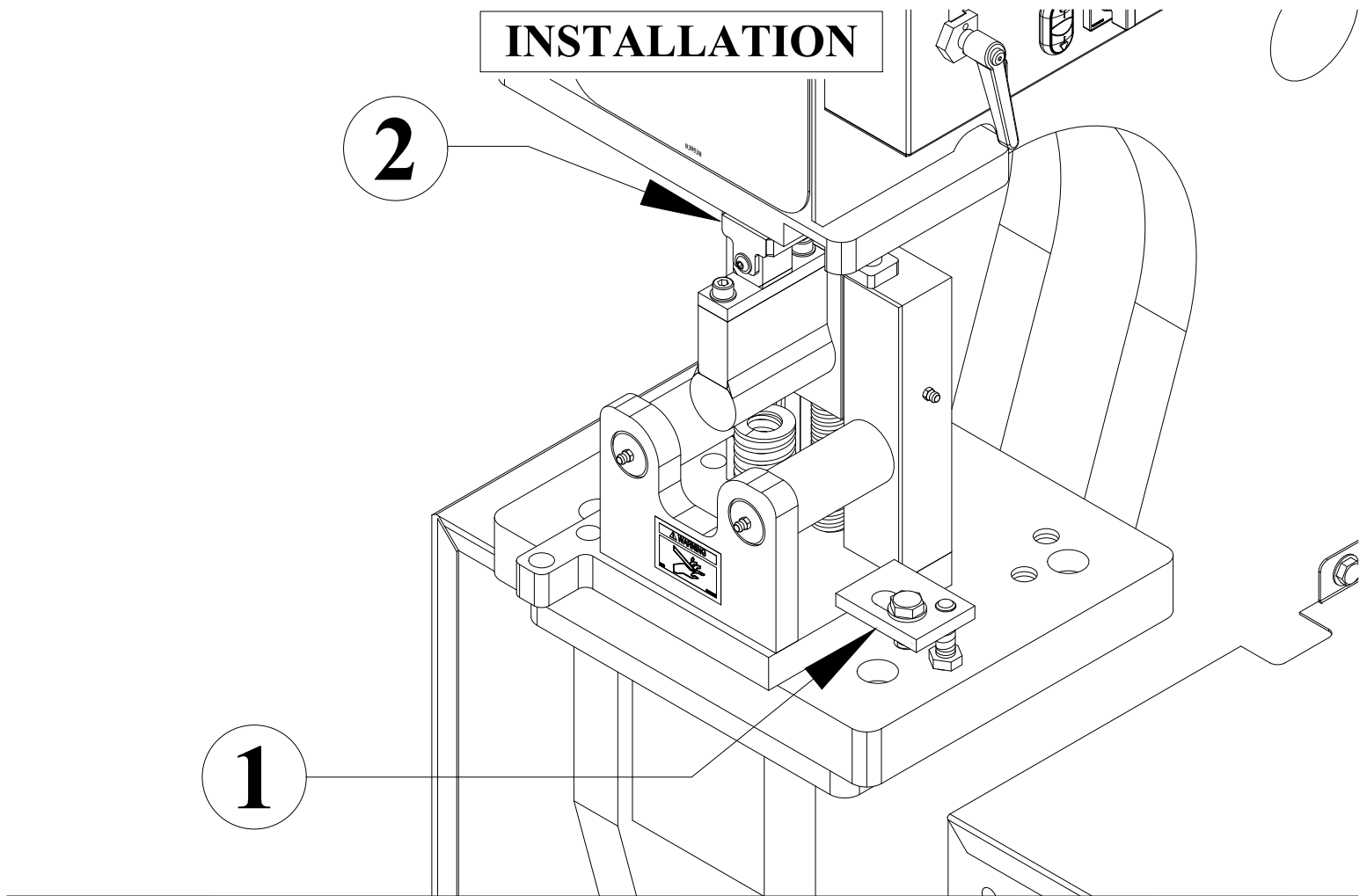
### **8.11.2 Operation**

1. Grease the rocker cap (2) between the upper arm and the tool and again after every two hours of use. Grease the ram, using the two grease zerks on the side.
2. Lightly grease the rollers, using the two grease zerks on the front of the weld tester. Make sure that the rollers still turn easily; too much grease can cause the tool to not work properly.
3. Lightly lubricate the underside of the die and the outside of the two rollers with a spray lube such as WD-40 and again, every 10-15 bends, thereafter.
4. Insert the weld test coupon by sliding it on to the rollers. Using the back of the weld tester, square up the test piece and then, move it forward enough to center it under the die. Make sure that the weld test coupon is square and centered under the die.
5. Make sure that the down stroke of the tool is set so that the bottom of the ram - NOT the die - is aligned with the scribe line.
6. After bending the weld test coupon, let the tool return to the resting position. Remove the test coupon and inspect the weld. The tool can be seen in use at [www.scotchman.com](http://www.scotchman.com).

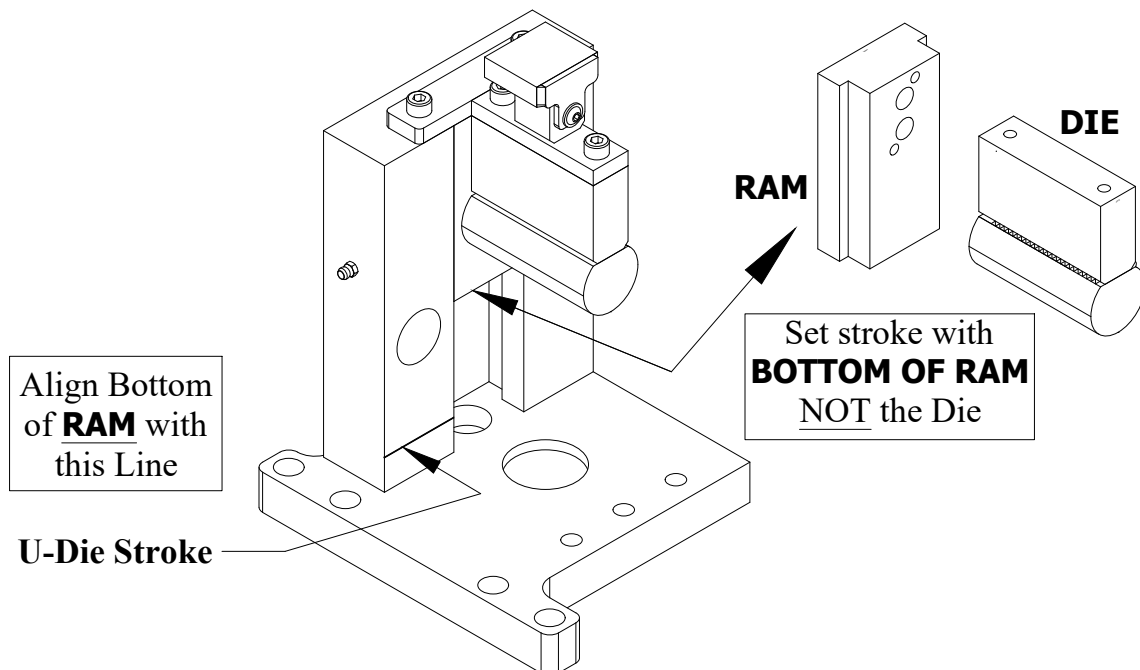
**NOTE: If tool ever jams or gets stuck - REMOVE THE TOOL FROM THE MACHINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO FREE IT.**



**CAUTION: ALWAYS REMOVE THIS TOOL WHEN IT IS NOT IN USE.**



### SETTING THE STROKE



**CAUTION: DO NOT STROKE TOOL  
PAST THE U-DIE STROKE LINE**

**FIGURE 8.13**

## **9.0 TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE**

The following guides are provided with commonly encountered problems and solutions. **THIS IS NOT AN EXHAUSTIVE LIST.** Please contact Scotchman's Customer Service Department, company representatives, and/or dealers for additional support.

### **9.1 Electrical Troubleshooting**

⊠ **CAUTION: ALL ELECTRICAL WORK PERFORMED ON THE FI 12510-20M IRONWORKER SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.**

#### **A. MOTOR WILL NOT RUN:**

1. Check the selector switch. The machine will not start unless the selector switch is in the START position.
2. Check the disconnect switch. Make sure that it is in the ON position.
3. Check the emergency stop buttons. A defective or stuck emergency stop button will not allow the machine to be powered. To check the emergency stop buttons, place a jumper wire between terminals X1 and 1. Turn the machine on. If the machine runs, turn the power off, remove the jumper and repair or replace the emergency stop buttons.

**DO NOT OPERATE THIS MACHINE WITH THE EMERGENCY STOP BUTTONS BYPASSED!!**

4. Check to be sure that the plant voltage and phase correspond to the machine voltage and phase.
5. Check the line wiring connections at the contactor. (For the wiring diagrams, SEE SECTION 5.4)
6. Check the line voltage at the contactor. If the correct line voltage is present at the starter, either the contactor or the motor is defective. Contact your local dealer or the factory.

#### **B. THE MOTOR RUNS BUT THE MACHINE WILL NOT CYCLE WHEN DEPRESSING THE FOOT PEDAL:**

1. Check the selector switch. The machine will not move unless the selector switch is in either the PUNCH or the SHEAR position.
2. Check the motor rotation. It should be counterclockwise when viewed from the shaft end of the motor.
3. Check the stroke control adjustment and make sure that only one limit switch is in contact with the metering boss. If both limit switches are in contact with the metering boss, the machine will not move. Loosen the stroke control handles and move the limit switches. Try the machine again.
4. Check the run/jog switch. The foot pedal will not operate the machine when this switch is in the JOG position.

5. Check the fuses in the control box. There are two fuses on the primary side and one on the secondary side. Remove the fuses and check them with an Ohm meter.
6. Check the limit switches. (For procedures, REFER TO SECTION 9.2 ON THE FOLLOWING PAGE.)
7. No power from the transformer: Check the voltage across the transformers secondary terminals. It should read 110 to 120 volts.
8. The solenoid on the control valve is not functioning. REFER TO SECTION 9.3.
9. The foot pedal switch is not functioning properly. A voltage test may be run on the terminal strip in the control box to determine if the foot switch is working properly.

**WARNING: THERE IS LINE VOLTAGE PRESENT IN THE CONTROL BOX WHEN THE MACHINE IS POWERED. THESE TESTS SHOULD BE PERFORMED BY A QUALIFIED ELECTRICIAN.**

#### **TO TEST THE FOOT SWITCH:**

Power the machine and place the selector switch in either the PUNCH or the SHEAR position.

Test the voltage between terminal #s 5, 10 and ground.

With the pedal up, the voltage should read 110 to 120 volts between 5 and ground.

There should be no voltage reading between 10 and ground.

With the pedal depressed, the voltage should read 110 to 120 volts between 10 and ground.

There should be no voltage reading between 5 and ground.

**IF THESE READINGS ARE NOT CORRECT, continue on with the following steps.**

- A. Turn off the machines power and remove the cover on the foot pedal. Check for loose connections.
- B. Make sure that the switches are adjusted properly. (You should hear two distinct "clicks" approximately 1/2 inch (12mm) apart when depressing the pedal.) There is a set screw adjustment on the pedal shaft to adjust the switches.
- C. Check the switches with an Ohm meter.
10. Damage to the foot pedal cord: Check the continuity of the wires in the cord with an Ohm meter. Make sure that the power to the machine is off and locked out. The wires must be disconnected from the pedal and the terminal block.

## **9.2 Limit Switch Inspection**

To determine if the limit switches are functioning properly, place the run/jog switch in the JOG position and move the limit switches out to their farthest position.

Place the selector switch in the START position and power the machine.

Place the selector switch in the PUNCH position.

While holding the jog control, use a pencil or similar device and depress the limit switch that the metering boss is traveling towards.

If the machine does not stop when the switch is depressed, the limit switch or the control valve is not functioning properly.

If the machine stops when the jog control is released, the problem is in the limit switch.

For instructions if the machine does not stop when the jog control is released, SEE SECTION 9.3.

Check the limit switch plunger to make sure that it is operating freely.

The limit switch can be tested with an Ohm meter.

The limit switch wires must be disconnected from the terminal block.

The switch should read continuity with the plunger out and open with the plunger depressed.

## **9.3 Control Valve Inspection**

**THE MACHINE WILL ONLY TRAVEL IN ONE DIRECTION.**

**THIS COULD BE CAUSED BY:**

1. **Contamination in the hydraulic oil which causes the spool to stick in one position:** With the machines power off, the spool of the valve can be manually shifted. To shift the spool manually, on each end of the control valve, there is a pin in the center of the knurled nut that holds the coil on. Using a small punch or similar device, push these pins in by hand; first one, then the other. After manually shifting the spool, turn the machine on and try it again. If the machine now operates, the hydraulic oil and filter should be changed.
2. **A defective coil on the control valve:** The coils can be checked using an Ohm meter. The wires to the coils must be disconnected. If the ohm reading shows open, the coil is defective and must be replaced.

## **9.4 HYDRAULICS**

### **THE MOST COMMON HYDRAULIC PROBLEMS ARE:**

- 1. Low level of hydraulic oil in the reservoir: The reservoir holds 13.5 U.S. gallons (51 Liters). The level should be 1-2 inches (25-50mm) below the top of the reservoir.**
- 2. Contamination in the hydraulic oil: The oil and the filter should be changed at least once a year and any time there is a possibility that contamination has gained access into the system.**  
**Replace hydraulic oil with a lightweight, non-foaming, hydraulic oil such as Mobil DTE-25**
- 3. Low pressure caused by worn or damaged parts in the cylinder or pump: There is a pressure port for a pressure gauge provided on all machines. The port will be on the valve manifold or the pressure line between the pump and the valve. A gauge with a minimum capacity of 3,500 PSI (241 BAR) is required.**
- 4. In order to check the machines hydraulic pressure, the hydraulic pressure relief valve must be in "bypass mode". This happens when the machine is "stalled out". Below explains how to do this:**  
  
**With the machine's power off, install the pressure gauge. Power the machine and put it in the Shear mode. Place a piece of thick steel in the bar shear toward the punch end of the machine and clamp it down with the hold down device. When attempting to shear the piece, the machine should stall and go into bypass mode. Watch the pressure gauge for a reading. The system pressure of this machine is 3,000 PSI (207 BAR). The pressure can be changed by adjusting the relief valve on the control valve manifold. If the pressure cannot be adjusted to 3,000 PSI, call your local dealer or the factory.**



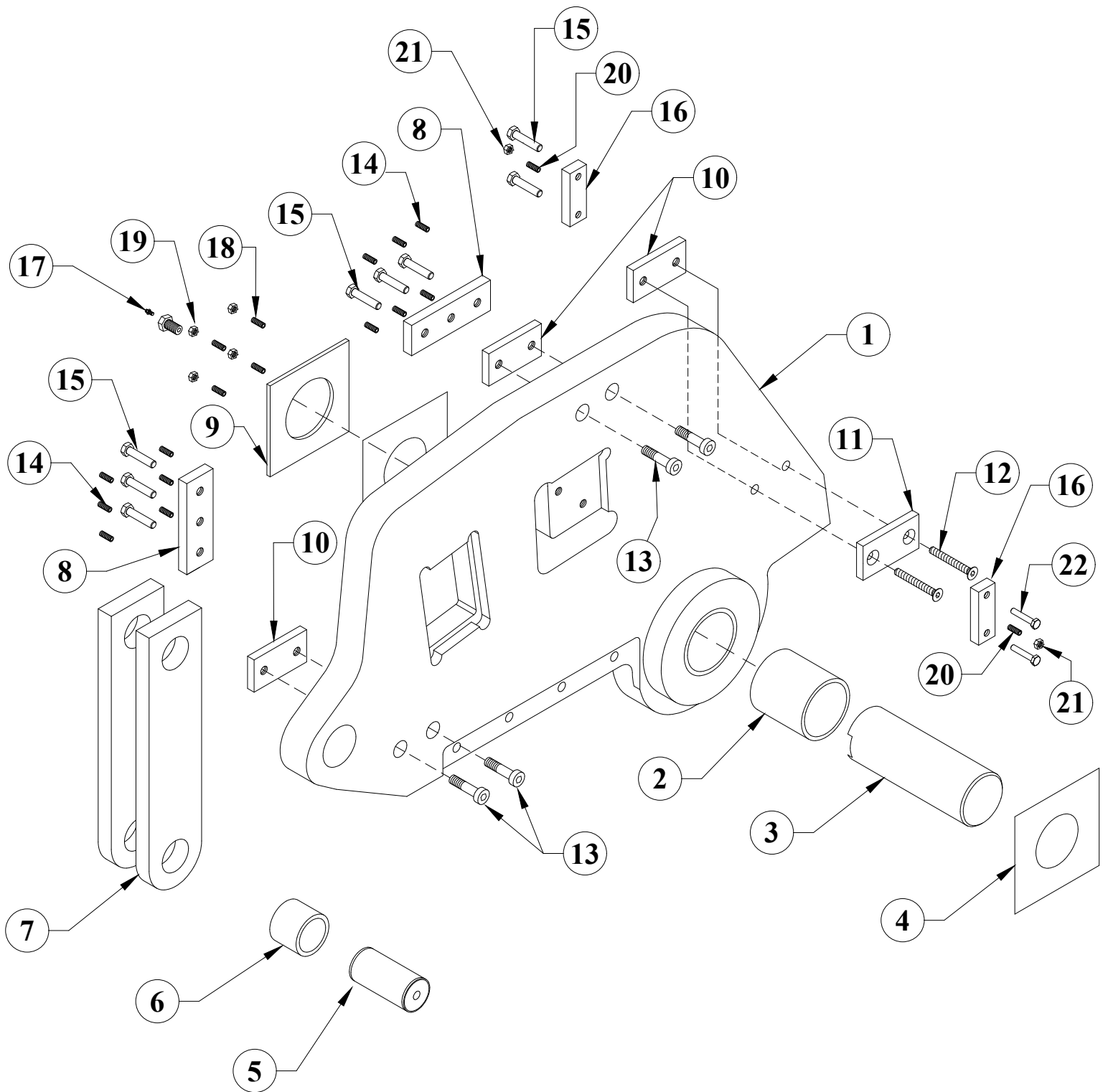
## **10.0 PARTS BREAKDOWN**

The following sections contain machine specific parts breakdown and drawings. For optional tooling replacement parts, please refer to the #40 Tooling Manual.

For convenience and ease of order completion, always provide your complete serial number when ordering parts.

### **10.1 Tool Beam Assembly**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>015588</b>	<b>FI-125 TOOL BEAM ASSEMBLY</b>
<b>2 &amp; 3</b>	<b>015313</b>	<b>TOOL BEAM PIN &amp; BUSHING</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>004232</b>	<b>BRASS WEAR PLATE</b>
<b>5 &amp; 6</b>	<b>015173</b>	<b>CONNECTING LINK PIN &amp; BUSHING</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>015382</b>	<b>CONNECTING LINK ASSEMBLY</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>004109</b>	<b>RUB BLOCK</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>004231</b>	<b>PRESSURE PLATE</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>006015</b>	<b>SHEAR ARM RUB BLOCK</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>004015</b>	<b>TOOL BEAM WEAR STRIP (C'SINK)</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>233433</b>	<b>M12 X 85MM FSHCS BOLT</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>221325</b>	<b>M12 X 55MM SHCS BOLT</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>218112</b>	<b>M12 X 35MM SET SCREW</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>205422</b>	<b>M12 X 55MM HHCS BOLT</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>004103</b>	<b>NOTCHER WEAR PLATE</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>080174</b>	<b>M16 X 25MM GREASE BOLT</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>218130</b>	<b>M12 X 80MM SET SCREW</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>210014</b>	<b>M12 JAM NUT</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>218215</b>	<b>M16 X 60MM SET SCREW</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>210016</b>	<b>M16 JAM NUT</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>204222</b>	<b>M10 X 55MM HHCS BOLT</b>



**FIGURE 10.1**

## **10.2 Drive Beam Assembly**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
1	015385	Drive Beam Assy.
2	006174	Pin & Bushing Kit (2 ea)
3	016620	Snap Ring 2" (4 ea)
4	015318	Pin & Bushing Kit
5	016625	2-1/2" Snap Ring (2 ea)
6	032074	Pin & Bushing Kit
7	221327	M12 x 70 SHCS
8	080309	Meter Boss FI85/DO70-95
9	036167	Lower Punch Pin 90
10	201440	M12 x 100 HHCS
11	015132	Punch Link Kit FI85 / DO70
12*	010230	Punch Ram and Bushing Kit (35 - 42)
13	210014	M12 Jam Nut
14	080174	Grease Bolt Main Pin (2 ea)
15	221315	M12 x 40 SHCS (4 ea)
16	016095	#40 XL Punch Retaining Nut
17	006202	#82 Metric Die Insert
17.1	006252	Insert for 2-1/2" Dies
17.2	006302	Insert for 3" O.D. Dies
18	219060	M10 x 50 Set Screw
19	077145	M7.5 x 20 Dowel Pin
20	201640	M16 x 90 HHCS (2 ea)
21	113017	Reid Hardened Washer (2 ea)
22	204220	M10 x 30 HHCS (2 ea)
23	006013	Die Holder Mertic
24	218058	M10 x 45 Set Screw (2 ea)
25	015440	Die Holder Spacer
26	221417	M16 x 45 SHCS (4 ea)
27	015582	FI-125 PUNCH BOLSTER
28	026697	Guide Finished
29	026618	Tee Nut (2 ea)
30	230107	M8 x 16 FSHCS (3 ea)
31	026713	Punch Table with Scale
32	080063	RS/Jig Handle (2 ea)
33	080182	M5 Allen Wrench
34	214012	M10 Regular Washer (2 ea)
35	015250	FI Punch Ram
36	012077	3" Punch Holder
37	221120	M8 x 25 SHCS (8 ea)
38	001217	3/16" X 1/2" DOWEL PIN
39	015033	Insert - Inc. (38) & (40)
40	004123	1/4" Key
41	030645	Guide Block
42	243101	Grease Zerk

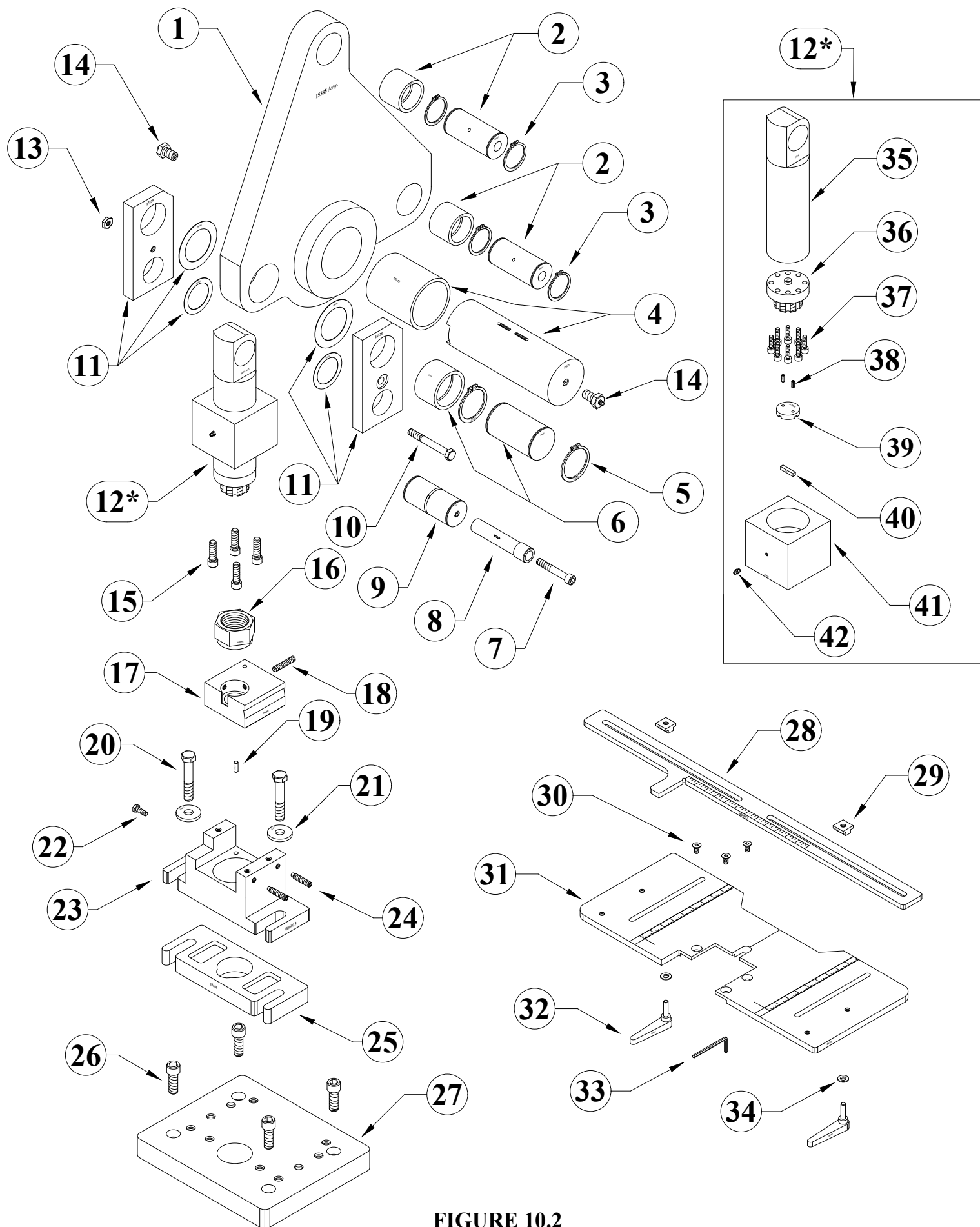
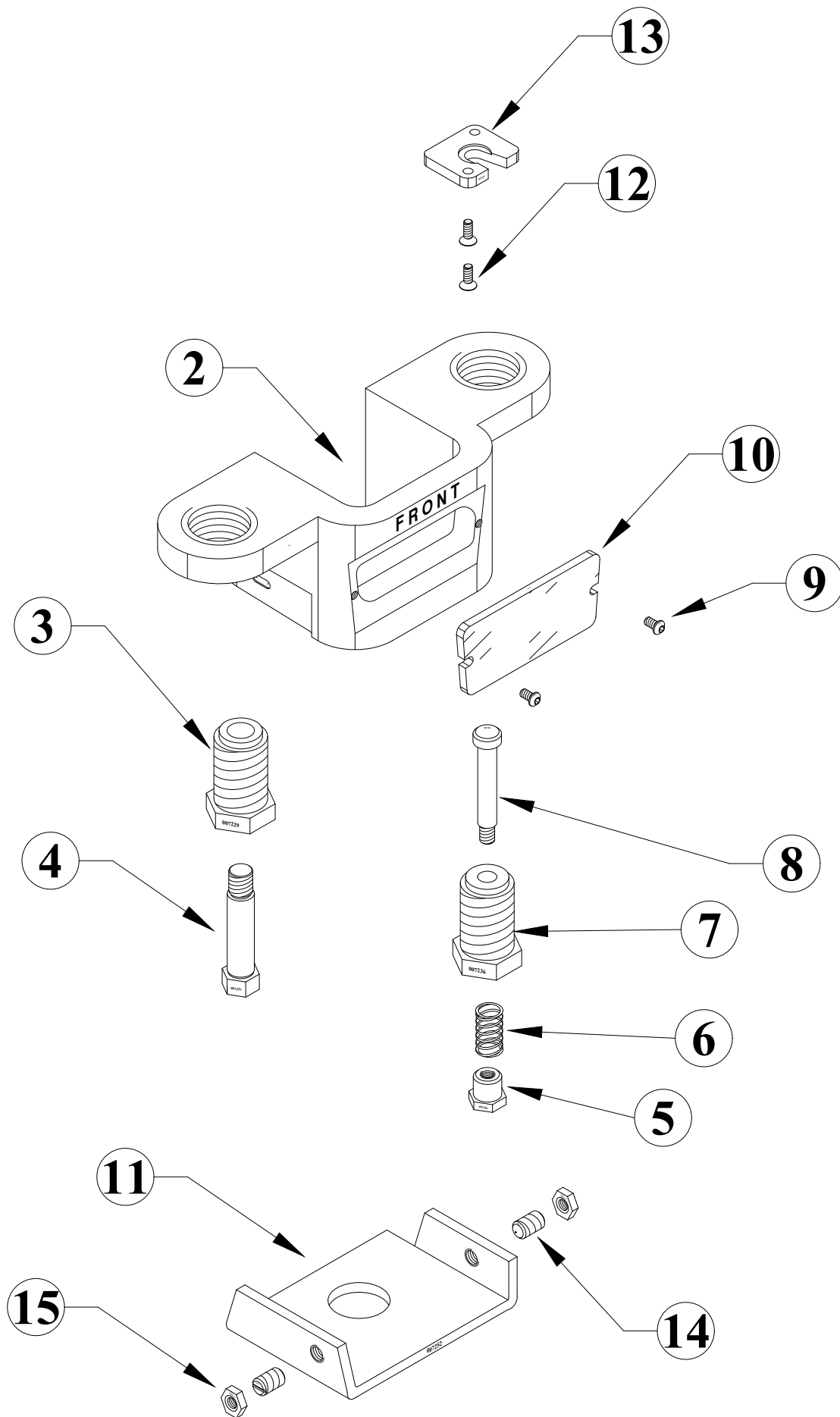


FIGURE 10.2

## **10.3 Stripper Assembly**

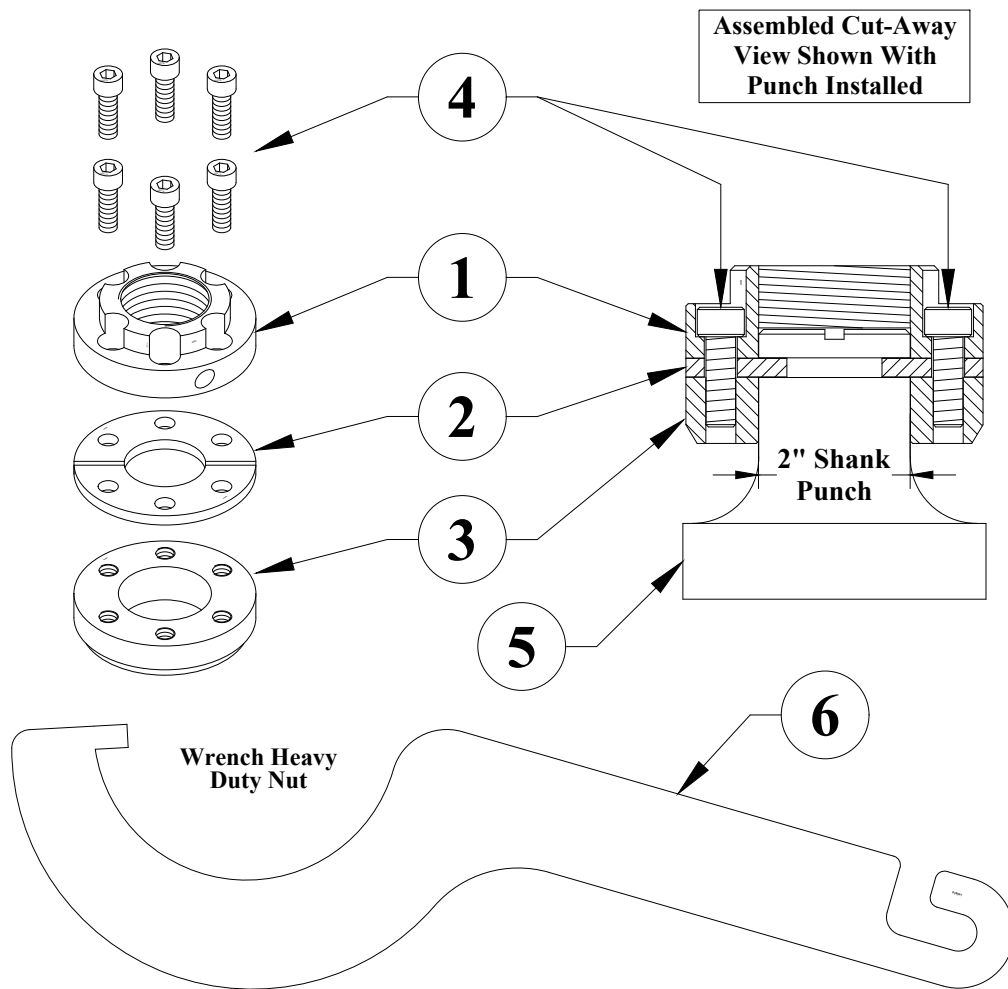
<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART#</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>015229</b>	<b>Stripper Assembly (INCLUDES (2) - (15))</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>015228</b>	<b>Stripper</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>007229</b>	<b>Adjustment Screw (Left)</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>007237</b>	<b>Stripper Stud (Left)</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>007240</b>	<b>Spring Retainer</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>015247</b>	<b>Spring</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>007236</b>	<b>Adjustment Screw (Right)</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>007239</b>	<b>Spring Rod</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>220014</b>	<b>M-6 x 10 BHCS</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>007248</b>	<b>Sight Glass (3-15/16 x 2-3/16)</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>007253</b>	<b>Stripper Plate (Includes (14) &amp; (15))</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>230007</b>	<b>M-6 x 16 FSHCS</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>007244</b>	<b>Stripper Retainer</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>001541</b>	<b>Ball Spring Screw</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>110014</b>	<b>1/2 x 13 Jam Nut</b>



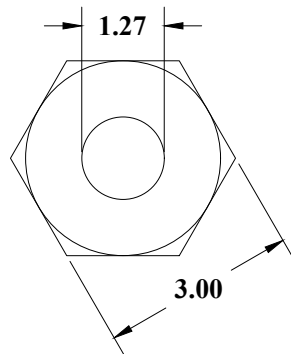
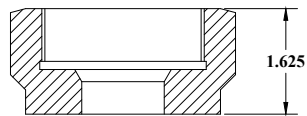
**FIGURE 10.3**

## **10.4 Punch Retaining Nuts**

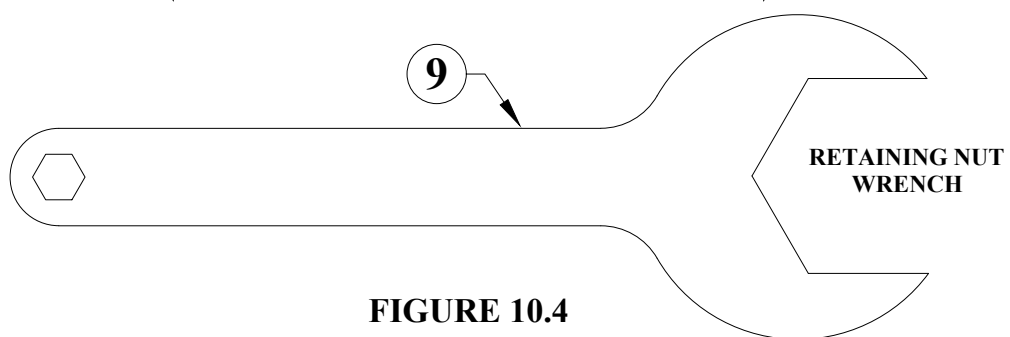
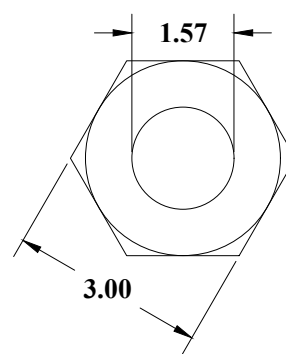
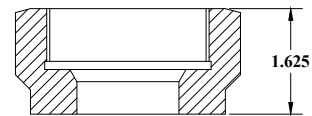
<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>026501</b>	<b>Ring Nut</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>026502</b>	<b>Split Ring (2 Required)</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>026503</b>	<b>Retaining Ring</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>221212</b>	<b>M10 X 30MM SHCS</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>N/A</b>	<b>(Example of Split Ring Punch shown)</b>
<b>5.1</b>	<b>026500</b>	<b>Complete Heavy Duty Retaining Nut (Includes 1, 2, 3 &amp; 4)</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>018507</b>	<b>Wrench Heavy Duty</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>016095</b>	<b>#40 Retaining Nut</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>016096</b>	<b>#45 Retaining Nut</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>019098</b>	<b>Wrench For 7 &amp; 8</b>



**7 #40 RETAINING NUT**



**8 #45 RETAINING NUT**

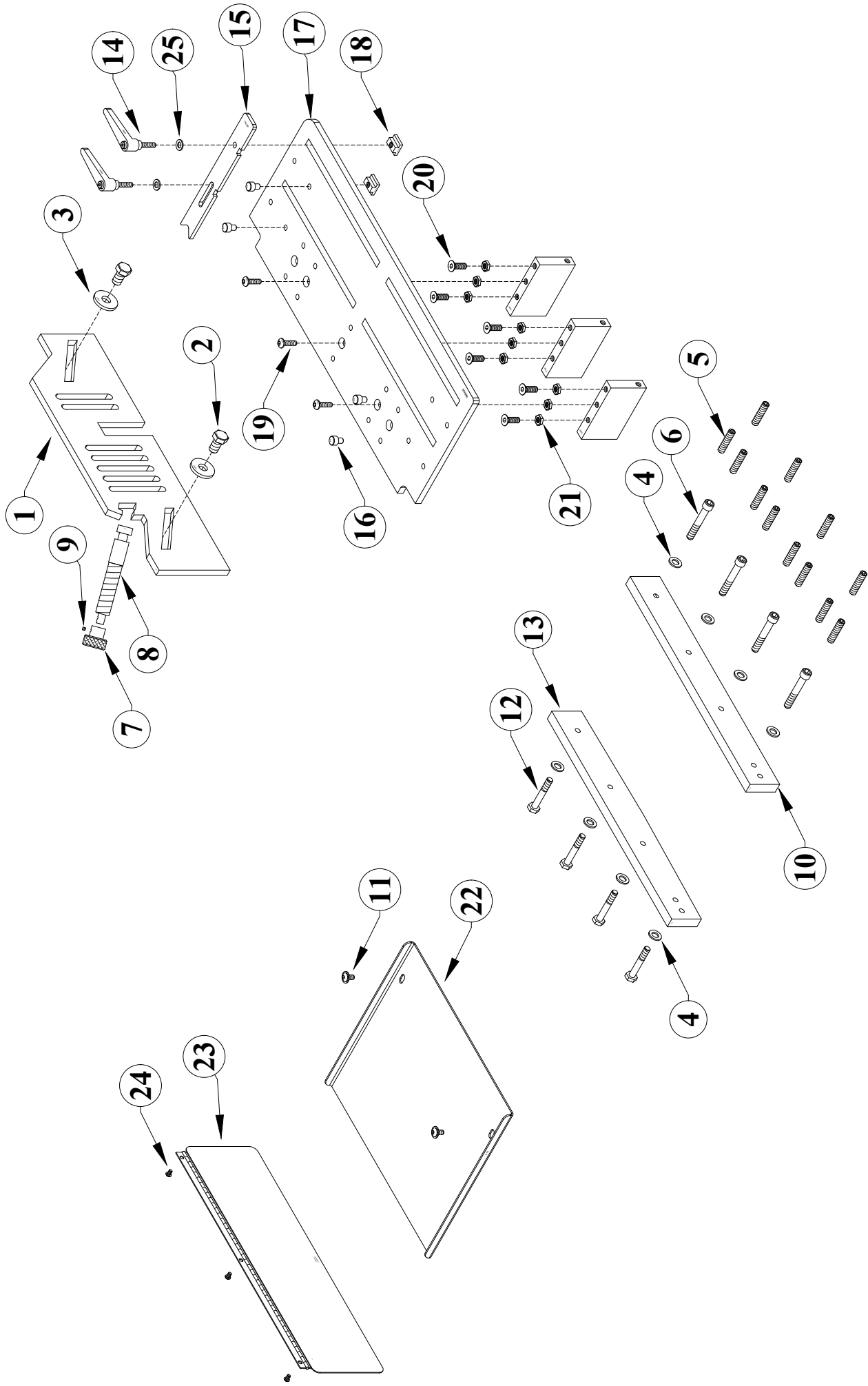


**FIGURE 10.4**



10.5 Flat Bar Shear Assembly

ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION	ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	015577	Shear Holddown Painted	14	080063	RS/Jig Handle
2	201610	M16 X 25MM HHCS	15	025705	Guide
3	113017	1 3/4 OD X 21/32 ID REID Washer	16	026698	Rest Button
4	214014	M12 Regular Washer	17	080430	XL Shear Table
5	218120	M12 X 50MM Set Screw	18	026618	Tee Nut (M10)
6	221328	M12 X 75MM SHCS	18.1	080435	Shear Table Sales (Inc. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 25)
7	025083	Holddown Knob Bar Shear	19	220029	M10 X 35 BHCS
8	015381	Shear Adj. Screw	20	230210	M10 X 30 FSHCS
9	218022	M6 X 6MM Set Screw	21	210012	M10 Jam Nut
10	025257	Bar Shear Blade 20"	22	015376	Shear Chute
11	220024	M10 X 16MM FLANGED BHCS	23	025409	Bar Shear Door Painted
12	205425	M12 X 65MM HHCS	24	221005	M6 X 12MM SHCS
13	025260	Sabre Blade Bar Shear 20"	25	214012	M10 Regular Washer

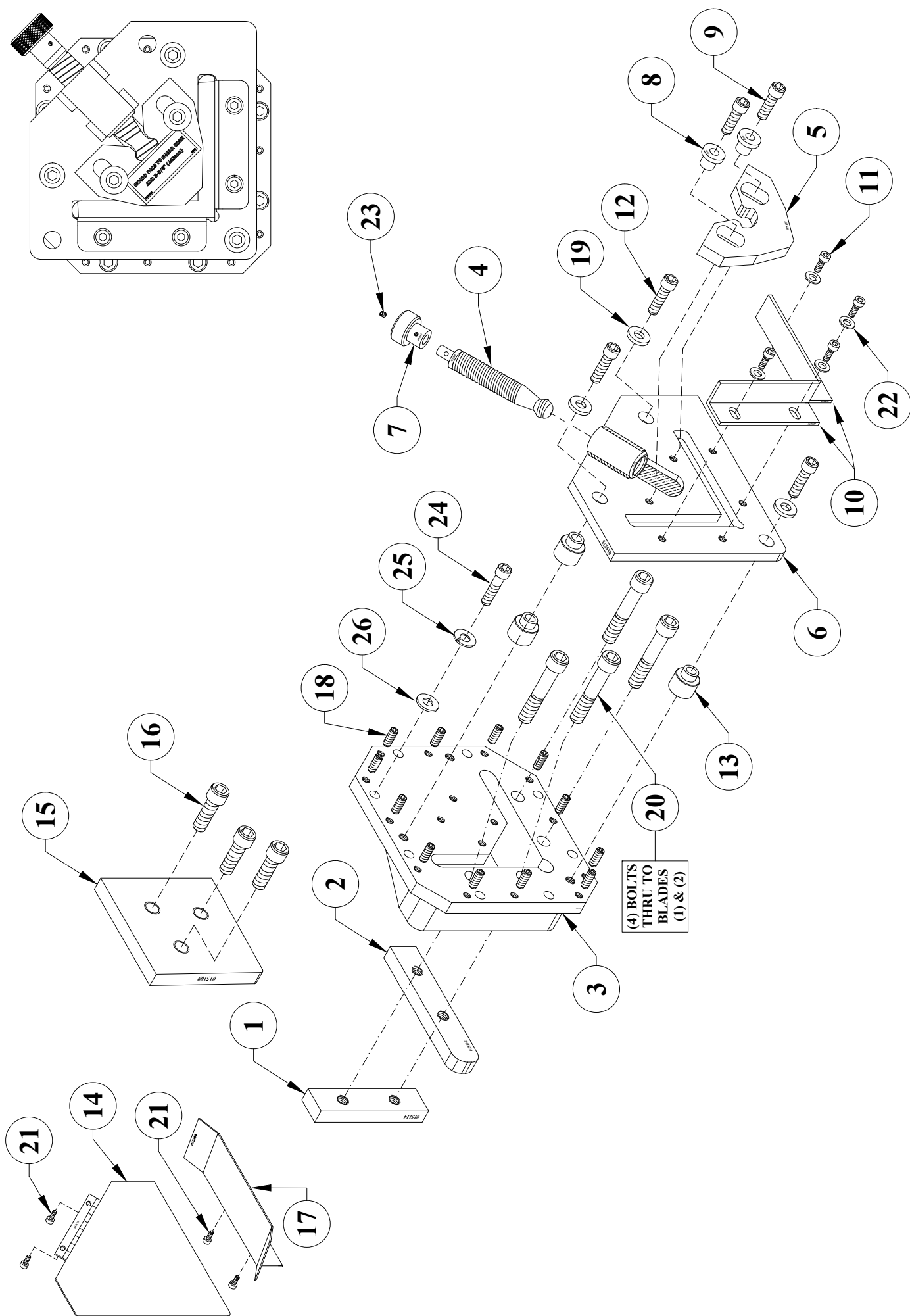


**FIGURE 10.5**

**10.6 6" Angle Shear Assembly**

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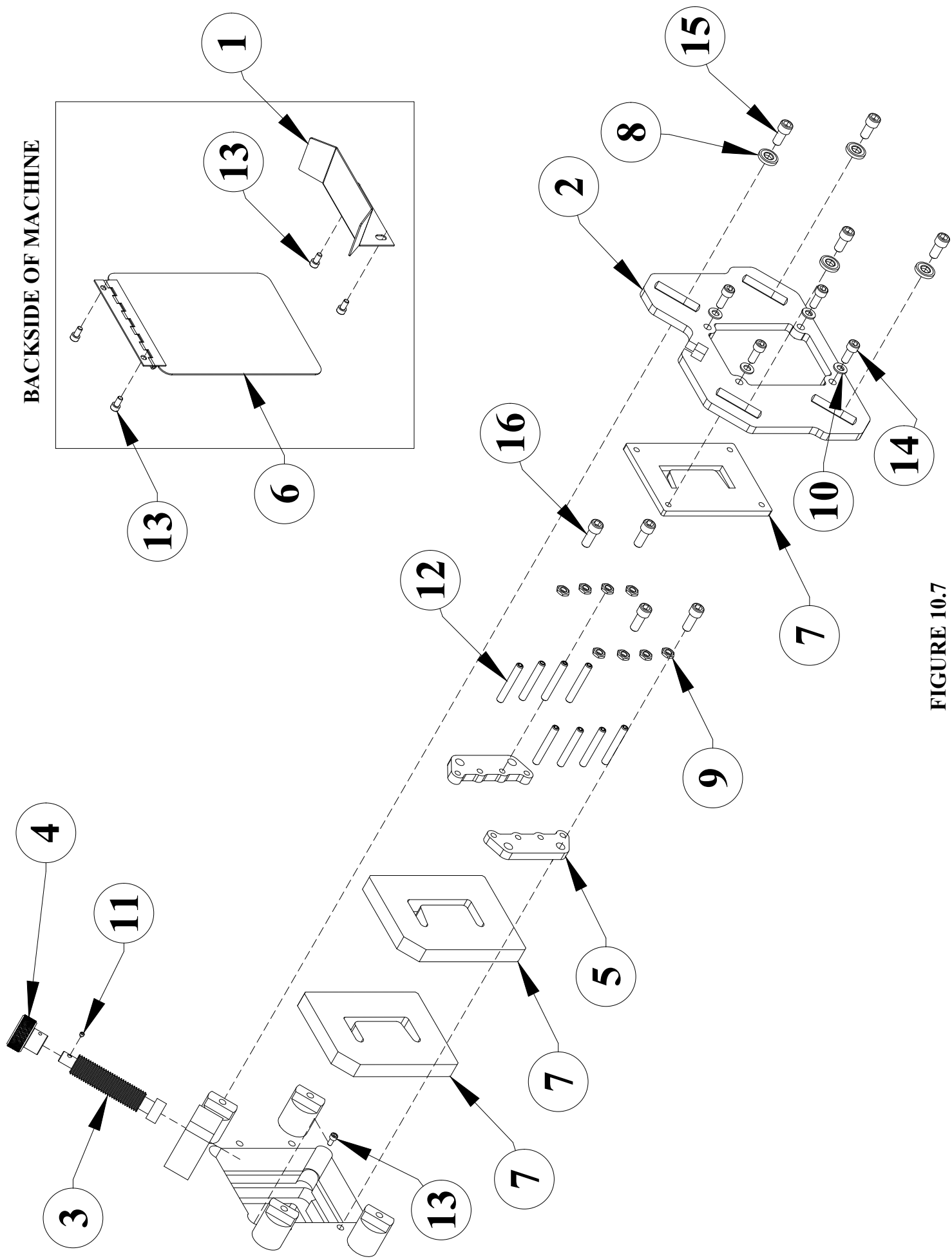
<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
1	015114	Short Angle Blade
2	015108	Lower Angle Blade
3	015100	Angle Shear Block
4	025180	Hold Down Screw
5	025182	Angle Shear Slider
6	015273	Hold Down Assembly
7	025083	Knob
8	025183	Hold Down Standoff
9	221315	M12 x 40 SHCS
10	025070	Angle Shear Guide Bracket
11	221210	M10 X 25MM SHCS
12	221325	M12 X 55MM SHCS
13	015274	Pillar
14	015171	Angle Shear Door
15	015109	Upper Angle Shear Blade
16	221417	M16 X 45MM SHCS
17	015269	Angle Shear Slug Chute
18	219050	M10 x 25 Set Screw
19	162005	Flat Washer
20	221435	M16 x 90 SHCS
21	221005	M6 X 12MM SHCS
22	214012	M10 Flat Washer
23	218022	M6 x 6 Set Screw
24	221320	M12 X 50MM SHCS
25	212014	M12 LOCK WASHER
26	214014	M12 REGULAR WASHER



**FIGURE 10.6**

10.7 Channel/Rod Shear Assembly

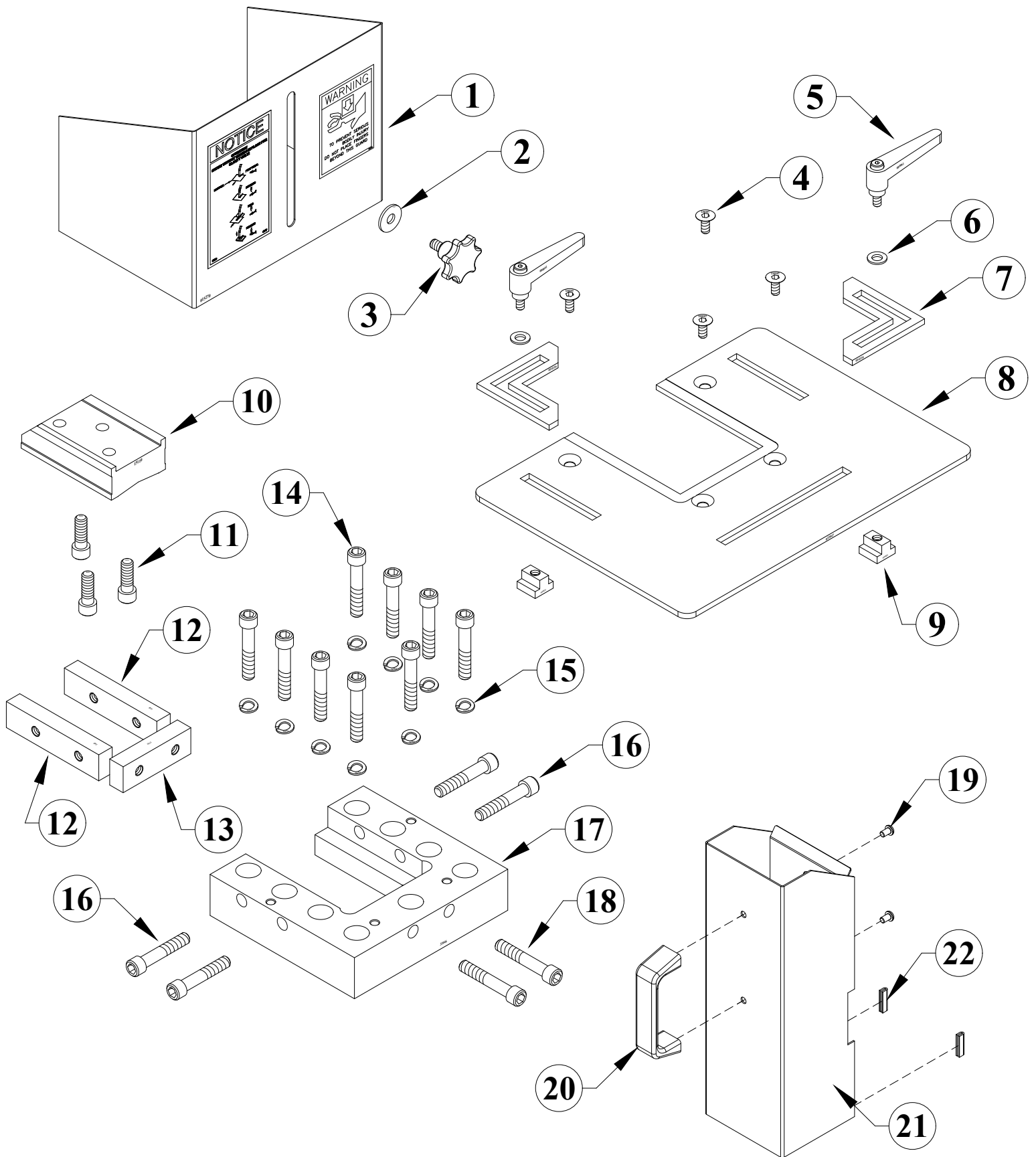
ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	015268	SLUG CHUTE
2	015587	FI-125 CHANNEL SHEAR HOLD DOWN
3	025080	HOLD DOWN SCREW
4	025083	HOLD DOWN KNOB
5	025122	BLADE CLAMP
6	025402	PAINTED DOOR
7	025430	4" X 5.4 LBS/FT CHANNEL BLADE PACKAGE (STANDARD)
	015450	ROD SHEAR BLADE PACKAGE — 4X RD, 1X SQ (OPTIONAL)
	025420	2" X 1" X 3/16" CHANNEL BLADE PACKAGE (OPTIONAL)
	025425	3" X 4.1 LBS/FT CHANNEL BLADE PACKAGE (OPTIONAL)
	025435	5" X 6.7 LBS/FT CHANNEL BLADE PACKAGE (OPTIONAL)
	025440	6" X 8.2 LBS/FT CHANNEL BLADE PACKAGE (OPTIONAL)
8	162005	1-1/8" OD X 17/32" ID REID WASHER
9	210012	M10 JAM NUT
10	214012	M10 REGULAR WASHER
11	218022	M6 X 6MM SET SCREW
12	219070	M10 X 70MM SET SCREW
13	221005	M6 X 12MM SHCS
14	221210	M10 X 25MM SHCS
15	221310	M12 X 25MM SHCS
16	221312	M12 X 30MM SHCS



**FIGURE 10.7**

## **10.8 Notcher Assembly**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>015270</b>	<b>FI85 Notcher Guard</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>213012</b>	<b>M10 Black Washer</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>090400</b>	<b>M10 X 25MM FK Knob</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>230207</b>	<b>M10 X 20 FSHCS</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>080061</b>	<b>Stroke Adjustment Handle</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>214012</b>	<b>M10 Regular Washer</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>014116</b>	<b>L Table Stop</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>033047</b>	<b>D.O. Notcher Table</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>026624</b>	<b>Tee Nut Notch Table</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>015110</b>	<b>Top Notcher Blade</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>221314</b>	<b>M12 X 35MM SHCS</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>004892</b>	<b>A.S. &amp; Notcher Blade</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>015111</b>	<b>Front Notcher Blade</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>221322</b>	<b>M12 X 60MM SHCS</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>212014</b>	<b>M12 Lock Washer</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>221326</b>	<b>M12 X 65MM SHCS</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>033046</b>	<b>DO70/95 FI85 Blade Holder</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>221327</b>	<b>M12 X 70MM SHCS</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>220014</b>	<b>M6 X 10MM BHCS</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>046018</b>	<b>Handle MT/105</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>341150</b>	<b>Slug Bucket Includes 19 &amp; 20</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>015501</b>	<b>Rubber Edging</b>



**FIGURE 10.8**



## **10.9 Stroke Control Panel**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>004086</b>	<b>Micro Switch Mount</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>004087</b>	<b>Pointer Rev. A</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>004521</b>	<b>Legend Plate Holder</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>011210</b>	<b>Legend Punch/Start/Shear K&amp;N</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>011211</b>	<b>Legend Jog/Run/Probe K&amp;N</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>011222</b>	<b>Cam Switch XL K&amp;N</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>011500</b>	<b>Legend Stop</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>011509</b>	<b>Legend Start</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>011862</b>	<b>E-Stop Operator Pkgd. W/ 11872</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>011867</b>	<b>Contact M22-K01</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>011874</b>	<b>Contact Element</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>011879</b>	<b>Start Button</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>011886</b>	<b>Jog Push Button Pkgd. W/ 11872</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>011912</b>	<b>Ground Wire Ass'y</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>015602</b>	<b>Stroke Cover Painted</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>073206</b>	<b>M6 DIN934 Hex Nut</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>073450</b>	<b>M4 X 16MM DIN912 SHCS</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>077907</b>	<b>Shroud Edge</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>080061</b>	<b>Stroke Adjustment Handle</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>158101</b>	<b>7/8 Steel Hole Plug</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>220020</b>	<b>M6 X 16MM ISO 7380 BHCS</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>562040</b>	<b>Wire Cable Clamp</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>562112</b>	<b>Limit Switch</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>660457</b>	<b>18/12 Cable (19015) (not shown)</b>
<b>25</b>	<b>660470</b>	<b>16GA Black MTW Wire (not shown)</b>
<b>26</b>	<b>660505</b>	<b>Black Nylon Cable Tie (not shown)</b>
<b>27</b>	<b>004085</b>	<b>Scale Stroke Control</b>
<b>28</b>	<b>213012</b>	<b>M10 Black Washer</b>
<b>29</b>	<b>201240</b>	<b>M10 X 110MM HHCS</b>
<b>30</b>	<b>003200</b>	<b>JOG DECAL</b>
<b>31</b>	<b>015601</b>	<b>STROKE CONTROL COMPLETE ASSEMBLY</b>

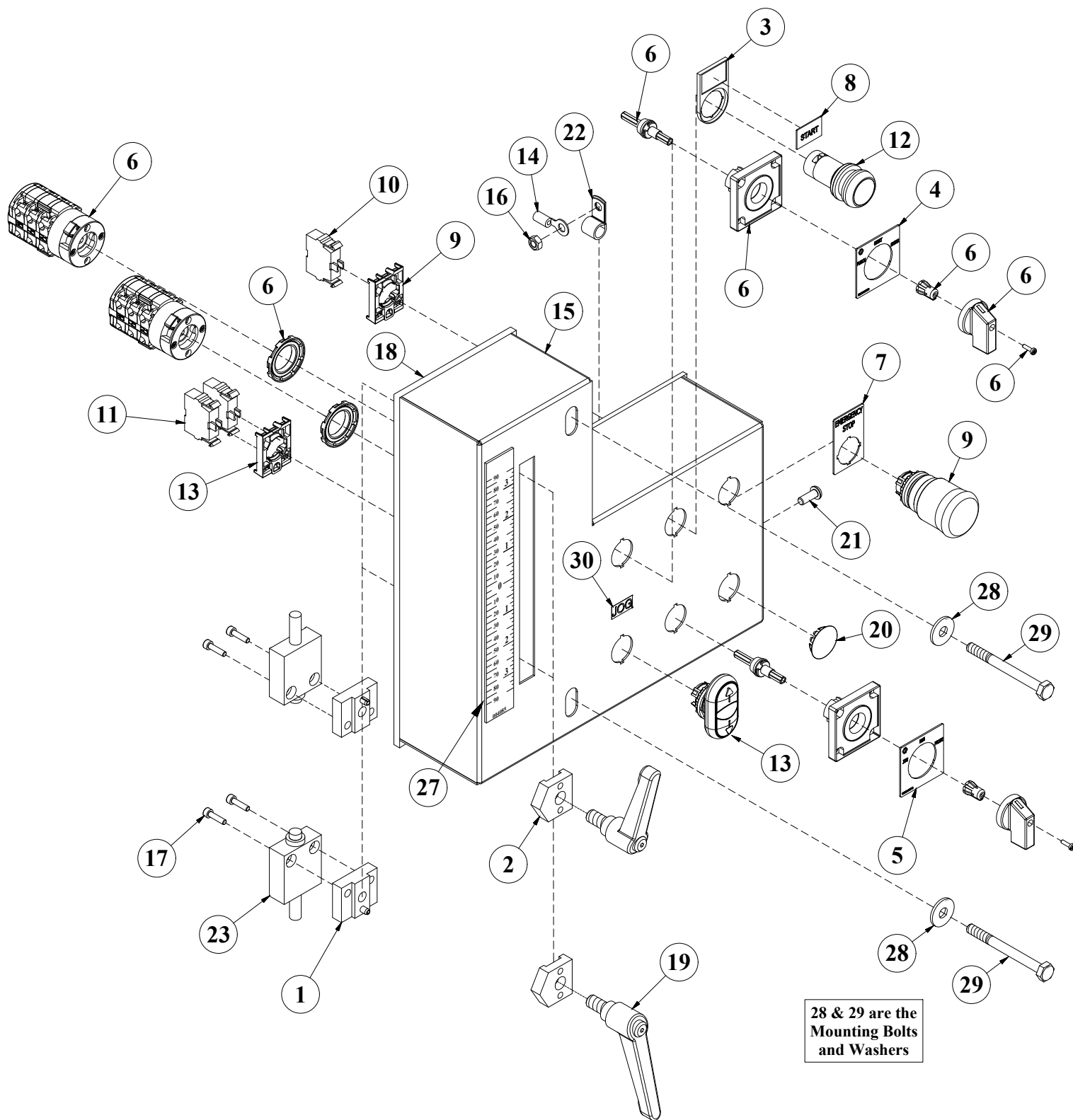
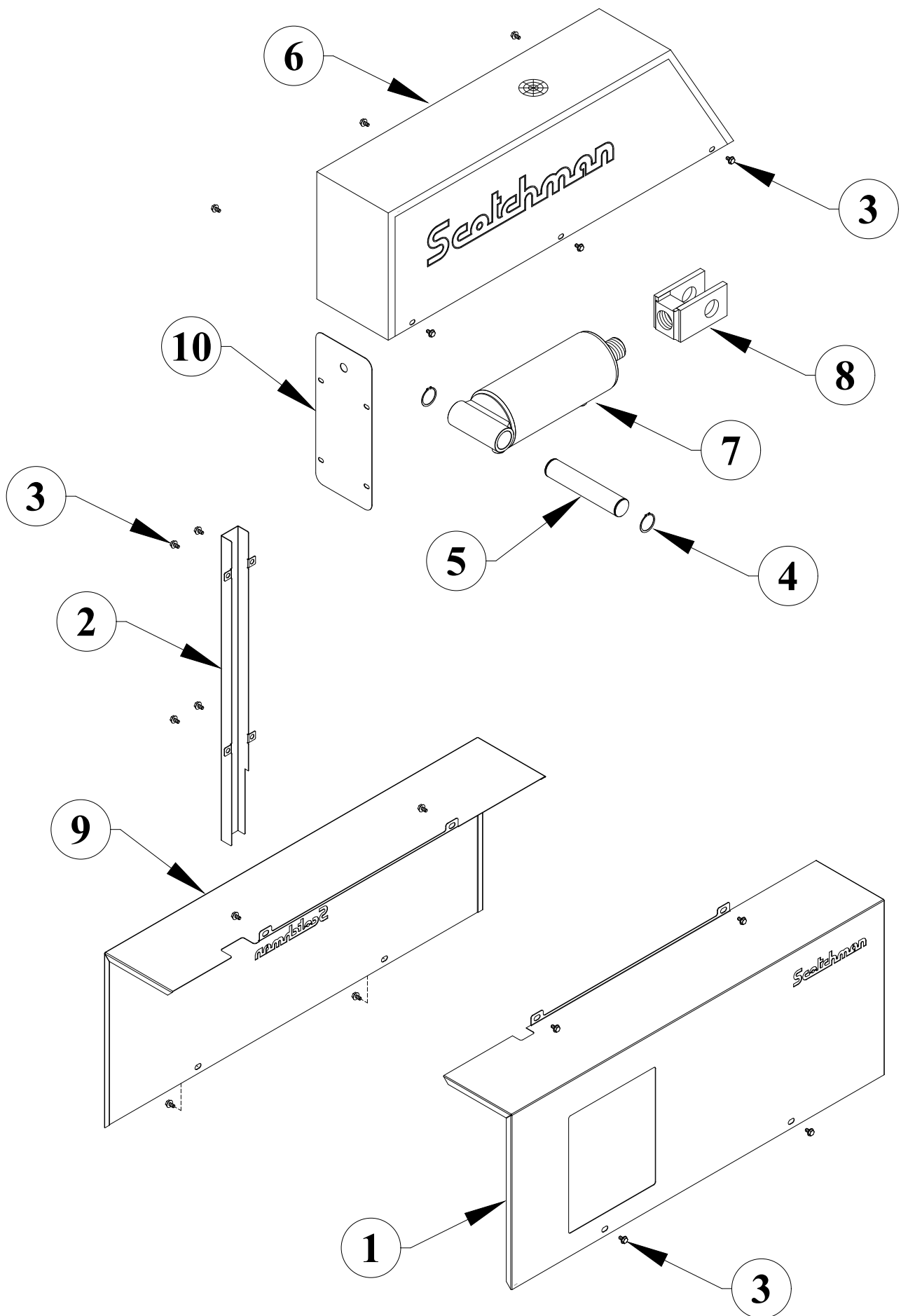


FIGURE 10.9

## **10.10 Sheet Metal Covers & Cylinder**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART#</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>015396</b>	<b>FI-85/125 FRONT SHROUD - SALES</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>004223</b>	<b>FI-85/125 HOSE COVER - SALES</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>224205</b>	<b>M10 X 16MM WLCS</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>016620</b>	<b>2" SNAP RING</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>015134</b>	<b>CYLINDER ANCHOR PIN</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>015579</b>	<b>FI-125 CYLINDER SHROUD - SALES</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>015502</b>	<b>FI-125 CYLINDER SALES ASSEMBLY (INCLUDES (8))</b>
<b>7.1</b>	<b>015499</b>	<b>FI-125 CYLINDER SEAL KIT</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>004185</b>	<b>CYLINDER CLEVIS ASSEMBLY</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>015398</b>	<b>FI-85/125 REAR SHROUD - SALES</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>015098</b>	<b>PUNCH GUIDE COVER - SALES</b>



**FIGURE 10.10**

## 10.11 Power Unit

ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	006863	Filter
2	N/A	Fitting
3	006840	Return Hose
4	016088	Breather Cap
5	017105	Fitting
6	003810	Ball Valve
7		Fitting
8	006830	Suction Hose
9		Fitting
10	Per Machine	Shaftless Motor (Must Specify - See Below)
	006915	230V 1PH Motor Assy.
	006905	208/230V 3PH Motor Assy.
	006910	460V 3PH Motor Assy.
11	007340	Pump
12	006960	Motor Pads
13	003952	Fitting
14	006835	Pressure Hose
15		Fitting
16		Manifold Mounts
17	006870	Manifold w/Valve
17.1	006872	Manifold
17.2	006865	Relief Cartridge
18	552180	Parker Valve
18.1	552181	Parker Coil For 552180
18.2	552135	Sales Valve Assembly
19		Fitting
20		Reservoir
21	158050	Magnetic Plug (Obsolete)
22	003768	Cylinder Hose (88")
23	003778	Cylinder Hose (100")
24	006850	Inlet Strainer (Not Pictured)
25		ELBOW FITTING



## **10.12 Electrical Enclosure**

### **External Components (Figure 10.12)**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>011854</b>	<b>DISCONNECT SWITCH</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>562501</b>	<b>PG16 CORD GRIP</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>000202</b>	<b>1/2" CORD GRIP</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>006545</b>	<b>DIN CONNECTOR (GRAY)</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>006540</b>	<b>DIN CONNECTOR (BLACK)</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>562453</b>	<b>FOOT SWITCH ASSEMBLY</b>
<b>6.1</b>	<b>562451</b>	<b>FOOT PEDAL MICROSWITCH</b>
<b>6.2</b>	<b>011753</b>	<b>FOOT PEDAL CABLE</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>563441</b>	<b>3/4" CORD GRIP</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>011893</b>	<b>5HP ENCLOSURE</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>011899</b>	<b>GROUNDING STRAP</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>158101</b>	<b>7/8" STEEL HOLE PLUG</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>158200</b>	<b>1/4" X 3/4" GROMMET</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>114010</b>	<b>1/4" FLAT WASHER</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>108010</b>	<b>1/4" - 20 HEX NUT</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>562502</b>	<b>1/2" CONDUIT LOCKNUT</b>

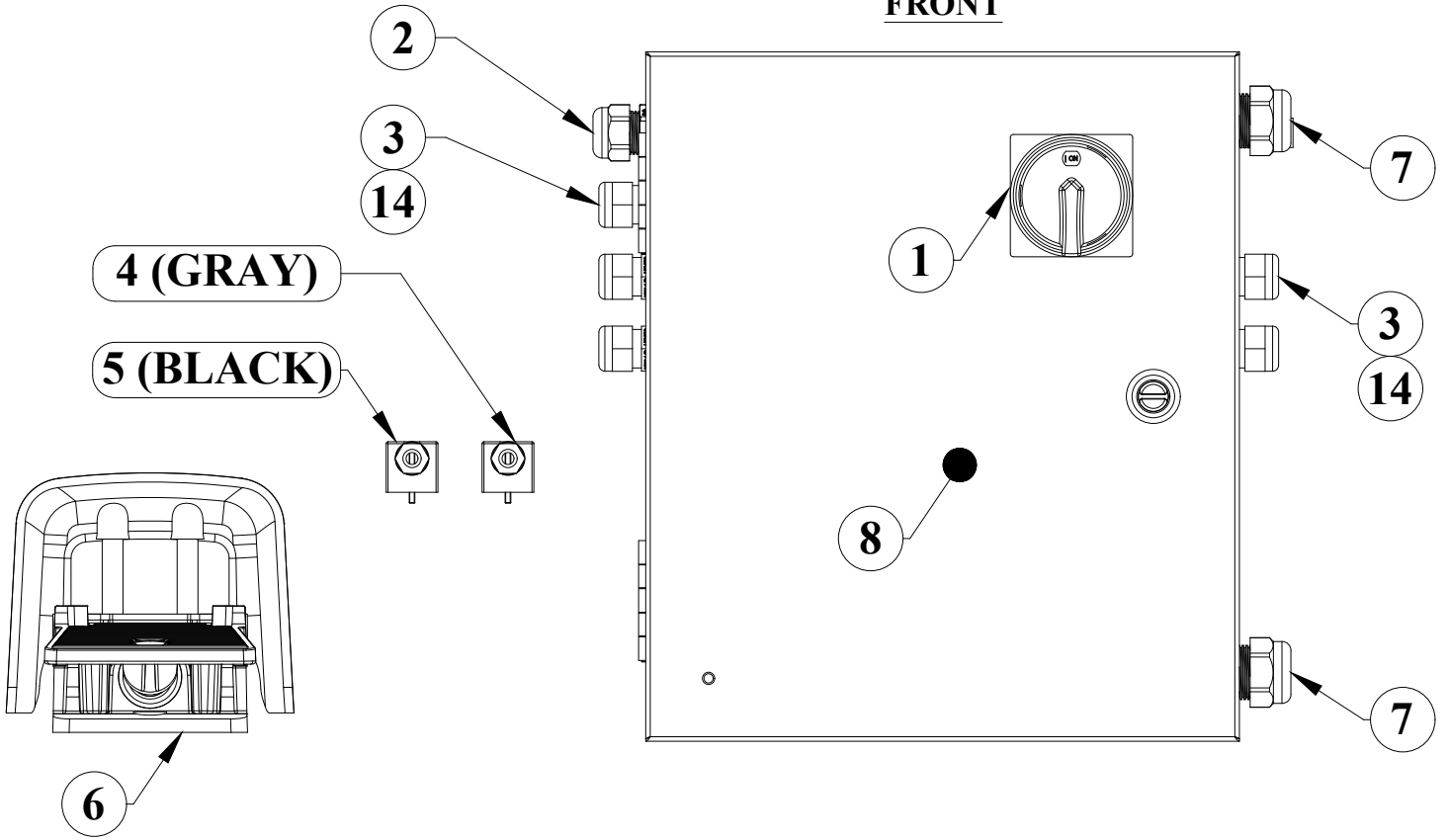
### **Internal Components (Figure 10.13)**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>011854</b>	<b>DISCONNECT SWITCH</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>550065</b>	<b>ELECTIRC BACKGAUGE RELAY (IF EQUIPPED)</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>011861</b>	<b>TRANSFORMER (250 VA) — STANDARD</b>
<b>3.1</b>	<b>011932</b>	<b>TRANSFORMER (350 VA) — 208-277 VAC</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>011835</b>	<b>SECONDARY FUSE (2 AMP)</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>011933</b>	<b>PRIMARY FUSE (1-1/2 AMP)</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>011975</b>	<b>DILM 25-10 CONTACTOR (W/ 120 VAC COIL)</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>011999</b>	<b>16-24 AMP OVERLOAD (230 VAC 1PH &amp; 3PH)</b>
<b>7.1</b>	<b>011998</b>	<b>6-10 AMP OVERLOAD (460 &amp; 575 VAC)</b>

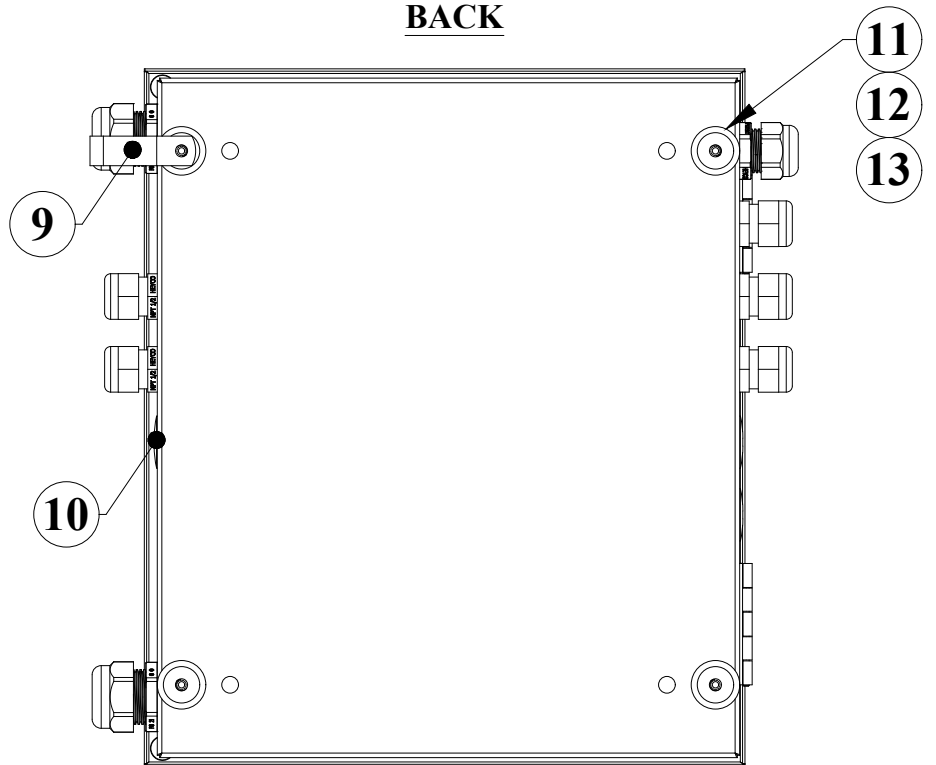
### **Complete Assembly (Includes Internal & External Components)**

<b>ITEM</b>	<b>PART #</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>011898</b>	<b>CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY</b>

**FRONT**



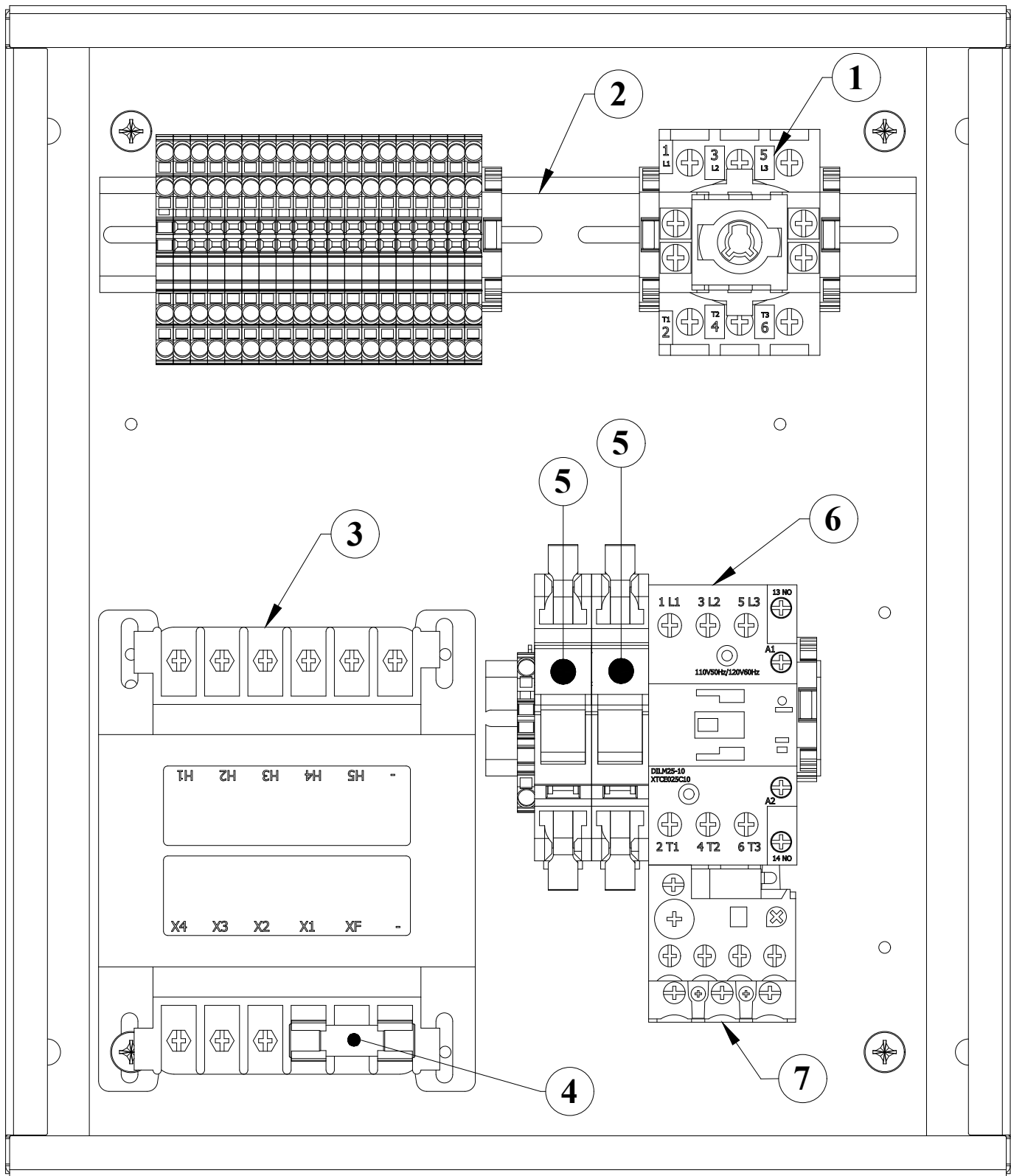
**BACK**



**FIGURE 10.12**



**INTERNAL**



**FIGURE 10.13**

## 10.13 Emergency Stop Box

ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	000202	1/2" CORD GRIP
2	004210	EMERGENCY STOP SWITCH
3	004414.1	EMERGENCY BOX
4	004414.2	EMERGENCY BOX LID
5	011867	M22-K01 NC CONTACT BLOCK
6	073450	M4 X 16MM SHCS
7	562502	1/2" CONDUIT LOCKNUT
8	660435	14/3 CORD
9	004211	EMERGENCY STOP FULL ASSEMBLY

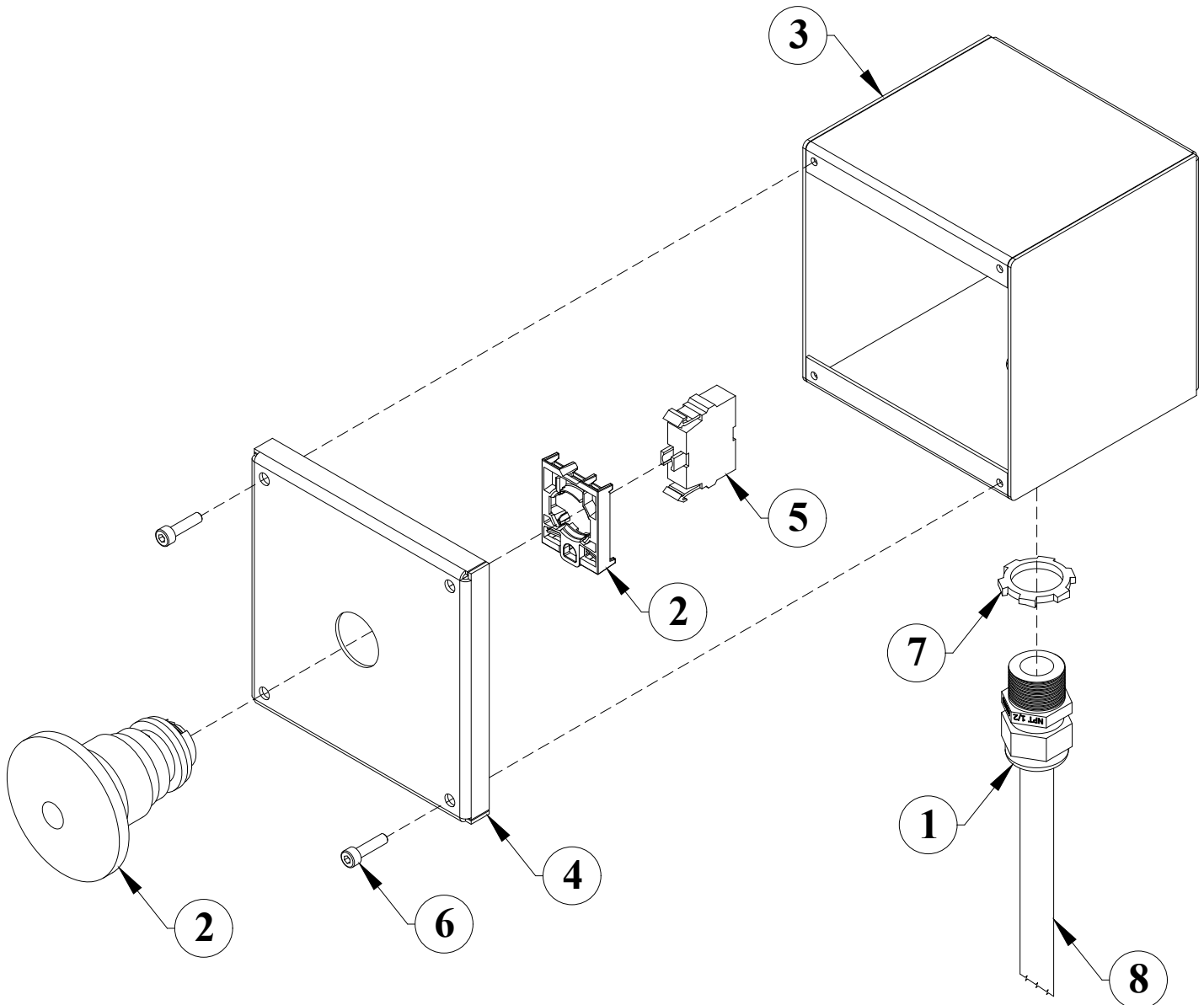


FIGURE 10.14

# **11.0 SCHEMATICS**

The following sections include schematics for a quick reference guide. These may be helpful for troubleshooting purposes, repairs, and maintenance. Some may repeated in earlier sections of this manual.

## **11.1 Electrical Schematics**

**REFER TO SECTION 5.4 (PAGES 13-17) FOR A MORE IN-DEPTH SECTION**

**208, 230/460 3PH Schematic - Page 103**

**230 1PH Schematic - Page 104**

## 3-PHASE POWER

**INCOMING SUPPLY  
(BY CUSTOMER)  
PROVIDE MAXIMUM  
UPSTREAM PROTECTION  
PER N.E.C. CODE 430-52  
AND TABLE 430-152.**

**1DISC**

1M

101

---

T2

—



**SEE MOTOR TAG  
FOR DETAILS**

□

## VIRI

**(A)**

50VA)

LTA

LIA  
VAC

VAC

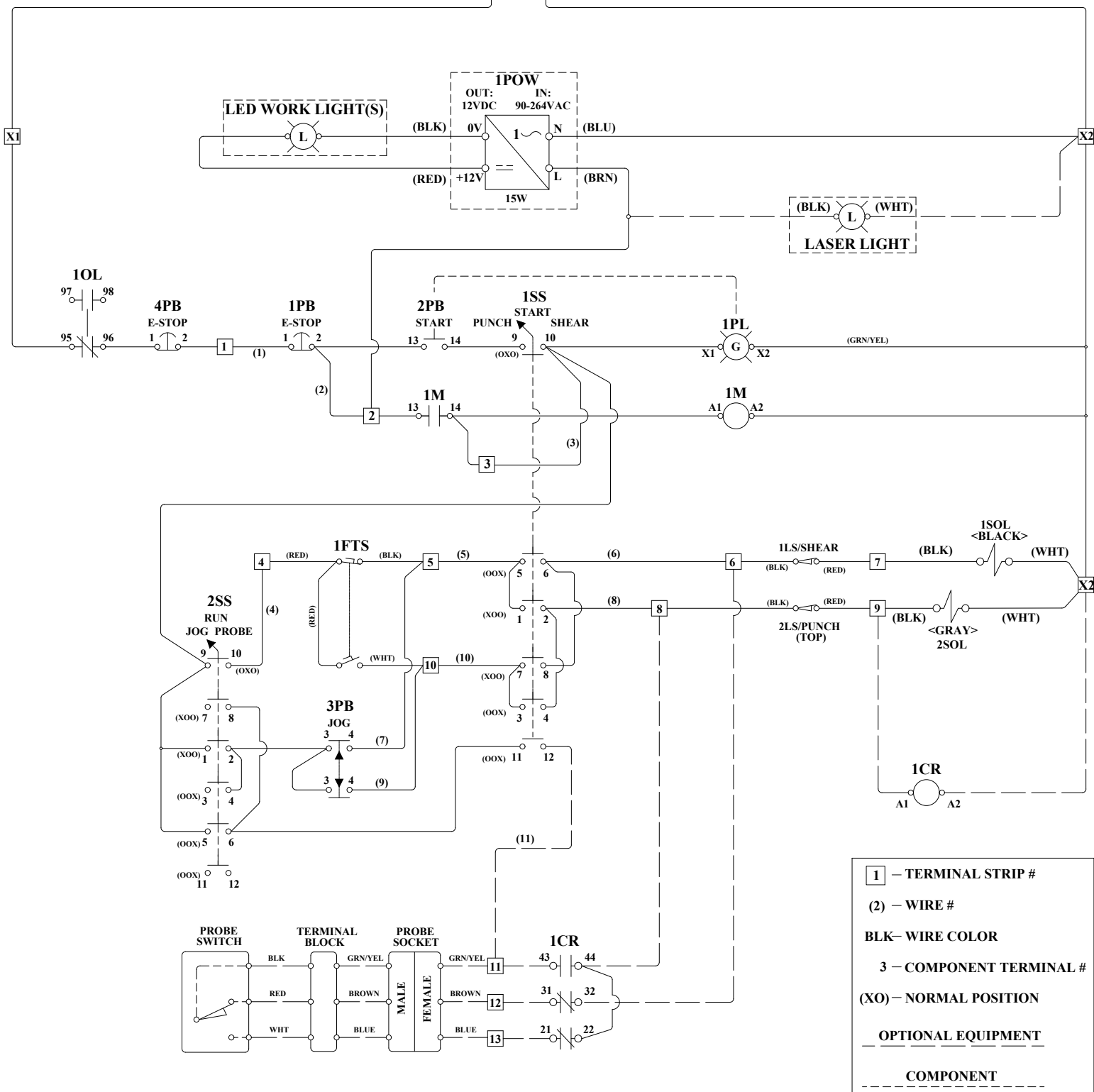
**FUSE REPLACEMENT**  
**1FU & 2FU = FNQ-R-1-1/2**  
**3FU = FNM-2**

**SEE TRANSFORMER FOR WIRING DATA**

(1T MUST BE  $\geq 250\text{VA}$ )  
(208V: 1T MUST BE  $\geq 350\text{VA}$ )

**PRIMARY: HIGH VOLTAGE**  
**SECONDARY: 120 VAC**

CR - CONTROL RELAY  
SOL - SOLENOID COIL  
DISC - DISCONNECT  
FTS - FOOT SWITCH  
FU - FUSE  
LS - LIMIT SWITCH  
M - MOTOR START RELAY  
OL - OVERLOAD (THERMAL)  
PB - PUSH BUTTON  
PL - PILOT LIGHT  
SS - SELECTOR SWITCH  
T - TRANSFORMER



**FIGURE 11.1**

# 1-PHASE POWER

INCOMING SUPPLY  
(BY CUSTOMER)  
PROVIDE MAXIMUM  
UPSTREAM PROTECTION  
PER N.E.C. CODE 430-52  
AND TABLE 430-152.

1DISC

FUSE REPLACEMENT  
1FU & 2FU = FNO-R-1-1/2  
3FU = FNM-2

SEE TRANSFORMER FOR WIRING DATA  
(1T MUST BE ≥ 250VA)

PRIMARY: HIGH VOLTAGE  
SECONDARY: 120 VAC

SEE MOTOR TAG  
FOR DETAILS

CR - CONTROL RELAY  
SOL - SOLENOID COIL  
DISC - DISCONNECT  
FTS - FOOT SWITCH  
FU - FUSE  
LS - LIMIT SWITCH  
M - MOTOR START RELAY  
OL - OVERLOAD (THERMAL)  
PB - PUSH BUTTON  
PL - PILOT LIGHT  
SS - SELECTOR SWITCH  
T - TRANSFORMER

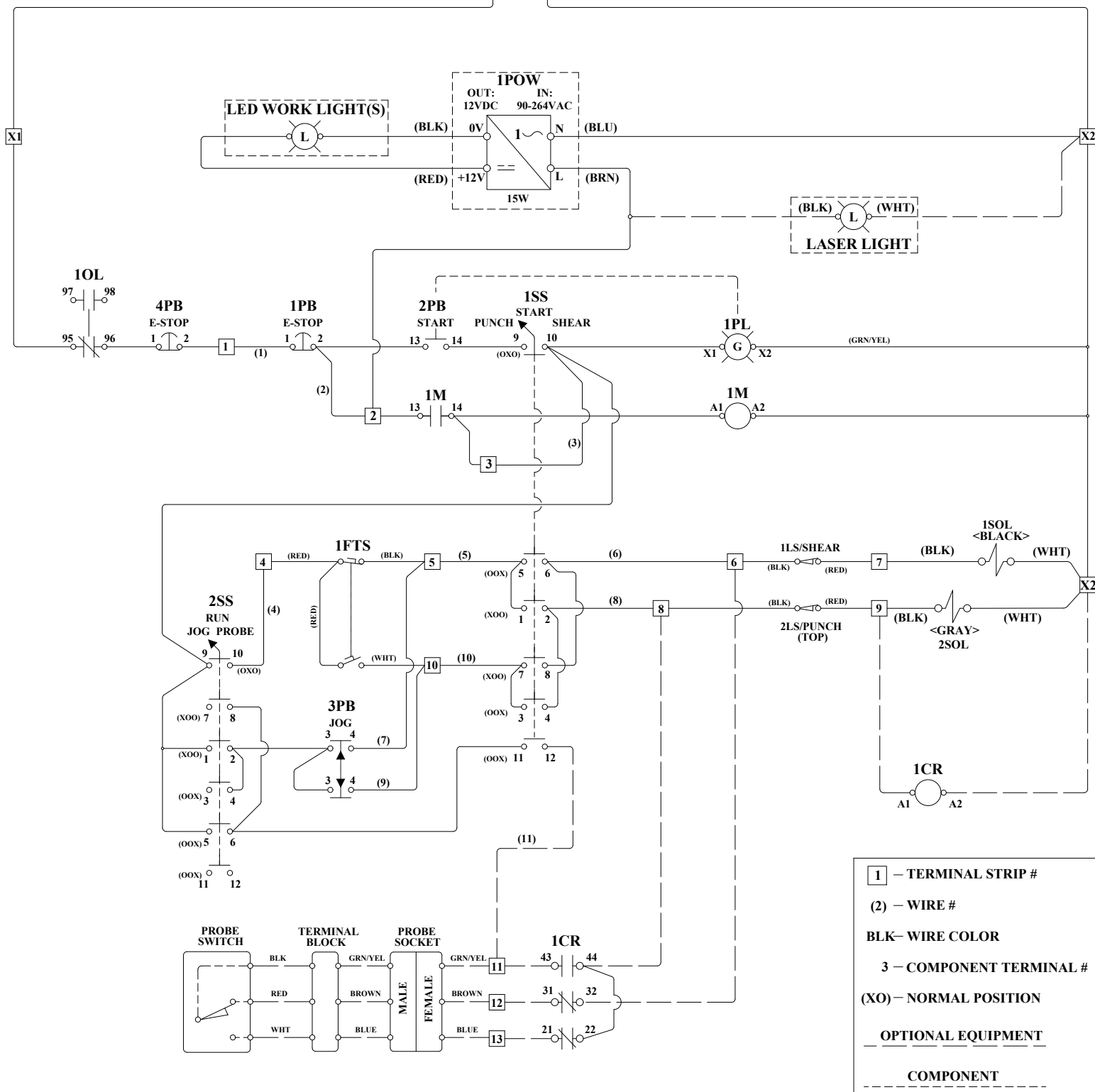


FIGURE 11.2